

## Designation: D3724-82(Reapproved 1995)<sup>€1</sup> Designation: D 3724 - 01 (Reapproved 2007)

# Standard Specification for Synthetic Brown Iron Oxide Pigment<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 3724; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\epsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

€¹Nоте—Keywords were added editorially in May 1995.

### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers the pigments commercially known as synthetic pure brown iron oxides and blends. These pigments are suitable for use in paints and coatings. Methods of manufacture are:
  - 1.1.1 Precipitation of iron salts.
  - 1.1.2 Calcination of precipitated iron oxides.
  - 1.1.3 Blends of synthetic red, yellow, and black iron oxides.
- 1.1.4 Blends of synthetic red, yellow, and black iron oxides plus the addition of carbon black to a maximum of 5.0 %. Small amounts of carbon black are added to obtain tinting colors not obtainable when synthetic brown iron oxide or carbon black are used singly.
  - 1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards: <sup>2</sup>
- D 50 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Yellow, Orange, Red, and Brown Pigments Containing Iron and Manganese
- D 185Test Methods for Coarse Particles in Pigments, Pastes, and Paints<sup>2</sup> Test Methods for Coarse Particles in Pigments
- D 280 Test Methods for Hygroscopic Moisture (and Other Matter Volatile Under the Test Conditions) in Pigments
- D 387 Test Method for Color and Strength of Color Chromatic Pigments with a Mechanical Muller
- D 1208 Test Methods for Common Properties of Certain Pigments
- D 3872 Test Method for Ferrous Iron in Iron Oxides
- E 350 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Carbon Steel, Low-Alloy Steel, Silicon Electrical Steel, Ingot Iron, and Wrought Iron
- E 351 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Cast Iron—AllIronAll Types

#### 3. Composition and Properties

3.1 The pigment shall be a manufactured iron oxide or a blend. It shall be a soft dry finely pulverized pigment and shall conform to the following requirements:

FeO	0 to 10 %
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	83 to 98 %
Carbon black, max, %	5.0 %
Moisture and other volatile matter, max, %	1.0 %
Organic coloring matter	none
Total sulfates expressed as SO <sub>3</sub> , max, %	2.0 %
Coarse particles (total residue retained on No.	1.0 %
325 (45-µm) mesh sieve, max, %	
Matter soluble in water, max. %	0.5 %

3.2 Inasmuch as synthetic brown iron oxides are available in a wide range of shades. The mass color and character of the tint and the tinting strength formed by a mixture with a white pigment shall be within mutually agreed upon limits of a standard acceptable to both the purchaser and the seller when tested by Test Method D 387.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee <del>D-1</del><u>D01</u> on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D01.31 on Pigment Specifications.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 06.03-volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.