TECHNICAL REPORT

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Welding — Guidelines for a metallic materials grouping system

Soudage — Lignes directrices pour un système de groupement des matériaux métalliques

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

In exceptional circumstances, when a technical committee has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard ("state of the art", for example), it may decide by a simple majority vote of its participating members to publish a Technical Report. A Technical Report is entirely informative in nature and does not have to be reviewed until the data it provides are considered to be no longer valid or useful.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/TR 15608 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Unification of requirements in the field of metal welding*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second ledition (ISO/TR 15608:2005), which has been technically revised. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2004b560-07d5-4eb5-bc78-

ccd0323ec26f/iso-tr-15608-2013

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this Technical Report should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 10 via your national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org.

Welding — Guidelines for a metallic materials grouping system

1 Scope

This Technical Report provides a uniform system for grouping of materials for welding purposes. It can also apply to other purposes, such as heat treatment, forming and non-destructive testing.

This Technical Report covers grouping systems for the following standardized materials:

- steels;
- aluminium and its alloys;
- copper and its alloys;
- nickel and its alloys;
- titanium and its alloys;
- zirconium and its alloys;
- cast irons.

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2 Grouping system for steels

ISO/TR 15608:2013

Steels are grouped as shown in Table 1. Only those elements that are specified in material standards or specifications shall be considered. The figures given in groups

- 1, 2, 3 and 11 refer to the chemical composition specified in the material standard (specified values), and
- 4 to 10 are based on the elemental content used in the designation of the alloys.

Table 1 — Grouping system for steels

Group	Subgroup	Type of steel
		Steels with a specified minimum yield strength $R_{\rm eH} \le 460 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and with analysis
		in per cent (%):
		C ≤ 0,25 ^d
		Si ≤ 0,60
		Mn ≤ 1,8
		$Mo \le 0.70^{b}$
		S ≤ 0,045
		$P \le 0.045$
4		$Cu \le 0.40^{b}$
1		Ni ≤ 0,5b
		$Cr \le 0,3 (0,4 \text{ for castings})^b$
		Nb ≤ 0,06
		V ≤ 0,1 ^b
		Ti ≤ 0,05
	1.1	Steels with a specified minimum yield strength $R_{\rm eH} \le 275 \ \rm N/mm^2$
	1.2	Steels with a specified minimum yield strength 275 N/mm ² < $R_{\rm eH} \le 360$ N/mm ²
	1.3	Normalized fine-grain steels with a specified minimum yield strength $R_{\rm eH}$ > 360 N/mm ²
	1.4	Steels with improved atmospheric corrosion resistance whose analysis may exceed the requirements for the single elements as indicated in group 1
		Thermomechanically treated fine grain steels and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength ReH > 360 N/mm2 with a specified minimum yield strength ReH > 360 N/mm2 with a specified minimum yield strength are accompanied with a specified minimum yield strength are accompanied with a specified minimum yield strength and accompanied with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength and cast strength and
2	2.1	Thermomechanically treated fine grain steels and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength 360 N/mm ² < $R_{\rm eH} \le 460$ N/mm ²
	2.2	Thermomechanically treated fine-grain steels and cast steels with a specified minimum yield strength $R_{\rm eH}$ > 460 N/mm ²
		Quenched and tempered and precipitation hardened fine-grain steels except stainless steels with a specified minimum yield strength $R_{\rm eH}$ > 360 N/mm ²
3	3.1	Quenched and tempered fine-grain steels with a specified minimum yield strength $360 \text{ N/mm}^2 < R_{\text{eH}} \le 690 \text{ N/mm}^2$
	3.2	Quenched and tempered fine-grain steels with a specified minimum yield strength $R_{\rm eH} > 690 \ \rm N/mm^2$
	3.3	Precipitation-hardened fine-grain steels except stainless steels
		Low vanadium alloyed Cr-Mo-(Ni) steels with Mo ≤ 0,7 % and V ≤ 0,1 %
4	4.1	Steels with Cr ≤ 0,3 % and Ni ≤ 0,7 %
	4.2	Steels with Cr ≤ 0,7 % and Ni ≤ 1,5 %
		Cr-Mo steels free of vanadium with C ≤ 0,35 %
	5.1	Steels with 0,75 % ≤ Cr ≤ 1,5 % and Mo ≤ 0,7 %
5	5.2	Steels with 1,5 % < Cr ≤ 3,5 % and 0,7 % < Mo ≤ 1,2 %
	5.3	Steels with 3,5 % < Cr ≤ 7,0 % and 0,4 % < Mo ≤ 0,7 %
	5.4	Steels with 7,0 % < Cr ≤ 10,0 % and 0,7 % < Mo ≤ 1,2 %

Table 1 (continued)

Group	Subgroup	Type of steel
		High vanadium alloyed Cr-Mo-(Ni) steels
6	6.1	Steels with 0,3 % \leq Cr \leq 0,75 %, Mo \leq 0,7 % and V \leq 0,35 %
	6.2	Steels with 0,75 % < Cr ≤ 3,5 %, 0,7 % < Mo ≤ 1,2 % and V ≤ 0,35 %
	6.3	Steels with 3,5 % < Cr \leq 7,0 %, Mo \leq 0,7 % and 0,45 % \leq V \leq 0,55 %
	6.4	Steels with 7,0 % < Cr ≤ 12,5 %, 0,7 % < Mo ≤ 1,2 % and V ≤ 0,35 %
		Ferritic, martensitic or precipitation-hardened stainless steels with C \leq 0,35 % and 10,5 % \leq Cr \leq 30 %
7	7.1	Ferritic stainless steels
	7.2	Martensitic stainless steels
	7.3	Precipitation-hardened stainless steels
		Austenitic stainless steels, Ni ≤ 35 %
8	8.1	Austenitic stainless steels with Cr ≤ 19 %
8	8.2	Austenitic stainless steels with Cr > 19 %
	8.3	Manganese austenitic stainless steels with 4 % < Mn ≤ 12 %
		Nickel alloy steels with Ni ≤ 10,0 %
9	9.1	Nickel alloy steels with Ni ≤ 3,0 %
9	9.2	Nickel alloy steels with 3,0 % < Ni ≤ 8,0 % L
	9.3	Nickel alloy steels with 8,0 % < Ni ≤ 10,0 %
		Austenitic ferritic stainless steels (duplex)
10	10.1	Austenitic ferritic stainless steels with Cr ≤ 24 %
10	10.2 h	Austendard retrictional and the control of the cont
	10.3	Austenitic ferritic stainless steels with Ni ≤ 2 %
		Steels covered by group 1^c except $0.25 \% < C \le 0.85 \%$
11	11.1	Steels as indicated under 11 with 0,25 % < C \leq 0,35 %
11	11.2	Steels as indicated under 11 with 0,35 % < C \leq 0,5 %
	11.3	Steels as indicated under 11 with 0,5 % < C ≤ 0,85 %

Based on the actual product analysis, group 2 steels may be considered group 1 steels.

If a material has different minimum specified yield strengths depending on the thickness, the highest yield strength shall be used for the determination of the subgroup.

3 Grouping system for aluminium and aluminium alloys

Aluminium and aluminium alloys are grouped as shown in <u>Table 2</u>. The figures given are based on the element content used in the designation of the alloys.

In accordance with the specification of the steel product standards, $R_{\rm eH}$ may be replaced by $R_{\rm p0,2}$ or $R_{\rm t0,5}$.

b A higher value is accepted, provided $Cr + Mo + Ni + Cu + V \le 0.75 \%$.

A higher value is accepted, provided $Cr + Mo + Ni + Cu + V \le 1 \%$.

A higher value is acceptable, provided $Cr + Mo + Ni + Cu + V \le 1\%$ and $CE (IIW) \le 0.55$. The CE (IIW) is specified in ISO/TR 17671-2.

Table 2 — Grouping system for aluminium and aluminium alloys

Group	Subgroup	Type of aluminium and aluminium alloy	
21		Pure aluminium ≤ 1 % impurities or alloy content	
22		Non heat treatable alloys	
	22.1	Aluminium-manganese alloys	
	22.2	Aluminium-magnesium alloys with Mg ≤ 1,5 %	
	22.3	Aluminium-magnesium alloys with 1,5 % < Mg ≤ 3,5 %	
	22.4	Aluminium-magnesium alloys with Mg > 3,5 %	
		Heat treatable alloys	
23	23.1	Aluminium-magnesium-silicon alloys	
	23.2	Aluminium-zinc-magnesium alloys	
		Aluminium-silicon alloys with Cu ≤ 1 %	
24	24.1	Aluminium-silicon alloys with Cu ≤ 1 % and 5 % < Si ≤ 15 %	
	24.2	Aluminium-silicon-magnesium alloys with Cu \leq 1 %; 5 % $<$ Si \leq 15 % and 0,1 % $<$ Mg \leq 0,80 %	
25		Aluminium-silicon-copper alloys with 5 % < Si \leq 14 % ; 1 % < Cu \leq 5 % and Mg \leq 0,8 %	
26		Aluminium-copper alloys with 2 % < Cu ≤ 6 %	
NOTE	E Groups 21 to 23 are generally for wrought materials and groups 24 to 26 are generally for cast materials.		

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4 Grouping system for copper and copper alloyseh ai)

Copper and copper alloys are grouped as indicated in Table 3.

Table 3 — Grouping system for copper and copper alloys

Group	Subgroup	Type of copper and copper alloy
31		Copper with up to 6 % Ag and 3 % Fe
		Copper-zinc alloys
32	32.1	Copper-zinc alloys, binary
	32.2	Copper-zinc alloys, complex
33		Copper-tin alloys
34		Copper-nickel alloys
35		Copper-aluminium alloys
36		Copper-nickel-zinc alloys
37		Copper alloys, low alloyed (less than 5 % other elements) not covered by groups 31 to 36
38		Other copper alloys (5 % or more other elements) not covered by groups 31 to 36

5 Grouping system for nickel and nickel alloys

Nickel and nickel alloys are grouped as indicated in <u>Table 4</u>. The figures given are based on the element content used in the designation of the alloys.

Table 4 — Grouping system for nickel and nickel alloys

Group	Type of nickel and nickel alloy
41	Pure nickel
42	Nickel-copper alloys (Ni-Cu) Ni ≥ 45 %, Cu ≥ 10 %
43	Nickel-chromium alloys(Ni-Cr-Fe-Mo) Ni ≥ 40 %
44	Nickel-molybdenum alloys (Ni-Mo) Ni ≥ 45 %, Mo ≤ 32 %
45	Nickel-iron-chromium alloys (Ni-Fe-Cr) Ni ≥ 31 %
46	Nickel-chromium-cobalt alloys (Ni-Cr-Co) Ni ≥ 45 %, Co ≥ 10 %
47	Nickel-iron-chromium-copper alloys (Ni-Fe-Cr-Cu) Ni ≥ 45 %
48	Nickel-iron-cobalt alloys (Ni-Fe-Co-Cr-Mo-Cu) 31 % ≤ Ni ≤ 45 % and Fe ≥ 20 %

6 Grouping system for titanium and titanium alloys

Titanium and titanium alloys are grouped as indicated in <u>Table 5</u>.

Table 5 — Grouping system for titanium and titanium alloys

Group	Subgroup	Type of titanium and titanium alloy
		Pure titanium
	51.1	Titanium with 02 1,20 % ARD PREVIEW
51	51.2	Titanium with $0.20 \% < 0.25 \%$
	51.3	Titanium with $0.25 \% < 0.2 \le 0.35 \%$
	51.4	Titanium with 0,35 %<02≤9640.%13
52	h	Alpharalloysieh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2004b560-07d5-4eb5-bc78-
53		Alpha-beta alloys ^b
54		Near-beta and beta alloys ^c

^a Alloys covered by group 52 are: Ti-0,2Pd; Ti-2,5Cu; Ti-5Al-2,5Sn; Ti-8Al-1Mo-1V; Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo; Ti-6Al-2Nb-1Ta-0,8Mo.

7 Grouping system for zirconium and zirconium alloys

Zirconium and zirconium alloys are grouped as indicated in <u>Table 6</u>.

Table 6 — Grouping system for zirconium and zirconium alloys

Group	Type of zirconium and zirconium alloy
61	Pure zirconium
62	Zirconium with 2,5 % Nb

8 Grouping system for cast irons

Cast irons are grouped as indicated in <u>Table 7</u>.

b Alloys covered by group 53 are: Ti-3Al-2,5V; Ti-6Al-4V; Ti-6Al-6V-2Sn; Ti-7Al-4Mo.

Alloys covered by group 54 are: Ti-10V-2Fe-3Al; Ti-13V-11Cr-3Al; Ti-11,5Mo-6Zr-4,5Sn; Ti-3Al-8V-6Cr-4Zr-4Mo.