## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 9454-1

Second edition 2016-02-01

## Soft soldering fluxes — Classification and requirements —

Part 1: Classification, labelling and packaging

 ${\it Flux \ de \ brasage \ tendre--Classification \ et \ exigences--}$ 

iTeh STPartie 1: Classification, marquage et emballage (standards.iteh.ai)



ISO 9454-1:2016 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7fec2006-ac60-40fb-bc9e-650989885c9b/iso-9454-1-2016



### COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

#### © ISO 2016, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland Tel. +41 22 749 01 11 Fax +41 22 749 09 47 copyright@iso.org www.iso.org

Cont	zents	'age
Forew	ord	iv
	uction	<b>v</b>
1	Scope	1
2	Classification of fluxes	1
3	Labelling and packaging	1
Annex	A (informative) Grades of fluxes	3
Annex	B (informative) Testing of fluxes	6
Biblio	granhy	9

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Soldering materials*.

ISO 9454-1:2016

This second edition cancels and replaces the first redition (ISO-a94544-1:1990), which has been technically revised. 650989885c9b/iso-9454-1-2016

ISO 9454 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Soft soldering fluxes — Classification and requirements*:

- Part 1: Classification, labelling and packaging
- Part 2: Performance requirements

### Introduction

Fluxes assist molten solder to wet metal surfaces to be joined by removing oxides and related contaminations from the solder and surfaces of the parts during soldering. Fluxes also protect surfaces from oxidation an assist wetting of the basis metals by molten solder.

Care is necessary when selecting a flux for a particular application, in order to ensure an adequate service life of the assembly Factors such as the ease of residue removal, corrosiveness, possible health and safety hazards and the efficacy of the flux should all be considered.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

## Soft soldering fluxes — Classification and requirements —

### Part 1:

### Classification, labelling and packaging

WARNING — This part of ISO 9454-1 deals with products which might be hazardous to health, or which might cause other hazards such as corrosion, fire, etc., if adequate precautions are not taken. It refers only to the technical suitability of substances and in no way absolves the testing laboratory, the supplier, or the user from legal obligations relating to health and safety at any stage of flux manufacture or use.

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 9454-1 specifies a coding system for the classification of fluxes intended for use with soft solders, according to their active fluxing ingredients, together with requirements for labelling and packaging.

#### 2 Classification of fluxes

Fluxes specified in this part ISO 9454-1 have been classified in terms of their main ingredients and shall be encoded in accordance with Table 1 rds.iteh.ai)

For example, a phosphoric acid activated inorganic, flux with a halide content <0,01 % by mass, shall be encoded 3311, a non-halide activated rosin flux shall be encoded 1131.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7fec2006-ac60-40fb-bc9e-650989885c9b/iso-9454-1-2016

#### 3 Labelling and packaging

Fluxes supplied according to this part of ISO 9454-1 shall be packed in suitable containers, resistant to the flux they contain, and shall carry a label bearing the following information:

- a) supplier's name and address;
- b) name of the product;
- c) reference to this part of ISO 9454, i.e. ISO 9454-1, and the flux classification code according to Table 1;
- d) batch number;
- e) date of manufacture;
- f) details of any legal requirements concerning aspects of safety.

Labels shall be made of material resistant to the flux in the container.

Additional labelling requirements may be agreed upon between the supplier and the purchaser in accordance with the rules and regulations of the country or countries in question.

Table 1 — Classification of soft soldering fluxes according to their main ingredients

Flux type		Flux basis		Flux activation		Halide content % (by mass)
1 resin	1 2	rosin (non-modified colophony) resin (modified colophony or synthetic)	<ul><li>1 no activator added</li><li>2 halide activated</li></ul>			
2 organic (low or non-resin flux)	1 2	water-soluble non-water-soluble	3	non-halide activated		
3 inorganic	1 salts in aqueous solution 2 salts in organic formulation 3 acids 4 alkalis	1 2 1	with ammonium chloride without ammonium chloride with phosphoric acid	4 . 2 0	0,15 to 2,0 >2,0	
		2	without phosphoric acid amines and/or ammonium carbonates			

## Annex A

(informative)

### **Grades of fluxes**

<u>Table A.1</u> indicates, for guidance, the various grades of fluxes and only refers to halide content. Flux selection can also be done from different points of view.

Table A.1 — Guidance for the uses of the various grades of fluxes

ISO-Code	Type description	Halides	Guidance for use	
130-code	Type description	in % (by mass)		
1111	on basis of rosin (colophony) without additives	<0,01	electronics	
1111		<0,01	electrotechnology	
			electronics	
	on basis of rosin (colophony) with additives of organic activators containing halides (e.g. glutamic acid hydrochloride)  iTeh STANDARD PR		electrotechnology	
1122		<0,15	electronic device construc- tion	
		KE VIE W	metal goods	
	(standards.iteh on basis of rosin (colophony) with additives	.ai)	electronics	
			electrotechnology	
1123	of organic activators containing halides (e.g. http://diamiclacid.hydrochloride)ds/sist/7fec/	0,15 to 2,0 2006-ac60-40fb-bc9e 016	electronic device construc- tion	
	630989883C90/ISO-9434-1-20		metal goods	
	on basis of rosin (colophony) with additives of organic activators containing halides (e.g. glutamic acid hydrochloride)	>2,0	electronics	
			electrotechnology	
1124			electronic device construc- tion	
			metal goods	
			electronics	
1131	on basis of rosin (colophony) with additives of organic activators containing no halides (e.g.		electrotechnology	
1131	adipic, stearic, salicylic acid)		precision soldering	
			metal goods	
1211	on basis of modified resin without additives	<0,01	electronics	
1211		<0,01	electrotechnology	
	on basis of modified resin with additives of organic activators containing halides (e.g. glutamic acid hydrochloride)		electronics	
			electrotechnology	
1222		<0,15	electronic device construc- tion	
			metal goods	