



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**oSIST prEN 303 676 V1.0.1:2021**  
**01-junij-2021**

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**Navigacijski radar za uporabo na celinskih vodnih poteh - Operativne, funkcionalne in tehnične zahteve**

Navigation radar used on inland waterways - Operational, functional and technical requirements

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**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ETSI EN 303 676 V1.0.1 (2021-04)**

oSIST prEN 303 676 V1.0.1:2021  
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**ICS:**

33.060.01	Radijske komunikacije na splošno	Radiocommunications in general
47.020.70	Navigacijska in krmilna oprema	Navigation and control equipment

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# Draft ETSI EN 303 676 V1.0.1 (2021-04)



## Navigation radar used on inland waterways; Operational, functional and technical requirements (standards.iteh.ai)

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**Reference**

DEN/ERM-TGMAR-609

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**Keywords**

maritime, navigation, radar, radio

**ETSI**

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## Foreword

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

### Proposed national transposition dates

Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	13 months after ETSI publication
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## Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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# 1 Scope

The present document defines the functional and operational requirements for navigational radar installations used in inland waterways as required by CESNI ES-TRIN standard [i.1].

The present document is applicable to radar equipment and its associated primary navigational display intended for the navigation of vessels on inland waterways with the following characteristics:

- Transmitter Peak Envelope Power up to 10 kW.
- The antenna is rotating and passive.
- Unmodulated single carrier frequency only may be utilized.

The applicable frequencies of operation of this type of radio equipment are given in table 1. These frequencies are allocated to the radio navigation service, as defined in article 5 of the ITU Radio Regulations [i.4].

**Table 1: Radio navigation service frequencies**

	<b>Radio navigation service frequencies</b>
Transmit	9 300 MHz to 9 500 MHz
Receive	9 300 MHz to 9 500 MHz

## 2 References

### 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] IMCO Resolution A.278 (VIII) (1973): "Symbols for controls on marine navigational radar equipment".
- [2] ISO 25862:2019: "Ships and marine technology -- Marine magnetic compasses, binnacles and azimuth reading devices".
- [3] IEC EN 60945 (2002): "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - General requirements - Methods of testing and required test results".

### 2.2 Informative references

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NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] CESNI: "European Standard laying down Technical Requirements for Inland Navigation vessels, ES-TRIN".
- [i.2] Recommendation ITU-R M.824-4 (02/2013): "Technical parameters of radar beacons".
- [i.3] Recommendation ITU-R M.628-5 (03/2012): "Technical characteristics for search and rescue radar transponders".
- [i.4] ITU Radio Regulations (2020).
- [i.5] IEC 62388 (2013): "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Shipborne radar - Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results".
- [i.6] IEC 62288 (2014): "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Presentation of navigation-related information on shipborne navigational displays - General requirements, methods of testing and required test results".

## 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

**conventional radar:** radar where the output signal is generated by a magnetron, using pulsed emissions but not using frequency, phase or power modulation

**FTC:** function to suppress rain clutter

**IR:** function to suppress interference from other radars

**Peak Envelope Power (PEP):** average power supplied to the antenna transmission line by a transmitter during one radio frequency cycle at the crest of the modulation envelope taken under normal operating conditions

NOTE: This definition is taken from ITU Radio Regulations [i.4].

**Radar Cross-Section (RCS):** cross-section determining the power density returned to the radar for a particular power density incident on a target

**radar echo:** signal reflected by a target to a radar antenna that appears in the radar video signal and radar image

**radar equipment:** equipment and its associated primary navigational display intended for the navigation of vessels on inland waterways

**RAIN:** function to suppress rain clutter, other term for FTC

**SEA:** sea clutter suppression, other term for STC

**standard reflector:** radar reflector with an equivalent Radar Cross Section (RCS) at a frequency of 9 400 MHz equal to 10 m<sup>2</sup>

**STC:** function to suppress sea clutter

### 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

dB	decibel
t	time
$\lambda$	wavelength

$\pi$	mathematical constant: 3,14159265...
$\rho$	reflection coefficient
$\sigma$	radar cross section

### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AC	Alternating Current
ACP	Azimuth Clock Pulse
AIS	Automatic Identification System
AR	Azimuthal Resolution
ARP	Azimuth Reference Pulse
AtoN	Aids to Navigation
CESNI	European Committee for drawing up standards in the field of inland navigation
COG	Course Over Ground
DC	Direct Current
EBL	Electronic Bearing Line
ECDIS	Electronic Chart Display and Information System
EN	European Norm
ES-TRIN	European Standard laying down Technical Requirements for Inland Navigation vessels
EUT	Equipment Under Test
FTC	Fast Time Constant
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
IEC	International Electrotechnical Committee
IHO	International Hydrographic Organization
IMCO	Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization
IR	Interference Rejection
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
ITU-R	International Telecommunications Union - Radiocommunications
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MR	Minimum Range
P-Line	Parallel-Line
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
PRT	Pulse Repetition Time
RACON	RAдар beaCON
RCS	Radar Cross-Section
RF	Radio Frequency
ROT	Rate-Of-Turn indicator
RR	Radial Resolution
SART	Search and Rescue Radar Transponder
SHM	Ships Heading Marker
SOG	Speed Over Ground
SOLAS	Safety Of Life At Sea
STC	Sensitivity Time Control
Tr	Trigger
V	Video
VRM	Variable Range Marker
WG	WaveGuide

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## 4 General requirements

### 4.1 Purpose of the radar equipment

The radar equipment shall facilitate the navigation of vessels on inland waterways by providing an intelligible radar picture of their position in relation to buoys, shorelines and other navigational marks as well as enabling the reliable and timely recognition of other ships and obstructions protruding above the water surface.

## 4.2 Construction and design

Mechanical and electrical construction and design of the radar equipment shall be suitable for operation on board vessels navigating on inland waterways.

## 4.3 Operational controls

The equipment shall be designed in such a way that incorrect operation will not cause the equipment to fail.

One person shall be able to operate the radar equipment and watch the display simultaneously.

Control panel shall be provided as a separate unit. It shall contain all controls used directly for radar navigation. The use of cordless remote controls is not permitted.

The equipment shall not have more controls than are necessary for its correct operation. The design, markings and controls of the equipment shall enable simple, unambiguous and fast operation. The arrangement shall be such that the possibility of operating mistakes is minimized.

All controls shall be arranged in such a way that when a control is operated the associated indication remains visible and that the radar navigation can continue without restriction.

The effect of operation of controls shall be such that movements to the right or upwards shall have a positive effect on the manipulated variable, while movements to the left or downwards have a negative effect.

If pushbuttons are used, they shall be designed in such a way that they can also be found by touch. Moreover they shall have a noticeable pressure point (tactile feedback).

Controls to switch off the equipment shall be protected against unintentional operation.

All controls and indicators shall be equipped with a dazzle-free source of lighting suitable for use under all conditions of light which can be adjusted to zero by means of an independent control.

All controls and indicators shall be provided with symbols and/or a description in English and, if possible, switchable to the users language. Symbols shall meet the requirements of IMCO Resolution No. A.278 (VIII) [1].

The height of all indicative markings shall be at least 4 mm unless this is not technically feasible and therefore a reduction to 3 mm will be allowed.

Any functions additional to the minimum functions specified in the present document, as well as any connections for external apparatus, shall not impair the capability to meet the minimum requirements contained in the present document.

The antenna unit shall have a safety switch by means of which the transmitter and the rotator drive can be switched off. After switching the equipment to the STBY or to the ON state, a message shall occur on the display, if the safety switch is activated.

## 4.4 Interfaces

### 4.4.1 Fail safe design

All interfaces shall be designed fail safe, so that connecting, disconnecting or a failure of the connected equipment or a short circuit shall not cause any deterioration of the radar equipment performance.

### 4.4.2 Display of data received via interfaces

Unless otherwise specified, all information received via an interface shall be displayed outside of the radar picture. Existing requirements concerning the presentation of such received data shall be fulfilled.