
**Essential oil of ginger [*Zingiber
officinale* Roscoe]**

Huile essentielle de gingembre [Zingiber officinale Roscoe]

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[ISO 16928:2014](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/26c1c13e-6ef8-4fa7-ae35-1f8687530343/iso-16928-2014)

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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 254, *Essential oils*.

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Essential oil of ginger [*Zingiber officinale* Roscoe]

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of the essential oil of ginger (*Zingiber officinale* Roscoe) cultivated in China, India and West Africa, in order to facilitate assessment of its quality.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/TR 210, *Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage*

ISO/TR 211, *Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers*

ISO 212, *Essential oils — Sampling*

ISO 279, *Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method*

ISO 280, *Essential oils — Determination of refractive index*

ISO 592, *Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation*

ISO 11024 (all parts), *Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

essential oil of ginger

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the rhizome of *Zingiber officinale* Roscoe of the *Zingiberaceae* family, cultivated principally in China, India and West Africa

Note 1 to entry: For information on the CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092[2].

4 Requirements

4.1 Appearance

Clear mobile liquid.

4.2 Colour

China	India	West Africa
Pale yellow to amber	Yellow	Pale yellow to yellow

4.3 Odour

Characteristic of ginger rhizome, with spicy, peppered, lemony odour.

4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Value	China	India	West Africa
Minimum	0,873	0,872	0,872
Maximum	0,885	0,890	0,892

4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Value	China	India	West Africa
Minimum	1,486	1,484	1,486
Maximum	1,495	1,498	1,496

4.6 Optical rotation at 20 °C

China	India	West Africa
Between -47° and -26°	Between -50° and -27°	Between -47° and -18°

4.7 Chromatographic profile

Carry out the analysis of the essential oil by gas chromatography. Identify in the chromatogram obtained, the representative and characteristic components shown in [Table 1](#). The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in [Table 1](#). This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

Table 1 — Chromatographic profile
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Component	China		India		West Africa	
	Minimum %	Maximum %	Minimum %	Maximum %	Minimum %	Maximum %
α -Pinene	1,5	2,5	2,0	6,0	0,1	3,0
Camphene	4,5	10,0	5,0	8,0	0,2	12,0
Neral	n.d. ^a	0,5	0,1	0,4	0,2	2,0
Geraniol	0,1	1,0	0,1	0,6	0,1	3,5
Geranial	n.d. ^a	0,6	0,1	0,6	0,5	3,5
β -Elemene	0,5	1,5	0,6	1,1	n.d. ^a	1,0
α -Curcumene	5,0	11,0	6,5	9,0	3,0	11,0
α -Zingiberene	29,0	40,0	35,0	40,0	23,0	45,0
β -Bisabolene	2,5	9,0	2,5	5,5	3,0	7,0
β -Sesquiphellandrene	10,0	14,0	11,5	13,5	8,0	17,0

NOTE The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to typical chromatograms given for information in [Annex A](#).

^a Not detected.

4.8 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in [Annex B](#).

5 Sampling

Sampling shall be performed in accordance with ISO 212.

Minimum volume of test sample: 30 ml.

NOTE This volume allows each of the tests specified in this International Standard to be carried out at least once.

6 Test methods

6.1 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Determine the relative density in accordance with ISO 279.

6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

Determine the refractive index in accordance with ISO 280.

6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Determine the optical rotation in accordance with ISO 592.

6.4 Chromatographic profile

Determine the chromatographic profile in accordance with ISO 11024.

7 Packaging, labelling, marking and storage

These items shall be in accordance with ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

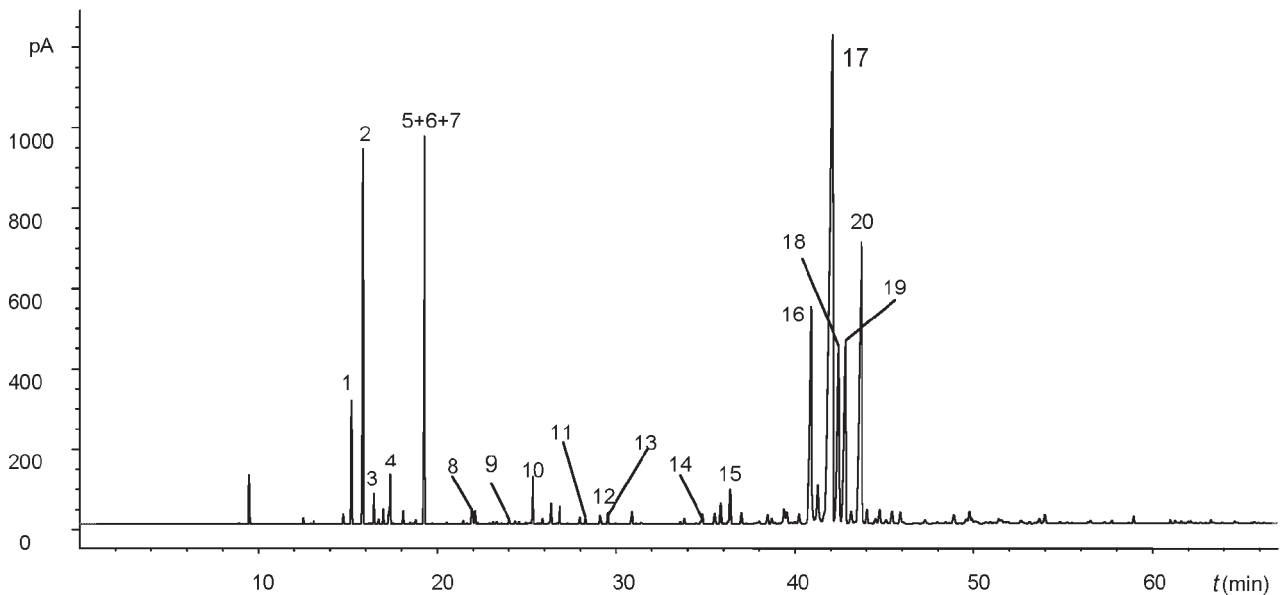
Annex A
(informative)

**Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography of
the essential oil of ginger (*Zingiber officinale* Roscoe)**

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**Key****Peak identification**

1	α -Pinene
2	Camphene
3	Methyl heptenone
4	β -Myrcene
5+6+7	Limonene + 1,8-Cineole + β -phellandrene
8	Linalool
9	Camphor
10	Borneol
11	Neral
12	Geraniol
13	Geranial
14	Geranyl acetate
15	β -Elemene
16	ar-Curcumene
17	α -Zingiberene
18	α -Farnesene
19	β -Bisabolene
20	β -Sesquiphellandrene

Operating conditions

Column: capillary, fused silica; length 60 m;
 internal diameter 0,25 mm
 Stationary phase: polydimethyl siloxane (DB-1)^a
 Film thickness: 0,25 μ m
 Oven temperature: isothermal at 60 °C for 2 min, then
 temperature programming from 60 °C to 150 °C at a rate of
 3 °C/min, temperature programming from 150 °C to 180 °C at
 a rate of 1 °C/min, temperature programming from 180 °C to
 220 °C at a rate of 5 °C/min, isothermal at 220 °C for 5 min
 Injector temperature: 250 °C
 Detector temperature: 250 °C
 Detector: flame ionization type
 Carrier gas: nitrogen
 Volume injected: 0,2 μ l
 Carrier gas flow rate: 1 ml/min
 Split ratio: 1/100

t time

^a Example of a suitable product available commercially. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by ISO of this product.

Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column for essential oil of ginger, produced in China