# TECHNICAL REPORT

# IEC 60825-5

First edition 1998-11

Safety of laser products,

Part 5: Manufacturer's checklist for IEC 60825-1

Sécurité des appareils à laser -

Partie 5: Liste de contrôle du fabricant relative à la CEI 60825-1

https://standards.iteh.ai/

755-48a7-b5d9-304da330e762/iec-tr-60825-5-1998



Reference number IEC 60825-5:1998(E)

#### Numbering

As from 1 January 1997 all IEC publications are issued with a designation in the 60000 series.

#### **Consolidated publications**

Consolidated versions of some IEC publications including amendments are available. For example, edition numbers 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 refer, respectively, to the base publication, the base publication incorporating amendment 1 and the base publication incorporating amendments 1 and 2.

#### Validity of this publication

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC, thus ensuring that the content reflects current technology.

Information relating to the date of the reconfirmation of the publication is available in the IEC catalogue.

Information on the subjects under consideration and work in progress undertaken by the technical committee which has prepared this publication, as well as the list of publications issued, is to be found at the following IEC sources:

- IEC web site\*
- Catalogue of IEC publications Published yearly with regular updates (On-line catalogue)\*
- IEC Bulletin Available both at the IEC web site and as a printed periodical

Terminology, graphical and letter symbols

For general terminology, readers are referred to IEC 60050: International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV).

For graphical symbols, and letter symbols and signs approved by the IEC for general use, readers are referred to publications IEC 60027: Letter symbols to be used in electrical technology, IEC 60417: Graphical symbols for use on equipment. Index, survey and compilation of the single sheets and IEC 60617: Graphical symbols for diagrams

See web site address on title page.

# TECHNICAL REPORT

# IEC 60825-5

First edition 1998-11



© IEC 1998 — Copyright - all rights reserved

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Electrotechnical Commission 3, rue de Varembé Geneva, Switzerland Telefax: +41 22 919 0300 e-mail: inmail@iec.ch IEC web site http: //www.iec.ch



Commission Electrotechnique Internationale International Electrotechnical Commission Международная Электротехническая Комиссия



R

For price, see current catalogue

# CONTENTS

		Page
FOF	REWORD	3
Clau	se	
1	Scope	4
2	Object	4
3	Definitions	4
4	Identification	5
5	Tests	6
6	Classification	6
7	Labelling for Laser Radiation	6
8	Engineering specifications	9
9	Other informational requirements	15
	ex A Classification procedure ex B Arrangement of the checklist – rationale	

# INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

# SAFETY OF LASER PRODUCTS -

# Part 5: Manufacturer's checklist for IEC 60825-1

### FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested National Committees.
- 3) The documents produced have the form of recommendations for international use and are published in the form of standards, technical reports, technical specifications or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standard and the corresponding national or regional standard shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) The IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with one of its standards.
- 6) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this technical report may be the subject of patent rights. The IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

https://standards.iteh.a

48a7-b5d9-304da330e762/iec-tr-60825-5-1998

The main task of LEC technical committees is to prepare International Standards. However, a technical committee may propose the publication of a technical report when it has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard, for example "state of the art".

Technical reports do not necessarily have to be reviewed until the data they provide are considered to be no longer valid or useful.

IEC 60825-5, which is a technical report, has been prepared by IEC technical committee 76: Optical radiation safety and laser equipment.

The text of this technical report is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
76/160/CDV	76/187/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical report can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document, which is purely informative, is not to be regarded as an International Standard.

# SAFETY OF LASER PRODUCTS -

# Part 5: Manufacturer's checklist for IEC 60825-1

# SECTION ONE – GENERAL

NOTE – Numbers shown in parenthesis refer to the relevant clause in IEC 60825-1

### 1 Scope (1.1)

This technical report is applicable to laser products as described in IEC 60825-1

### 2 Object (1.2)

The checklist is intended for use by manufacturers of laser products and their agents to establish that each new or modified design complies with the requirements of IEC 60825-1: 1993. The checklist is not a substitute for IEC 60825-1. It is necessary to use IEC 60825-1 in conjunction with the checklist, as relevant clauses and subclauses are referred to in the text.

The layout of the checklist is intended only as a guide. Manufacturers and examiners are encouraged to produce their own document, omitting questions and clauses that are not relevant to the types of product under examination, but noting in the appropriate positions the numbers of such clauses stating, for example: "subclause 4.3.2: Question omitted – not applicable".

The manufacturer should ensure that the examiner is a person competent in the inspection and classification of laser products.

# 3 Definitions

755-48a7-b5d9-304da330e762/iec-tr-60825-5-1998

The definitions of NEC 60825-1 apply.

# 4 Identification

# 4.1 Details of examiner

Identification of the person responsible for examining and classifying the product under inspection:

Name:	Position:
print full name	print full title
f the above named person is not an emp examined, state the details of the employin	ployee of the manufacturer of the laser product to be ng organization:
Organization:	
Address:	
4.2 Laser product	X n la cos
Details of product to be inspected:	
Manufacturer:	Review
Address:	R 0825-5:1998 1993b a755 48a7 b549 304da330a762/iac.tr 60825 5
Name and/or Model Number of laser produ	uct:
Serial Number of laser product:	
Date of manufacture (if known):	Date of examination:

#### SECTION TWO – MANUFACTURING REQUIREMENTS

NOTE 1 – Numbers shown in parenthesis and italics refer to the relevant clause in IEC 60825-1.

NOTE 2 – Where a YES or NO answer is shown in this text as underlined, failure to give that answer, if applicable for this product, implies failure to comply with the requirements of IEC 60825-1 and corrective action will be required by the manufacturer or his agent if compliance is to be achieved.

NOTE 3 – If additional information is available to support answers given, write ENCL. in the right hand column and attach the information to the back of the checklist, referencing the relevant clause in the checklist.

NOTE 4 – If a question is not applicable to the laser product being examined, write N/A in the right hand column.

#### 5 Tests

#### 5.1 Measurements for determining classification

- **5.1.1** Have measurements of laser radiation been carried out in accordance YES/NO with the requirements of clause 8 of IEC 60825-1?
- **5.1.2** If NO, have measurements been deemed unnecessary by virtue of the physical characteristics and limitations of the laser source, so that the laser product is placed clearly in a particular class according to IEC 60825-1, clause 9?

YES/NO

- If NO, measurements for the determination of classification are required and shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of clause 8 of IEC 60825-1 before proceeding further. See annex A of this technical report for guidance.
- 5.1.3 If YES to either 5.1.1 or 5.1.2, state the following:
  - wavelength or wavelength range of accessible laser radiation\*:

https://standards-elmaximum level of accessible laser radiation\*:7\_b5d9\_304da330e762/iec-tr-60825\_5\_1998

6 Classification

6.1 Classification procedure

See annex A

State the Class assigned to the laser product:

#### 7 Labelling for Laser Radiation (5)

NOTE 1 - For all labels for light emitting diodes the word "laser" shall be replaced by "LED".

NOTE 2 – The words "laser light" on explanatory labels may be substituted for "laser radiation" if the output of the laser is in the visible range of 400 nm - 700 nm wavelength.

NOTE 3 – The words "invisible laser radiation" shall be substituted for "laser radiation" if the output of the laser is outside the visible range of 400 nm - 700 nm wavelength.

NOTE 4 – The words "visible and invisible laser radiation" shall be substituted for "laser radiation" if the output of the laser is both inside and outside the visible range of 400 nm - 700 nm wavelength.

<sup>\*</sup> Values should be expressed in units according to, and in consideration of, subclauses 8.2f to 8.2k of IEC 60825-1.

NOTE 5 – All labels shall be:

- permanently affixed;
- legible and clearly visible during operation, maintenance or service, according to their purpose;

 positioned so that they can be read without the necessity for human exposure to laser radiation in excess of the AEL for Class 1;

- with black text on a yellow background, except where specified.

If the size or design of the product makes labelling impractical, the labels should be included with the user information or the package  $% \left( {{\left[ {{{\rm{s}}_{\rm{s}}} \right]}_{\rm{s}}} \right)$ 

### 7.1 Class 1 laser products

**7.1.1** Is the following explanatory label (IEC 60825-1, figure 15) affixed to the product or included in the information for the user?

#### CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

NOTE -The colour combination of black/yellow is optional for this label

#### 7.2 Class 2 laser products

7.2.1 Is a warning label affixed to the product (IEC 60825-1, figure 14)? <u>YES</u>/NO

LASER RADIATION

**7.2.2** Is the following explanatory label (IEC 60825-1, figure 15) affixed to the product?

CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT

(See 7.6 for additional requirements for this label.)

- 7.3 Class 3A laser products
- 7.3.1 Is a warningNabel affixed to the product (IEC 60825-1, figure 14)? <u>YES</u>/NO
  7.3.2 Is the following explanatory label (IEC 60825-1, figure 15) affixed to the
- **7.3.2** Is the following explanatory label (IEC 60825-1, figure 15) affixed to the product?

LASER RADIATION DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM OR VIEW DIRECTLY WITH OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS CLASS 3A LASER PRODUCT

YES/NO

KES/NO

YES/NO

(See 7.6 for additional requirements for this label.)

### 7.4 Class 3B laser products

- 7.4.1 Is a warning label affixed to the product (IEC 60825-1, figure 14)? <u>YES/NO</u>
- **7.4.2** Is the following explanatory label (IEC 60825-1, figure 15) affixed to the product?

#### LASER RADIATION AVOID EXPOSURE TO BEAM CLASS 3B LASER PRODUCT

YES/NO

(See 7.6 for additional requirements for this label.)

**7.4.3** An aperture warning label shall be affixed on Class 3B laser products close to each laser aperture through which laser radiation in excess of the AEL for Class 1 or Class 2 is emitted. The label should bear the words:

LASER APERTURE

or the words:

AVOID EXPOSURE - LASER RADIATION IS EMITTED FROM THIS APERTURE

Aperture warning label(s) affixed? <u>YES</u>/NO

7.5 Class 4 laser products

7.5.1 Is a warning label affixed to the product (IEC 60825-1, figure 14)?

<u>YES</u>/NO

https://7.5.2 rds Is the following explanatory label (IEC 60825-1, figure 15) affixed to the /iec-tr-60825-5-1998 product?

LASER RADIATION AVOID EYE OR SKIN EXPOSURE TO DIRECT OR SCATTERED RADIATION CLASS 4 LASER PRODUCT

<u>YES</u>/NO

(See 7.6 for additional requirements for this label.)

**7.5.3** An aperture warning label shall be affixed on Class 4 laser products close to each laser aperture through which laser radiation in excess of the AEL for Class 1 or Class 2 is emitted. The label should bear the words:

LASER APERTURE

or the words:

AVOID EXPOSURE – LASER RADIATION IS EMITTED FROM THIS APERTURE

Aperture warning label(s) affixed? <u>YES</u>/NO