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Services provided by the physical layer (3GPP TS 38.202 version 15.5.0 Release 15)



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Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

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1 Scope

The present document is a technical specification of the services provided by the physical layer of 5G-NR to upper layers.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

[1]	3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications"
[2]	3GPP TS 38.201: "NR; Physical Layer – General Description"
[3]	3GPP TS 38.211: "NR; Physical channels and modulation"
[4]	3GPP TS 38.212: "NR; Multiplexing and channel coding"
[5]	3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control"
[6]	3GPP TS 38.214: "NR; Physical layer procedures for data"
[7]	3GPP TS 38.215: "NR; Physical layer measurements"
[8]	3GPP TS 38.306: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio access capabilities"
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3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document taxes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ARQ	Automatic Repeat Request
BCH	Broadcast Channel
CA	Carrier Aggregation
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DC	Dual Connectivity
DL	Downlink
FEC	Forward Error Correction
GF	Grant-Free

MAC Medium Access Control
MIMO Multiple Input Multiple Output
PBCH Physical Broadcast Channel

PCH Paging Channel

PDCCH Physical Downlink Control Channel
PDSCH Physical Downlink Shared Channel
PRACH Physical Random Access Channel
PUCCH Physical Uplink Control Channel
PUSCH Physical Uplink Shared Channel
RACH Random Access Channel

RF Radio Frequency

RNTI Radio Network Temporary Identifier

SCH Shared Channel SI System Information

SPS Semi-Persistent Scheduling
SRS Sounding Reference Signal
TPC Transmit Power Control

UL Uplink

4 Services and functions of the physical layer

4.1 General

The physical layer offers data transport services to higher layers.

The access to these services is through the use of transport channels via the MAC sub-layer.

A transport block is defined as the data delivered by MAC layer to the physical layer and vice versa.

4.2 Overview of L1 functions

As mentioned in [2, TS 38.201], the physical layer is expected to perform the following functions to provide the data transport service:

- Error detection on the transport channel and indication to higher layers;
- FEC encoding/decoding of the transport channel;
- Hybrid ARQ soft-combining;
- Rate matching of the coded transport channel to physical channels;
- Mapping of the coded transport channel onto physical channels;
- Power weighting of physical channels;
- Modulation and demodulation of physical channels;
- Frequency and time synchronisation;
- Radio characteristics measurements and indication to higher layers;
- Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO) antenna processing;
- RF processing.

L1 functions are modelled for each transport channel in subclause 5.

5 Model of physical layer of the UE

The 5G-NR physical-layer model captures those characteristics of the 5G-NR physical-layer that are relevant from the point-of-view of higher layers. More specifically, the physical-layer model captures:

- The structure of higher-layer data being passed down to or up from the physical layer;
- The means by which higher layers can configure the physical layer;
- The different indications (error indications, channel-quality indications, etc.) that are provided by the physical layer to higher layers.

5.1 Uplink model

5.1.1 Uplink shared channel

The physical-layer model for Uplink Shared Channel transmission is described based on the corresponding PUSCH physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.1.1-1. Processing steps that are relevant for the physical-layer model, e.g. in the sense that they are configurable by higher layers, are highlighted in blue.

Higher-layer data passed to/from the physical layer
CRC and transport-block-error indication
FEC and rate matching
Data modulation
Mapping to physical resource
Multi-antenna processing
Support of L1 control and Hybrid-ARQ-related signalling

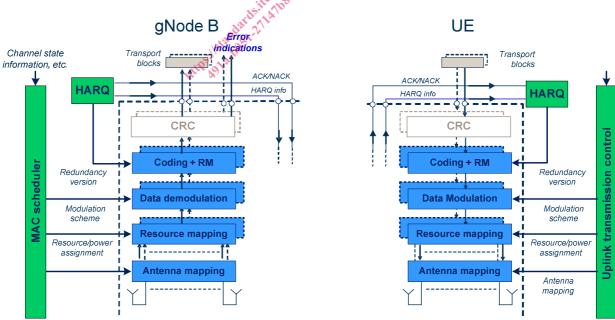


Figure 5.1.1-1: Physical-layer model for UL-SCH transmission

5.1.2 Random access channel

The physical-layer model for RACH transmission is characterized by a PRACH preamble format that consists of a cyclic prefix, a preamble, and a guard time during which nothing is transmitted.

5.2 Downlink model

5.2.1 Downlink shared channel

The physical-layer model for Downlink Shared Channel transmission is described based on the corresponding PDSCH physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.2.1-1. Processing steps that are relevant for the physical-layer model, e.g. in the sense that they are configurable by higher layers, are highlighted in blue.

- Higher-layer data passed to/from the physical layer;
- CRC and transport-block-error indication;
- FEC and rate matching;
- Data modulation;
- Mapping to physical resource; Multi-antenna processing; Support of L1 control and Hybrid-ARQ-related signalling gNode B Error indications Channel state information, etc. HARQ info **HARQ** HARQ info CRC CRC transmission control Coding + RM Coding + RM Redundancy Redundancy 100 version version **Data modulation** Data demodulation Modulation Modulation į. scheme scheme Resource mapping Resource mapping Resource/power assignment assignment Antenna mapping Antenna mapping Antenna

Figure 5.2.1-1: Physical-layer model for DL-SCH transmission

5.2.2 Broadcast channel

mapping

The physical-layer model for BCH transmission is characterized by a fixed pre-defined transport format. There is one transport block for the BCH every 80ms. The BCH physical-layer model is described based on the corresponding PBCH physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.2.2-1: