INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ

1043-2
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ISO

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Plastics - Symbols -

Part 2:

Fillers and reinforcing materials PREVIEW

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Plastiques - Symboles -

Partie 2: Charges et matériaux de renforcement 1043-2:1988

 $https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7da21977-a62e-431e-aa4f-a21afl\,a3c9b5/iso-1043-2-1988$

Reference number ISO 1043-2:1988 (E)

ISO 1043-2 : 1988 (E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at VIEW least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

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International Standard ISO 1043-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*. ISO 1043-2:1988

Together with ISO 1043-1 and ISO 1043-3, it cancels and replaces ISO 1043: 1978 of which it constitutes an extension and a partial revision.

Users should note that all International Standards undergo revision from time to time and that any reference made herein to any other International Standard implies its latest edition, unless otherwise stated.

ISO 1043-2: 1988 (E)

Plastics — Symbols —

Part 2:

Fillers and reinforcing materials

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Scope and field of application

3 Use of the symbols ISO 1043-2:1988

This part of ISO 1043 provides uniform symbols for items dards 3.17d The symbols for fillers and reinforcing materials are given relating to fillers and reinforcing materials. It includes only iso-1 in clauses4. those symbols that have come into established use, and its aim is to prevent the occurrence of more than one symbol for a given filler or reinforcing material, and to prevent the interpretation of a given symbol in more than one way.

NOTE - For symbols for basic polymers and their special characteristics, see ISO 1043-1; for symbols for plasticizers, see ISO 1043-3.

2 References

ISO 1043, Plastics — Symbols

- Part 1: Basic polymers and their special characteristics.
- Part 3: Plasticizers.

- 3.2 The type of filler or reinforcing material is given by the first letter, and its physical form or structure by the second.
- 3.3 Mixtures of materials or forms may be shown in parentheses by combining the relevant symbols by the sign "+". For example, a mixture of glass fibres (GF) and mineral powder (MD) can be indicated by (GF + MD).
- 3.4 Only capital letters shall be used.

ISO 1043-2: 1988 (E)

4 Symbols for fillers and reinforcing materials

Symbol	Material	Symbol	Form / Structure
В	boron	В	beads, spheres, balls
С	carbon ¹⁾	С	chips, cuttings
E	clay	D	powder
G	glass	F	fibre
K	calcium carbonate	G	ground
L	cellulose ¹⁾	Н	whisker
М	mineral ^{1) 2)} , metal ¹⁾	K	knitted fabric
Р	mica ¹⁾	L	layer
Q	silica	М	mat (thick)
R	aramid	N	non-woven (fabric, thin)
S	synthetic, organic ¹⁾	Р	paper
Т	talcum	R	roving
W	wood ¹⁾	S	scale, flake
X	not specified	т	cord
Ž	others ¹⁾	V	veneer
		w	woven fabric
		X	not specified
		Y	yarn
		Z	others ¹⁾

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Descriptors: plastics, extenders, reinforcing materials, symbols, codes, abbreviations, designation.

Price based on 2 pages

¹⁾ These materials may be further defined by their chemical symbol, for example, or additional symbols defined in the relevant International Standard. In the case of metals (M) it is essential to indicate the type of metal by means of its chemical symbol.

²⁾ Mineral fillers should be designated more precisely if a symbol is available, e.g. "E", "P".