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**Essential oil of hyssop (*Hyssopus officinalis* L. ssp. *officinalis*)**

*Huile essentielle d'hysope (Hyssopus officinalis L. ssp. officinalis)*

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ISO copyright office  
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20  
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11  
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47  
E-mail [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 54, *Essential oils*.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [http://www.iso.org/iso/home/standards\\_development/resources-for-technical-work/foreword.htm](http://www.iso.org/iso/home/standards_development/resources-for-technical-work/foreword.htm)

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 9841:2007), which has been technically revised.

ISO 9841:2013

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/8cc4a8a3-a4d2-4ff5-b25c-6686405e5e38/iso-9841-2013>

# Essential oil of hyssop (*Hyssopus officinalis* L. ssp. *officinalis*)

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of essential oil of hyssop (*Hyssopus officinalis* L. ssp. *officinalis*), with a view to facilitating the assessment of its quality.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/TR 210, *Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage*

ISO/TR 211, *Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers*

ISO 212, *Essential oils — Sampling*

ISO 279, *Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method*

ISO 280, *Essential oils — Determination of refractive index*

ISO 592, *Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation*

ISO 1242, *Essential oils — Determination of acid value*

ISO 11024 (all parts) *Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 3.1

#### essential oil of hyssop

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the leaves of *Hyssopus officinalis* L. ssp. *officinalis* of the Lamiaceae family

Note 1 to entry: For information on CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092.[2]

## 4 Requirements

### 4.1 Appearance

Clear, mobile liquid.

### 4.2 Colour

Pale yellow to brown yellow.

### 4.3 Odour

Characteristic.

#### 4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, $d_{20}^{20}$

Minimum: 0,920.

Maximum: 0,950.

#### 4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum: 1,475 0.

Maximum: 1,486 0.

#### 4.6 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Between -25° and -10°.

#### 4.7 Acid value

Less than or equal to 2,0.

#### 4.8 Typical chromatogram

Carry out the analysis of the essential oil by gas chromatography. Identify in the chromatogram obtained the representative and characteristic components shown in [Table 1](#). The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in [Table 1](#). This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

**Table 1 — Chromatographic profile**

Components	Minimum %	Maximum %
α-Pinene	0,4	1,5
β-Pinene	7,0	20,0
Sabinene	1,0	3,5
Limonene	0,6	4,0
Myrtenyl methyl ether	0,9	3,0
Pinocamphone	8,0	25
Isopinocamphone	25,0	45,0
β-Bourbonene	0,8	2,6
β-Caryophyllene	1,0	3,0
Alloaromadendrene	1,0	3,0
Germacrene D	1,2	4,5
Elemol	0,2	2,5
Spathulenol	0,1	1,5
NOTE The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to typical chromatograms given for information in <a href="#">Annex A</a> .		

#### 4.9 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in [Annex B](#).