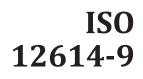
## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



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# Road vehicles — Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components —

Part 9: Gas-tight housing and ventilation hose

Véhicules routiers — Équipements pour véhicules utilisant le gaz **iTeh STAND** Partie 9: Compartiment étanche pour gaz et tuyaux de ventilation (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 12614-9:2014</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/106be191-96da-4d24-b6ea-8729457e390e/iso-12614-9-2014



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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 25, *Vehicles using gaseous fuels*.

#### ISO 12614-9:2014

ISO 12614 consists of the **following parts**) under the general/title Road vehicles be Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components: 8729457e390e/iso-12614-9-2014

- Part 1: General requirements and definitions
- Part 2: Performance and general test methods
- Part 3: Check valve
- Part 4: Manual valve
- Part 5: Tank pressure gauge
- Part 6: Overpressure regulator
- Part 7: Pressure relief valve
- Part 8: Excess flow valve
- Part 9: Gas-tight housing and ventilation hose
- Part 10: Rigid fuel line in stainless steel
- Part 11: Fittings
- Part 12: Rigid fuel line in material other than stainless steel
- Part 13: Pressure control regulator
- Part 14: Differential pressure fuel content gauge
- Part 15: Capacitance fuel content gauge

- Part 16: Heat exchanger vaporizer
- Part 17: Natural gas detector
- Part 18: Gas temperature sensor

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# Road vehicles — Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components —

## Part 9: Gas-tight housing and ventilation hose

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 12614 specifies tests and requirements for the gas-tight housing and ventilation hose, a liquefied natural gas fuel system component intended for use on the types of motor vehicles defined in ISO 3833.

This part of ISO 12614 is applicable to vehicles using natural gas in accordance with ISO 15403 (mono-fuel, bi-fuel, or dual-fuel applications). It is not applicable to the following:

- a) fuel containers;
- b) stationary gas engines;
- c) container mounting hardware ANDARD PREVIEW
- d) electronic fuel management(standards.iteh.ai)
- e) refueling receptacles.

#### <u>ISO 12614-9:2014</u>

NOTE 1 It is recognized that miscellaneous components not specifically dovered herein can be examined to meet the criteria of this part of ISO 12614 and tested according to the appropriate functional tests.

NOTE 2 All references to pressure in this part of ISO 12614 are to be considered gauge pressures unless otherwise specified.

NOTE 3 This part of ISO 12614 is based upon a working pressure for natural gas as a fuel of 1,6 MPa [16 bar<sup>1</sup>]. Other working pressures can be accommodated by adjusting the pressure by the appropriate factor (ratio). For example, 2 MPa (20 bar) working pressure system will require pressures to be multiplied by 1,25.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3833, Road vehicles — Types — Terms and definitions

ISO 12614-1, Road vehicles — Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components — Part 1: General requirements and definitions

ISO 12614-2, Road vehicles — Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components — Part 2: Performance and general test methods

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 12614-1 apply.

1) 1 bar = 0,1 MPa = 105 Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Marking 4

Marking of the component shall provide sufficient information to allow the following to be traced:

- the manufacturer's or agent's name, trademark, or symbol; a)
- the model designation (part number); b)
- temperature range. C)

The following additional markings are recommended:

- the direction of flow (when necessary for correct installation); d)
- the type of fuel; e)
- electrical ratings (if applicable); f)
- the symbol of the certification agency; g)
- the type approval number; h)
- the serial number or date code; i)
- reference to this part of ISO 12614 (i.e. ISO 12614-9). j)

This information can be provided by a suitable identification code on at least one part of the component NOTE when it consists of more than one parth STANDARD PREVIEW

# Construction and assembly (standards.iteh.ai)

### 5

The gas-tight housing and ventilation hose shall comply with the applicable provisions of ISO 12614-1 and ISO 12614-2 and with the tests specified in <u>Clause 6</u> of this part of ISO 12614.

The gas-tight housing shall be assembled in such a way that the function of the pressure relief device or devices (PRD) will not be affected.

#### 6 Test

#### 6.1 Applicability

The tests required to be carried out are indicated in Table 1.

Test	Applicable	Test procedure as required by ISO 12614-2	Specific test require- ments of this part of ISO 12614	
Leakage	Х	X	X (see <u>6.2</u> )	
Excess torque resistance	Х	Х		
Bending moment				
Continued operation				
Corrosion resistance	Х	Х		
Oxygen ageing	X	Х		
Electrical over voltages				
Non-metallic synthetic immersion	Х	Х		
Vibration resistance	Ха	Х		
Brass material compatibility				
Pull-off	Х		X (see <u>6.3</u> )	
a Applicable only if made of metal.				

Table 1 — Tests applicable

#### 6.2 Leakage

Test the gas-tight housing according to the procedure for leakage specified in ISO 12614-2, at the temperatures and pressures given in Table 2. (standards.iteh.ai)

	Table 2 — Test temperatures and pressures				
https://st	standards. <b>Temperatyste</b> ndards/sist/106be1 <b>Pressure</b> 124-b6e 8729457e390e/iso-12614-9-2014Pa (bar)				
	<-160	0,05 (0,5)			
	20	0,05 (0,5)			
	85	0,05 (0,5)			

#### ola Leunage

6.3 Pull-off

Test the ventilation hose attached by a suitable connection device to the gas-tight housing and to any other connecting point used, according to the following procedure and acceptance criterion:

- Place the test specimen in an appropriate test fixture, then statically apply a tensile load along the ventilation hose axis at a maximum rate of 100 N/min until the ventilation hose separates from its connecting points.
- The force required to pull the ventilation hose apart from its connecting points shall be not less than 100 N.