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## Standard Guide for pH of Aqueous Solutions of Soaps and Detergents<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D1172; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.*

### 1. Scope

1.1 This guide covers the preparation of aqueous solutions of soaps and detergents and the determination of their pH.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* Material Safety Data Sheets are available for reagents and materials. Review them for hazards prior to usage.

### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

**D460** Test Methods for Sampling and Chemical Analysis of Soaps and Soap Products

**D501** Test Methods of Sampling and Chemical Analysis of Alkaline Detergents

**E70** Test Method for pH of Aqueous Solutions With the Glass Electrode

### 3. Sampling

3.1 The material shall be sampled in accordance with Test Methods **D460** or **D501**, whichever is applicable.

### 4. Reagent

4.1 *Distilled Water or Equivalent*—Distilled water or equivalent shall be boiled thoroughly, or purged with CO<sub>2</sub>-free air, to remove CO<sub>2</sub> and shall be protected with soda-lime or soda-asbestos (Ascarite) while cooling and in storage. The pH

of this water shall be between 6.2 and 7.2 at 25°C. The residue on evaporation, when heated at 105°C for 1 h, shall not be more than 0.5 mg/L.

### 5. Procedure for Synthetic Detergents

5.1 *Preparation of Solutions*—Weigh  $1 \pm 0.001$  g of the sample (see **Note 1** and **Note 2**) and transfer to a 1-L volumetric flask. Partially fill the flask with distilled water or equivalent and agitate until the sample is completely dissolved. Make certain the solute is completely dissolved and allow time for the evolution of dissolved gases. Fill to the calibration mark with distilled water or equivalent. Stopper the flask; mix thoroughly. The desirable condition requires the solution to come to equilibrium. Allow the solution to equilibrate at  $25 \pm 2.0$ °C. The use of a temperature compensation probe may allow alternate temperatures. Records should show the time interval between solution preparation and pH measurement.

**NOTE 1**—The procedure for detergents other than soaps is applicable to some compositions that contain minor proportions of soap, provided that the solutions do not show evidence of gelling prior to carrying out the pH measurement.

**NOTE 2**—Measurements of pH of gelled solutions lack constancy and reproducibility. The procedure for soaps (Section 6) is designed to produce solutions that will not gel before the pH measurement is carried out. This procedure should be used for all detergent solutions, soap or nonsoap, that give evidence of gelling or incomplete solution when prepared in accordance with 5.1. The procedure for soaps is not applicable to detergent compositions that are known to be chemically altered by the boiling water used in dissolving the sample, or that are intended exclusively for use in cold water.

5.2 *Determination of pH*—Calibrate the pH meter and suitable electrodes. The recommended electrodes are Fischer Accuphast combination electrode or Orion Ross Sure Flow electrode or equivalent electrodes. Measure the pH of the solution while stirring.

### 6. Procedure for Soaps

6.1 *Preparation of Apparatus*—Use a pH meter and electrodes as defined in Test Method **E70**. Set the temperature control knob at 40°C and standardize the assembly with a suitable buffer solution in the pH 9 to 11 range at 40°C. Leave the electrode in the buffer to maintain temperature equilibrium. Have the apparatus ready for immediate use.

<sup>1</sup> This guide is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **D12** on Soaps and Other Detergents and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **D12.15** on Physical Testing.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.