INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 16365-1

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Plastics — Thermoplastic polyurethanes for moulding and extrusion —

Part 1:

Designation system and basis for specifications TANDARD PREVIEW

(S Plastiques — Polyuréthannes thermoplastiques pour moulage et extrusion —

Partie 1: Système de désignation et base de spécification

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastic materials*.

ISO 16365-1:2014

ISO 16365 consists of the following parts under the general title? Plastics to Thermoplastic polyurethanes for moulding and extrusion: 746fa7ae3bc2/iso-16365-1-2014

- Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
- Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties
- Part 3: Distinction between ether and ester polyurethanes by determination of the ester group content

Plastics — Thermoplastic polyurethanes for moulding and extrusion —

Part 1:

Designation system and basis for specifications

1 Scope

This part of ISO 16365 establishes a system of designation for thermoplastic polyurethane elastomers, which is based on ISO 1043 (all parts) and ISO 11469.

The designation system may be used as the basis for specifications.

The designation system is applicable to all thermoplastic polyurethane elastomers. It applies to materials ready for normal use in the form of powder, granules or pellets, unmodified or modified by colourants, fillers or other additives, etc.

The types of thermoplastic polyurethane are differentiated from each other by a classification system based on appropriate levels of the designatory properties:

a) hardness;

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b) tensile modulus of elasticity (optional);

and on information about the alternating hard and soft segments in the main chain, the intended application and/or method of processing, important properties, additives, colour, fillers, and reinforcing materials.

It is not intended to imply that materials having the same designation give necessarily the same performance. This part of ISO 16365 does not provide engineering data, performance data, or data on processing conditions which may be required to specify a material for a particular application and/or method of processing. If such additional properties are required, it is intended that they be determined in accordance with the test methods specified in ISO 16365-2, if suitable.

In order to specify a thermoplastic elastomer for a particular application or reproducible processing, additional requirements are intented to be given in data block 5 (see 3.1 and 3.6).

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 527 (all parts), *Plastics* — *Determination of tensile properties*

ISO 868, Plastics and ebonite — Determination of indentation hardness by means of a durometer (Shore hardness)

ISO 1043-4, Plastics — Symbols and abbreviated terms — Part 4: Flame retardants

ISO 11469, Plastics — Generic identification and marking of plastics products

ISO 18064, Thermoplastic elastomers — Nomenclature and abbreviated terms

ISO 16365-2, Plastics — Thermoplastic polyurethanes for moulding and extrusion — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

3 Designation system

3.1 General

The designation system for polyurethanes is based on the following standardized pattern (Figure 1).

Designation							
	Identity Block						
Description block	International Standard						
(optional)	Block	Data Block 1	Data Block 2	Data Block 3	Data Block 4	Data Block 5	

Figure 1 — Data block designation system

The designation consists of an optional description block, reading "Thermoplastics", and an identity block comprising the International Standard number and an individual item block. For unambiguous designation, the individual item block is subdivided into five data blocks comprising the following information.

- Data block 1: Identification of the thermoplastic polyurethane by ts abbreviated symbol (TPU), in accordance with ISO 18064, and optional information on the alternating hard and soft segments in the main chain (see 3.2).
- Data block 2: Fillers or reinforcing materials including summarized nominal content (3.3):
 - important properties, modifier, and flame retardant (3.3);
 - declaration of recyclate: R followed by a number representing the percentage by mass of recyclate (3.3).
- Data block 3: Application and processing:
 - Position 1: method of processing (3.4);
 - Positions 2 and further: additives, supplementary information and other characteristics (3.4).
- Data block 4: Designatory properties (3.5):
 - hardness:
 - modulus.
- Data block 5: For the purpose of specifications, a fifth data block containing additional information may be used (see <u>3.6</u>). The kind of information and the code-letters used are not the subject of this part of ISO 16365.

The first character of the individual item block shall be a hyphen.

The five data blocks shall be separated from each other by a comma.

If a data block is not used, this shall be indicated by doubling the separation sign, i.e. by two commas (,,).

Terminal commas may be omitted.

For part marking the first two data blocks of the designation are used, connected with a hyphen, and placed between the punctuation marks '>' and '<', where no spaces are used between the codes.

Designation											
	Identity block										
	Interna- tional Standard	Individual item block									
Descrip-		Data block 1		Data block 2		Data block 3		Data block 4	Data block 5		
tion block (optional)		Polymer		Performance and origin		Application and processing		Properties	Additional informa- tion		
		Туре	Segment (optional)	Filler	Flame retardant	Recy- clate	Process- ing	Characteris- tics			
Thermo- plastics	16365	TPU	-ARES	(GF+MD) 35	FR(3)	R50	М	A	40-75		
> Part marking <											
No	No		Yes	Yes			No	No	No		

Designation: ISO 16365-TPU,(GF+MD)35 FR(30) (R50),MA,40-75,,

3.2 Data block 1

In this data block, after the hyphen, the thermoplastic polyurethane is identified by using the symbols and designations specified below.

The prefix TP is followed by a letter representing the category of the thermoplastic elastomer as detailed in ISO 18064. For urethane thermoplastic elastomers the prefix TP is followed by the letter U.

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Thermoplastic polyurethanes consist of a block copolymen of alternating hard and soft segments with urethane chemical linkages in the hard blocks and ether ester, or carbonate linkages or mixtures of them in the soft blocks. The "TPU" group is sub-categorized into groups according to the linkages in the soft blocks. The following symbols shall be used:

- TPU-ARES: Aromatic isocyanate, polyester polyol;
- TPU-ARET: Aromatic isocyanate, polyether polyol;
- TPU-AREE: Aromatic isocyanate, polyol with ester and ether linkages;
- TPU-ARCE: Aromatic isocyanate, polycarbonate polyol;
- TPU-ARCL: Aromatic isocyanate, polycaprolactone polyol;
- TPU-ALES: Aliphatic isocyanate, polyester polyol;
- TPU-ALET: Aliphatic isocyanate, polyether polyol.

The identification of the subcategories by the above-mentioned symbols is optional.

3.3 Data block 2

In this data block, the type of filler or reinforcing material is represented by a single code-letter and its physical form by a second code-letter, the code-letters as specified in <u>Table 1</u>. Subsequently (without a space), the mass content may be given by a two-figure code-number.

Mixtures of filler materials or forms may be indicated by combining the relevant codes using the sign "+" within parentheses followed by the total filler content outside the parenthesis. For example, a mixture of 25 % by mass glass fibre (GF) and 10 % by mass mineral powder (MD) shall be indicated by (GF+MD)35.

Separated from the reinforcement code by a space, the addition of a flame retardant or flame retardant behaviour is represented by the code FR, where the type of flame retardant in accordance with ISO 1043-4 is given by a two letter-code between parentheses.

Separated by a space from the flame retardant or the reinforcement code if no flame retardant code is used, the declaration of recyclate is represented by the code, R, between parentheses, (R). Following the code, R, the mass content may be given between the parenthesis without a space. For example, a TPU material containing 20 % glass fibres resulting from an overall minimum 70 % of mass recyclate and 30 % of virgin material would be indicated TPU-GF20 (R70).

Table 1 — Coding system for fillers and reinforcing materials in data block 2

Code-letter	Material (Position 1)	Form (Position 2)
В	Boron	Balls, beads, spheres
С	Carbon ^a	
D		Powder, dry blend
F		Fiber
G	Glass	Granules, ground
Н		Whiskers
K	Calcium carbonate (CaCO ₃)	
M	Minerala DDF	VIEW
ME	Metal ^b	
S	(stargania synthetiteh.ai)
Т	Talc	
X https://stand	Not specified ards iteh ai/catalog/standards/sist/4372daf5-	Not specified
Z	746fa7ae 0theïs 3-16365-1-2014	Others

a These materials may be identified after the code-letter, e.g. by chemical symbol or additional codes to be agreed upon.

3.4 Data block 3

In this data block, information about intended applications or method of processing is represented by a code-letter, followed by code-letters describing additives, supplementary information, and other characteristics. The code-letters are specified in Table 2.

If no specific information is given on the method of processing the letter X shall be used as the first codeletter.

b Metal filler shall be identified by the chemical symbol (in capital letters) after the mass content. For example, steel whiskers may be designated "MEH05FE".

Table 2 — Codes used in data block 3

Code-letter	First letter	Letters 2 to 8	
A	Adhesive	Processing stabilized	
В	Blow moulding	Antiblocking	
С	Calendering	Coloured	
D	Disc manufacture	Powder	
E	Extrusion	Expandable	
F	Extrusion of films	Special burning characteristics	
G	General use	Granules	
Н	Coating	Heat stabilized	
K	Cable and wire coating		
L	Monofilament extrusion	Light and/or weather stabilized	
M	Moulding	Nucleated	
N	Multiple processing modes	Natural (no colour added)	
0		Stabilized against oxidation	
R	Rotational moulding	Mould release agent	
S		Lubricated	
T	TANDADD DDEVIE	Transparent	
w Hens	TANDARD FREVIR	Stabilized against hydrolysis	
X	standandaditah.ai)		
Z		Antistatic	

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3.5 Data Block 4 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4372daf5-991c-48ba-abf9-746fa7ae3bc2/iso-16365-1-2014

3.5.1 General

In this data block, the hardness is represented by a 2-figure code-number (see 3.5.2) and the tensile modulus of elasticity by a 3-figure code-number (see 3.5.3). The code-numbers are separated from each other by hyphens.

If no specific information is given in one of the two positions, the letter X shall be used.

If a property value falls on or near a range limit, the manufacturer shall state which range will designate the material. If subsequent individual test values lie on, or on either side of, the limit because of manufacturing tolerances, the designation is not affected.

NOTE Not all combinations of the values of the designatory properties are provided by currently available polymers.

3.5.2 Hardness

The Shore hardness shall be determined in accordance with ISO 868.

The possible values of the hardness are divided into 16 ranges, each represented by a 2-figure codenumber as specified in Table 3.