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Smart Cards;
Connection Oriented Service API for the Java Card™ platform
(Release 14)

### Reference

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#### **ETSI**

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

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# 1 Scope

The present document defines an Application Programming Interface for the Java Card<sup>TM</sup> to use transport protocols (e.g. CAT\_TP as defined in ETSI TS 102 127 [1]) for CAT applications.

This stage 2 document describes the interface functionalities, the interface working mechanisms and its information flow.

### 2 References

#### 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

[1]	ETSI TS 102 127:	"Smart Cards	Transport protocol for (	CAT applications; Stage 2 (Release 6)".

[2] ORACLE Java Card<sup>TM</sup> Specification: "Java Card<sup>TM</sup> 3.0.1 Virtual Machine Specification".

NOTE: Available at <a href="http://docs.oracle.com/javame/javacard/javacard.html">http://docs.oracle.com/javame/javacard/javacard.html</a>.

[3] ETSI TS 101 220: "Smart Cards: ETSI numbering system for telecommunication application

providers".

[4] ETSI TS 102 223: "Smart Cards; Card Application Toolkit (CAT)".

[5] GlobalPlatform: "GlobalPlatform Card, Remote Application Management over HTTP, Card

Specification v2.2- Amendment B", Version 1.1.3.

NOTE: Available at <a href="http://www.globalplatform.org/">http://www.globalplatform.org/</a>.

[6] ETSI TS 102 483: "Smart cards; UICC-Terminal interface; Internet Protocol connectivity between

UICC and terminal".

[7] ETSI TS 102 225: "Smart Cards; Secured packet structure for UICC based applications".

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Not applicable.

# 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

**BIPLink:** interface to access the physical layer by means of the Bearer Independent Protocol according to ETSI TS 102 223 [4]

transport layer: instance within the card framework which implements the transport protocol, e.g. CAT\_TP

# 3.2 Symbols

Void.

### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACK ACKnowledge
AID Application IDentifier

API Application Programming Interface
BIP Bearer Independent Protocol

NOTE: See ETSI TS 102 223 [4].

CAT Card Application Toolkit

NOTE: See ETSI TS 102 223 [4].

CAT\_TP Card Application Toolkit Transport Protocol

NOTE: See ETSI TS 102 127[1].

HTTP HyperText Transfer Protocol

IP Internet Protocol

JCRE Java Card<sup>TM</sup> Runtime Environment

PDU Packet Data Unit

SCP81 Secure Channel Protocol '81'

NOTE: See "GlobalPlatform Card Specification, Amendment B" Version 1.1.3 [5].

SCWS Smart Card Web Server

SDU	Service Data Unit
SMS	Short Message Service
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TLS	Transport Layer Security

# 4 Overall description

#### 4.0 General

The present document describes an API that provides applications a set of Connection Oriented Services. This API provides either direct access to the transport protocols supported by the terminal (by using the BIP) or access to transport protocol layers provided by the UICC, e.g. the CAT\_TP protocol layer in the UICC or SCP81.

### 4.1 Connection API concept

The API is based on the concept of objects that encapsulate the features of connection service (e.g. opening a service, sending and receiving data, etc.).

The present document provides three variants of connection services to the application. These variants are based on the *Connection* interface which is an abstraction of the BIP channel which is used to exchange data.

One type of connection service is accessible through the *BIPLink* interface. It provides direct access to the transport protocol stack in the terminal. Another type of connection is accessible via the *UICCTransportLink* interface. It provides an interface to a transport protocol layer deployed on the UICC, e.g. CAT\_TP. The transport protocol layer on the UICC uses BIP to transport its PDU to the terminal. The last type of connection is accessible through the *SCP81Connection* interface. It provides an interface to a transport protocol layer based on SCP81 as defined in [5].

Implementations of *BIPLink* interface and *UICCTransportLink* interface are based on the *Observer* design pattern. I.e. the application is notified about state changes (e.g. data received, channel closed, etc.) by means of events sent to the *Observer* interface.

The support of each type of connection is optional. If a type of connection is not supported, the related method in the *ConnectionServer* class shall throw a *ConnectionException* with reason code *TRANSPORT\_PROTOCOL\_NOT\_SUPPORTED*.

# 5 API architecture

#### 5.0 General

For a reference documentation of all classes and interfaces of the Connection oriented Services API refer to annex A.

### 5.1 API usage

### 5.1.1 Establishing a Connection

To perform operations on a specific link it is required to establish a *Connection*; a *Connection* can be considered as a pure point to point connection on which a link can be established.

Depending on the nature of the link, the *Connection* may be shared among different links or can be used exclusively by one link. In case of sharing, all the *Connection* shall have the same parameters. Even if the links allow to share the same *Connection*, it is possible, at *Connection* instantiation time, to specify that a *Connection* cannot be shared among several links.

The *Connection* may require some specific Toolkit resources to be available to the application, e.g. in case of BIP connections, at least one BIP channel shall be available to the application when the *Connection* is opened.

## 5.1.2 Opening a BIPLink

A *BIPLink* requires the usage of an underlying *Connection* to transport data according to the BIP protocol. The used *Connection* shall be a BIP connection.

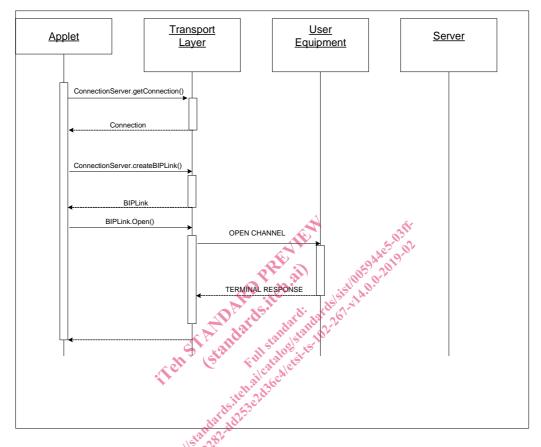


Figure 1: Opening a BIPLink

# 5.1.3 Creating an UICC Transport link

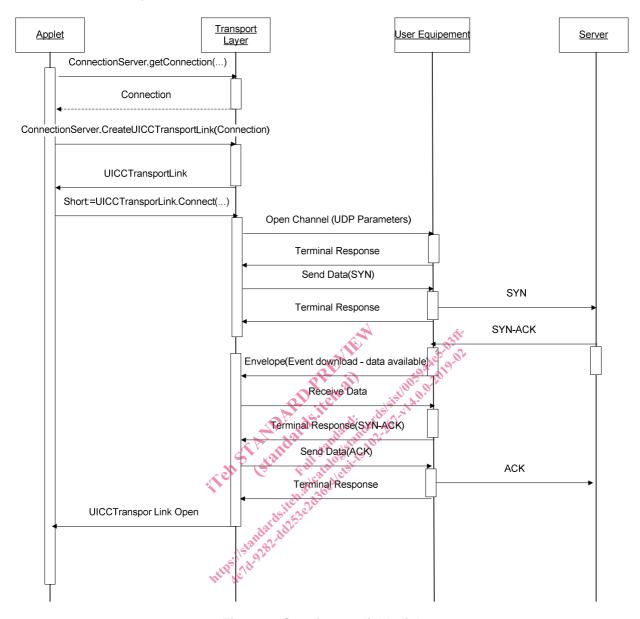


Figure 2: Creating a reliable link

The API is considered as a blocking API which means that no other applet is able to use the *uicc.toolkit.ProactiveHandler* while the call to the method *UICCTransportLink.connect()* is ongoing, i.e. the three way handshake is performed.

### 5.1.4 Sending data over UICC Transport Link

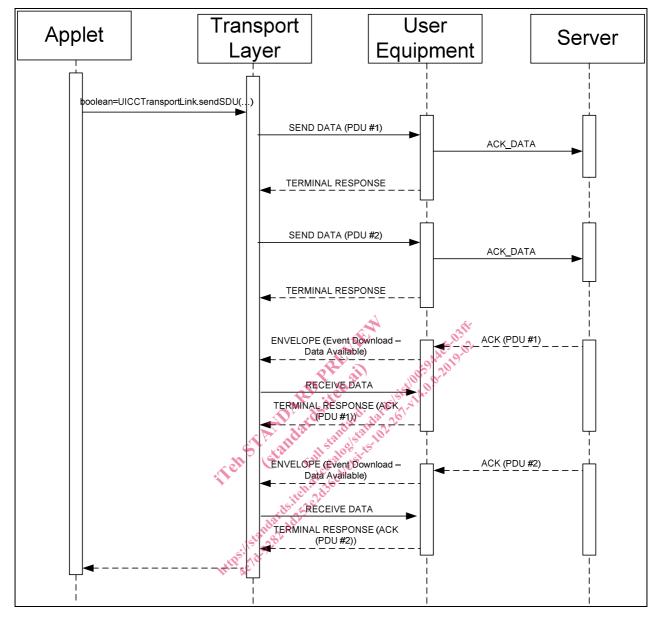


Figure 3: Sending data over Reliable Link

No other applet is able to use the *uicc.toolkit.ProactiveHandler* while the call to the method *UICCTransportLink.sendSDU*(..) is ongoing, i.e. that each PDU has been acknowledged.

After UICCTransportLink.sendSDU method returns, the uicc.toolkit.ProactiveHandler shall be available to the calling applet if it was available before the method invocation; however, handler content may be affected by the system during method execution.