



**Access, Terminals, Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM);
Energy management; Operational infrastructures;
Implementation of Global KPIs;
Part 2: Specific requirements;
Sub-part 2: Fixed broadband access networks**

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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Access, Terminals, Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM).

The present document is part 2, sub-part 2 of a multi-part deliverable covering the Energy management; Operational infrastructures; Implementation of Global KPIs, as identified below:

ETSI EN 305 200-1: "General requirements";

ETSI TS 105 200-2: "**Specific requirements**";

Sub-part 1: "ICT Sites";

Sub-part 2: "**Fixed broadband access networks**";

Sub-part 3: "Mobile broadband access networks";

Sub-part 4: "Cable Access Networks";

ETSI TS 105 200-3: "ICT sites";

ETSI EN 305 200-4: "Design assessments".

NOTE: Part 2 of this series has also been produced as EN and ES.

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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Introduction

ICT energy needs and costs will continue to increase in the future, while new fixed generations will be deployed and will introduce new active dedicated equipment in the global network architecture.

In this context, and to reflect environmental aspects of sustainability, it is essential for telecommunications network operators to implement effective general engineering of fixed broadband networks and sites provisioning, managing or using those networks (i.e. ICT sites) in order to respond to critical issues of energy consumption. To guide this process, it is essential that metrics are defined that enable energy usage to be managed more effectively.

The Global Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) of the ETSI EN 305 200 series [1] address operational infrastructures and do not consider design or operation of individual components comprising those infrastructures.

The present document specifies the deployment of Global KPIs for energy management (*KPI_{EM}*) for the fixed access networks of broadband deployment specified in ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2].

The fixed access network described in ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2] includes all the active components or parts of the access network.

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1 Scope

The reporting of Global KPIs in accordance with ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2] requires the collection of data to enable the calculation of the following aspects:

- Objective KPI relating to task efficiency (KPI_{TE}) based on *data_volume* and total energy consumption (KPI_{EC}).
- Objective KPI relating to the use of renewable energy (KPI_{REN}).

The present document supports the requirements of ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2] providing a framework for, and detailing, the implementation procedures including any necessary techniques for estimation of energy consumption together with clarification and treatment of different types of data volume.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI EN 305 200 series: "Access, Terminals, Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM); Energy management; Operational infrastructures; Global KPIs".
- [2] ETSI EN 305 200-2-2: "Access, Terminals, Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM); Energy management; Operational infrastructures; Global KPIs; Part 2: Specific requirements; Sub-part 2: Fixed broadband access networks".

2.2 Informative references

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

Not applicable.

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2] and the following apply:

Access Gateway (AG): gateway that interworks a significant number of analogue lines to a packet network

downstream: relative location in the fixed access network in the direction of Network Termination Point

fixed access network: access network provided by telecommunications operators providing direct connection (e.g. by metallic, optical fibre or fixed wireless or community WiFi) to customer premises where the User Equipment (UE) or the Access Gateway (AG) is connected directly by a fixed link

NOTE: This modifies and updates the definition of ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2].

Fixed Wireless Access (FWA): means of providing internet connectivity that uses wireless network technology rather than fixed lines

Management Information Base (MIB): database allowing management of ICT devices using Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Multi-access Edge Computing (MEC): network architecture that supports increases in data processing and storage at the edge of a fixed access network (closer to end-user) to reduce latency

Other Licensed Operator (OLO): provider of wireless communications services that owns or controls all the elements necessary to sell and deliver services to an end user including wireline network infrastructure, backhaul infrastructure, billing, customer care, provisioning computer systems and marketing and repair organizations

upstream: relative location in the fixed access network in the direction of an operator site

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the symbols given in ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2] apply.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2] and the following apply:

AG	Access Gateway
ATM	Automated Teller Machine
FTTdp	Fiber To The distribution point
FWA	Fixed Wireless Access
FXS	Foreign eXchange Station
LL	Leased Line
MEC	Multi-access Edge Computing
MIB	Management Information Base
OLO	Other Licensed Operator
ONT	Optical Network Termination
PoS	Point of Sale
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
UPS	Uninterruptible Power Supply
VoIP	Voice over Internet Protocol

4 Global KPIs of ETSI EN 305 200-2-2

4.1 Fixed broadband access networks

The network schematic used in the present document is shown in Figure 1 (taken from of ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2]).

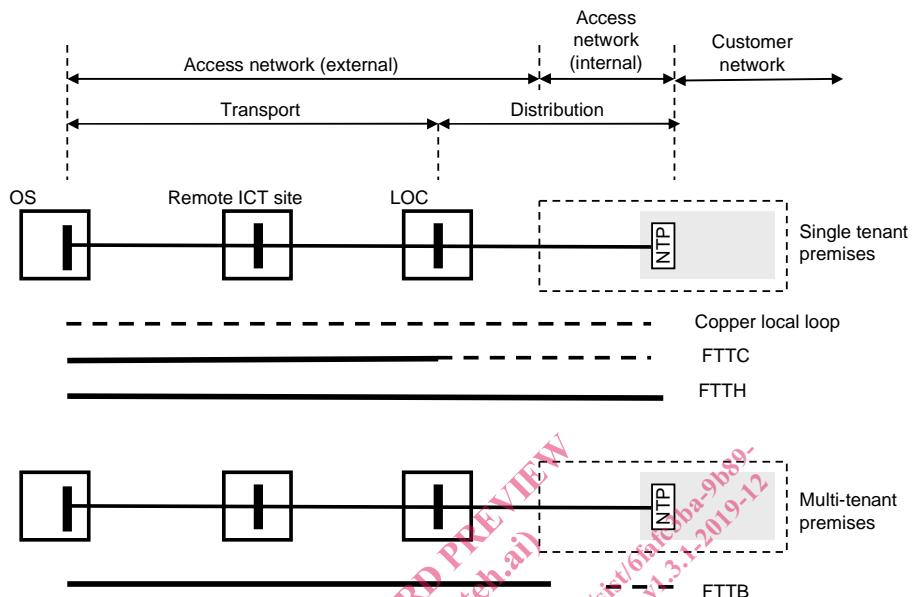


Figure 1: Fixed access network implementations

Within the Fixed Access Network (FAN), the term Network Distribution Node (NDN) is employed to describe a variety of aggregations of Network Telecommunications Equipment (NTE) at locations between the Operator Site (OS) and the Terminal Equipment (TE) in the Customer Premises (CP).

The Last Operator Connection point (LOC) is shown as a specific example of an NDN and is the closest NDN containing NTE to a CP.

Figure 1 shows certain NDNs within dashed boxes to indicate that they are:

- optional;
- not restricted in number to the configurations shown.

4.2 KPIs for energy management

4.2.1 Global KPI (KPI_{EM}) for fixed access networks

From ETSI EN 305 200-2-2 [2], KPI_{EM} is a combination of two separate KPIs, in a common assessment period, as follows:

- 1) the Objective KPI for task effectiveness expressed as KPI_{TE} (see clause 4.2.2.2);
- 2) the Objective KPI for renewable energy contribution expressed as KPI_{REN} (see clause 4.2.2.3);

and both of these Objective KPIs incorporate a third Objective KPIs for energy consumption expressed as KPI_{EC} (see clause 4.2.2.1).