



# Standard Specification for Coextruded Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe With a Cellular Core<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 891; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification covers coextruded poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) plastic pipe with a cellular core and concentric inner and outer solid layers, and is produced using a multilayer coextrusion die for nonpressure use in three series: an IPS Schedule 40 series; a PS series with an iron pipe size outside diameter with varying wall thickness as required for pipe stiffness of 25, 50, and 100; and a sewer and drain series.

1.2 The function of this specification is to provide standardization of product-technical data and serve as a purchasing guide.

1.3 The text of this specification references notes, footnotes, and appendixes which provide explanatory material. The notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the specification.

NOTE 1—All the pipe series covered by this specification are permitted to be perforated or belled for joining by solvent cement or belled for joining by an elastomeric seal (gasket). Because this pipe is OD controlled, the inside diameter will vary, and therefore, the pipe ID is not suitable for use as a socket.

NOTE 2—This standard specifies dimensional, performance and test requirements for plumbing and fluid handling applications, but does not address venting of combustion gases.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard.

NOTE 3—Specifications related to this specification are as follows: D 2665, D 2729, D 3034, F 512, F 758, and F 789.

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

- D 618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing
- D 1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D 2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings
- D 2152 Test Method for Adequacy of Fusion of Extruded Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and Molded Fittings by Acetone Immersion
- D 2321 Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications
- D 2412 Test Method for Determination of External Loading Characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading
- D 2444 Test Method for Determination of the Impact Resistance of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings by Means of a Tup (Falling Weight)
- D 2564 Specification for Solvent Cements for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Piping Systems
- D 2665 Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Fittings
- D 2672 Specification for Joints for IPS PVC Pipe Using Solvent Cement
- D 2729 Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings
- D 2855 Practice for Making Solvent-Cemented Joints with Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and Fittings
- D 3034 Specification for Type PSM Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings
- D 3212 Specification for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals
- D 3311 Specification for Drain, Waste, and Vent (DWV) Plastic Fittings Patterns

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.25 on Vinyl Based Pipe.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

**D 4396** Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds for Plastic Pipe and Fittings Used in Nonpressure Applications

**F 402** Practice for Safe Handling of Solvent Cements, Primers, and Cleaners Used for Joining Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings

**F 412** Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

**F 477** Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe

**F 512** Specification for Smooth-Wall Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Conduit and Fittings for Underground Installation

**F 545** Specification for PVC and ABS Injected Solvent Cemented Plastic Pipe Joints<sup>3</sup>

**F 656** Specification for Primers for Use in Solvent Cement Joints of Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings

**F 758** Specification for Smooth-Wall Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Underdrain Systems for Highway, Airport, and Similar Drainage

**F 789** Specification for Type PS-46 and Type PS-115 Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Gravity Flow Sewer Pipe and Fittings<sup>3</sup>

2.2 *Federal Standard:*

**Fed. Std. No. 123** Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)<sup>4</sup>

2.3 *Military Standard:*

**MIL-STD-129** Marking for Shipment and Storage<sup>4</sup>

2.4 *ANSI Standards:*

Z34.1 American National Standard for Certification-Third-Party Certification Program<sup>5</sup>

Z34.2 American National Standard for Certification-Self-Certification by Producer or Supplier<sup>5</sup>

### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions are in accordance with Terminology **F 412**, and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology **D 1600**, unless otherwise specified. The abbreviation for poly(vinyl chloride) plastic is PVC.

3.1.1 *cellular plastic*—a plastic containing numerous cells, intentionally introduced, interconnecting or not, distributed throughout the mass.

3.1.2 *coextruded pipe*—pipe consisting of two or more concentric layers of material bonded together in processing by any combination of temperature, pressure, grafting, crosslinking, or adhesion.

3.1.3 *coextrusion*—a process whereby two or more heated or unheated plastic material streams, forced through one or more shaping orifice(s), become one continuously formed piece.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *lot*—a lot shall consist of all pipe of the same size produced from one extrusion line during one designated shift.

<sup>3</sup> Withdrawn.

<sup>4</sup> Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

<sup>5</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

3.2.2 *IPS Schedule 40 Series*—pipe produced to an iron pipe outside diameter with a Schedule 40 wall thickness.

3.2.3 *PS Series*— pipe produced to an IPS outside diameter and having the required wall thickness to meet a designated pipe stiffness.

3.2.4 *sewer and drain series*—pipe produced to a sewer and drain outside diameter and having a minimum wall thickness to meet a designated pipe stiffness.

### 4. Classification by Application

4.1 Coextruded PVC plastic pipe, in an IPS Schedule 40 series, is referenced in **Table 1** for use in 4.1.1. A PS series with an iron pipe outside diameter, with varying wall thickness as required for pipe stiffness of 25, 50, and 100 is referenced in **Table 2** for use in 4.1.2, and a sewer and drain series is referenced in **Table 2** for use in 4.1.3 and 4.1.4.

4.1.1 Drain, waste, and vent pipe in IPS Schedule 40 series.

4.1.2 Underground communication conduit in PS series is not for underground electrical power distribution usage.

4.1.3 Nonpressure sewer and drain pipe for underground burial outside of the building.

4.1.4 Highway underdrain in sewer and drain series.

4.2 Recommendations for storage, joining, and installation are provided in **Appendix X1**, **Appendix X2**, and **Appendix X3**, respectively.

NOTE 4—Before installing pipe for industrial waste disposal use, the approval of the cognizant building code authority must be obtained, as conditions not commonly found in normal use may be encountered.

### 5. Material

5.1 *Material Specification*—The PVC material shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Specification **D 4396** with a cell class of 11432. PVC material, which has a higher cell class than those listed, is acceptable.

5.2 *Rework Material*—The manufacturer shall use only his own clean rework pipe material conforming with these cell class requirements. It shall be used only in the core layer if it contains any residual blowing agent. The pipe produced shall meet all requirements of this specification.

### 6. Requirements

6.1 *Workmanship*—The pipe shall be homogeneous throughout and free of visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions,

**TABLE 1** Minimum Wall Thickness,<sup>A</sup> Pipe Stiffness, and Impact Strength for IPS Schedule 40 Series

Nominal Pipe Size, in.	Wall Thickness, in.	Pipe Stiffness, lbf/in. <sup>2</sup>	Impact Strength, ft-lbf
1¼	0.140	600	40
1½	0.145	600	50
2	0.154	300	80
3	0.216	300	100
3½	0.226	250	100
4	0.237	200	100
5	0.258	120	100
6	0.280	120	120
8	0.322	100	120
10	0.365	60	120
12	0.406	50	120

<sup>A</sup> The maximum wall thickness shall not be greater than 1.25 times the minimum wall thickness.

**TABLE 2 Minimum Wall Thickness<sup>A</sup> for PS Series or Sewer and Drain Series for Minimum Pipe Stiffness**

Nominal Pipe Size, in.	Wall Thickness, in.						
	PS Series			Sewer and Drain Series			
	PS 25	PS 50	PS 100	PS 12.5	PS 25	PS 50	PS 100
2	...	...	0.100	...	...	...	...
3	...	0.103	0.130	...	...	0.100	0.120
3½	0.100	0.118	0.148	...	...	...	...
4	0.106	0.133	0.167	...	0.100	0.124	0.156
5	0.131	0.164	0.206	...	...	...	...
6	0.156	0.195	0.245	0.118	0.148	0.185	0.232
8	...	...	...	...	0.198	0.248	0.310
10	...	...	...	...	...	0.310	0.388
12	...	...	...	...	...	0.369	0.462
15	...	...	...	...	...	0.452	0.565
18	...	...	...	...	...	0.548	0.691

<sup>A</sup>The maximum wall thickness shall not be greater than 1.25 times the minimum wall thickness.

or other defects. The pipe shall be as uniform as commercially practicable in color, opacity, density, and other physical properties.

### 6.2 Dimensions and Tolerances:

6.2.1 *Outside Diameter*—The outside diameter and tolerances for the IPS Schedule 40 series, PS series, and the sewer and drain series shall meet the requirements of **Table 3** when measured in accordance with Test Method **D 2122**. The tolerances for out-of-roundness shall apply to the pipe prior to shipment.

6.2.2 *Wall Thickness*—The wall thickness for the IPS Schedule 40 series shall equal or exceed the minimum dimensions in **Table 1**, and for the PS series and sewer and drain series it shall equal or exceed the minimum dimensions in **Table 2**, when measured in accordance with Test Method **D 2122**.

6.2.3 *Length*—The pipe length may be 10 or 20 ft with a tolerance on length of +½ , –0 in., unless otherwise specified.

### 6.3 Performance Requirements:

6.3.1 *Pipe Stiffness*—The minimum pipe stiffness values at 5 % deflection when measure in accordance with Test Method **D 2412**, shall equal or exceed the value in **Table 1** for IPS Schedule 40 series, or the value in **Table 2** or PS series and sewer and drain series. Three specimens shall be tested. If all three meet this requirement, the sample meets this requirement. If one or two fail, additional testing shall be conducted in

accordance with **6.3.1.1**. If all three fail, the sample does not meet the requirement.

6.3.1.1 *Pipe Stiffness and Lower Confidence Limit*—In the event that one or two of the specimens tested in 6.3.1 fail to meet the minimum requirement, the average pipe stiffness of 11 specimens shall meet or exceed the minimum requirement given in **Table 1** for IPS Schedule 40 series pipe, and **Table 2** for PS Series and Sewer and Drain pipe. The 99 % lower confidence limit (LCL) shall be within 15 % of the average value. The LCL shall be calculated using the Student’s “*t*” distribution, with *N*-1 degrees of freedom, where *N* is the number of specimens (11). The critical *t* value shall be used to at least three significant digits. Alternatively, if the LCL exceeds the minimum PS requirement in the applicable table, but is not within 15 % of the average, the sample meets the requirements of the pipe stiffness testing. The 11 specimens include the three tested under **6.3.1**, and an additional eight with rotation by 35°, as specified in **D 2412**, continuing throughout the remaining specimens.

The LCL based on testing eleven specimens is calculated as follows:

$$LCL = (\text{avg PS}) - \{2.76 (\text{std. dev.})/\sqrt{(N)}\}$$

where:

**TABLE 3 Outside Diameter and Tolerances**

Nominal Pipe Size, in.	Outside Diameter		Tolerance on Average Outside Diameter, in.	Out-of-Roundness Maximum Diameter Minus Minimum Diameter, in.
	IPS Schedule 40 Series, in. PS Series, in.	Sewer and Drain Series, in.		
1¼	1.660	...	±0.005	0.060
1½	1.900	...	±0.006	0.060
2	2.375	...	±0.006	0.060
3	3.500	3.250	±0.008	0.060
3½	4.000	...	±0.008	0.100
4	4.500	4.215	±0.009	0.100
5	5.563	...	±0.010	0.100
6	6.625	6.275	±0.011	0.100
8	8.625	8.400	±0.015	0.150
10	10.750	10.500	±0.015	0.150
12	12.750	12.500	±0.015	0.150
15	...	15.300	±0.023	0.150
18	...	18.700	±0.028	0.200

$$\begin{aligned}
 N &= 11 \\
 (\text{avg PS}) &= [\Sigma(\text{PS}_i)]/(11) \\
 (\text{std.dev.}) &= \left[ \frac{\Sigma \text{PS}^2 - (\Sigma \text{PS})^2/N}{N-1} \right]^{1/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

The 15 % requirement is calculated as follows:

$$(\text{avg} - \text{LCL})/(\text{avg}) \times 100 \leq 15 \%$$

NOTE 5—The 5 % deflection criteria is arbitrarily selected for testing convenience. It should not be considered as a limitation with respect to in-use deflection. The engineer is responsible for establishing the acceptable deflection limit.

NOTE 6—The strength and load-carrying capabilities of plastic pipe are measured and reported as pipe stiffness, which is determined in accordance with Test Method D 2412. The term “crushing strength” is not applicable to plastic piping.

6.3.2 *Pipe Flattening*—There shall be no evidence of cracking, delamination, or rupture when pipe is deflected 60 % of the initial inside diameter, when tested in accordance with Test Method D 2412. Three specimens shall be tested and all shall pass.

NOTE 7—This test is intended only for use as a quality control test, and not as a simulated service test.

6.3.3 *Impact Resistance*—The minimum impact resistance, when tested at the time of manufacture, shall comply with Table 1 for IPS Schedule 40 series and Table 4 for the PS series and sewer and drain series. Test in accordance with Test Method D 2444, using Tup B and Holder B. Use a 20-lb (9.1-kg) tup for testing pipe sizes 4 in. and smaller and a 30-lb (13.6-kg) tup for pipe sizes larger than 4 in.

6.3.3.1 Test 10 specimens. When 9 or 10 specimens pass, accept the lot. When 2 or more specimens fail, test 10 additional specimens. When 17 of 20 specimens tested pass, accept the lot. When 4 or more of 20 specimens fail, test 20 additional specimens. When 32 of 40 specimens pass, accept the lot. When 9 or more of 40 specimens fail, the lot does not meet the requirements of this specification.

6.3.3.2 Failure of the test specimen shall be shattering or any crack or break extending entirely through the pipe wall and visible to the unaided eye.

6.3.4 *Bond*—The bond between layers shall be strong and uniform. It shall not be possible to separate any two layers with a probe or the point of a knife blade so that the layers separate

cleanly, nor shall separation of the bond occur between layers during testing performed under the requirements of this specification.

6.3.5 *Extrusion Quality*—The pipe shall meet the requirements of Test Method D 2152.

6.4 *Other Requirements:*

6.4.1 *Joining*—Coextruded poly(vinyl chloride) PVC plastic pipe produced in IPS Schedule 40 series and PS series are joined using fittings meeting the requirements of Specifications D 2665, D 3311, or F 512. Fittings meeting the requirements of Specifications D 2729, D 3034, or F 789 are used with the sewer and drain series, and Specification F 545 are permitted for all series.

6.4.2 *Solvent Cement*—In the assembly of solvent cement joints, the safety requirements of Practice F 402 shall be followed and the joint shall be assembled following Practice D 2855, using a cleaner or primer.

6.4.3 *Gaskets*—Elastomeric seals (gaskets) shall meet the requirements of Specification F 477.

6.4.4 *Lubricant*—The lubricant used for assembly shall have no detrimental effect on the gasket or on the pipe or fitting.

6.4.5 *Gasket Joints*—Gasket joints shall comply with Specification D 3212 and be designed so that the gasket inside the pipe will be compressed radially on the pipe spigot, when assembled, to form a water-tight seal.

6.4.6 *Gasket Displacement*—The joint shall be designed to avoid displacement of the gasket when installed. The assembly of the joint shall be in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendation.

## 7. Sampling and Conditioning

7.1 *Sampling*—The selection of the sample or samples of pipe shall be as agreed upon by the purchaser and seller. In case of no prior agreement, any sample selected by the testing lab shall be deemed adequate.

7.2 *Conditioning:*

7.2.1 For referee purposes, condition the specimens prior to test at  $73.4 \pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$  ( $23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ) and  $50 \pm 5 \%$  relative humidity in accordance with Practice D 618, Procedure A.

7.2.2 For routine quality control testing, condition the specimens at the temperature and humidity of the manufacturer’s testing facility for not less than 1 h or until the specimens are at the room temperature.

7.3 *Test Conditions:*

7.3.1 For referee purposes, conduct tests in the standard laboratory atmosphere of  $73.4 \pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$  ( $23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ) and  $50 \pm 5 \%$  relative humidity.

7.3.2 For routine quality control testing, conduct tests at the room temperature and humidity of the manufacturer’s testing area.

7.4 *Test Methods*—Only specified ASTM test methods shall be used.

## 8. Retest and Rejection

8.1 If the results of any test(s) do not meet the requirements of this specification, the test(s) shall be conducted again in accordance with an agreement between the purchaser and the seller. There shall be no agreement to lower the minimum

**TABLE 4 Minimum Impact Strength for PS Series or Sewer and Drain Series**

Nominal Pipe Size, in.	Minimum Impact Strength, ft-lbf			
	PS 12.5	PS 25	PS 50	PS 100
2	...	...	...	80
3	...	80	80	100
3½	...	80	80	100
4	...	80	100	100
5	...	100	100	100
6	70	100	100	120
8	...	140	140	140
10	...	160	160	160
12	...	200	200	200
15	...	...	220	...
18	...	...	220	...