

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 13501-2:2016

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Nadomešča:

SIST EN 13501-2:2008+A1:2009

Požarna klasifikacija gradbenih proizvodov in elementov stavb - 2. del: Klasifikacija na podlagi podatkov iz preskusov požarne odpornosti, izvzete so prezračevalne naprave

Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 2: Classification using data from fire resistance tests, excluding ventilation services

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Klassifizierung von Bauprodukten und Bauarten zu ihrem Brandverhalten - Teil 2: Klassifizierung mit den Ergebnissen aus den Feuerwiderstandsprüfungen, mit Ausnahme von Lüftungsanlagen

SIST EN 13501-2:2016

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Classement au feu des produits et éléments de construction - Partie 2: Classement à partir des données d'essais de résistance au feu à l'exclusion des produits utilisés dans les systèmes de ventilation

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 13501-2:2016

ICS:

13.220.50 Požarna odpornost

gradbenih materialov in

elementov

Fire-resistance of building materials and elements

SIST EN 13501-2:2016 en,fr,de

SIST EN 13501-2:2016

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English Version

Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 2: Classification using data from fire resistance tests, excluding ventilation services

Classement au feu des produits et éléments de construction - Partie 2: Classement à partir des données d'essais de résistance au feu à l'exclusion des produits utilisés dans les systèmes de ventilation Klassifizierung von Bauprodukten und Bauarten zu ihrem Brandverhalten - Teil 2: Klassifizierung mit den Ergebnissen aus den Feuerwiderstandsprüfungen, mit Ausnahme von Lüftungsanlagen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 April 2016.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (EN 13501-2:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 127 "Fire safety in buildings", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This document supersedes EN 13501-2:2007+A1:2009.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

CEN, CENELEC and EOTA committees preparing technical specifications which contain performance requirements against resistance to fire tests should make reference to the resistance to fire classification given in this European Standard and not refer directly to any specific fire test method reh STANDARD PREVIEW

Changes have been made in this revision to bring it in line with the relevant current EC Decisions on fire resistance classification, and experience in use in the first edition.

EN 13501 Fire classification of construction products and building elements consists of the following Parts: ccc42a28671d/sist-en-13501-2-2016

- Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests
- Part 2: Classification using data from fire resistance tests, excluding ventilation services
- Part 3: Classification using data from fire resistance tests on components of normal building service installations: fire resisting ducts and fire dampers
- Part 4: Classification using data from fire resistance tests on components of smoke control systems
- Part 5: Classification using data from external fire exposure to roof tests
- Part 6: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests on electric cables

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

The aim of this European Standard is to define a harmonised procedure for the classification for resistance to fire of construction products and building elements. This classification is based on the test procedures listed in Clause 2 and the relevant field of application procedures.

This European Standard is prepared in support of the second basic requirement, in the EC Construction Products Regulation (305/2011) and is detailed in the Interpretative Document number 2 (ID2): Safety in case of fire (OJC62 Vol 37).

The Interpretative Document and the Commission Decision of 2 May 2000 specify performance and classes regarding fire resistance. These classes are identified by designation letters, each of which refers to an important characteristic of fire resistance behaviour.

This European Standard provides for a common understanding for these requirements. It interprets the functional requirements for the different groups of building elements and explains the method for deriving their classification on the basis of test results and/or extended application results for individual elements.

NOTE Test reports constitute the basis for extended application reports as explained in EN 15725.

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the procedure for classification of construction products and building elements using data from fire resistance and smoke leakage tests which are within the direct field of application of the relevant test method. Classification on the basis of extended application of test results is also included in the scope of this European Standard.

This European Standard deals with:

	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a)	loadbearing elements without a fire separating function:
_	walls;
_	floors;
_	roofs;
_	beams;
_	columns;
_	balconies;
_	walkways; iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
	stairs. (standards.iteh.ai)
b)	loadbearing elements with a fire separating function, with or without glazing, services and fixtures: https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a37ae10c-0ec9-47b1-a8ff-
	walls; ccc42a28671d/sist-en-13501-2-2016
_	floors;
_	roofs;
_	raised floors.
c)	products and systems for protecting elements or parts of the works:
_	ceilings with no independent fire resistance;
_	fire protective coatings, claddings and screens;
d)	non-loadbearing elements or parts of works, with or without glazing, services and fixtures:
_	partitions;
	facades (curtain walls) and external walls;
_	ceilings with independent fire resistance;
_	raised floors;
_	fire doors and shutters and their closing devices;

- smoke control doors;
- conveyor systems and their closures;
- penetration seals;
- linear joint seals;
- service ducts and shafts;
- chimneys.
- e) wall and ceiling coverings with fire protection ability.
- f) lift landing doors which are tested according to EN 81-58 are excluded from this European Standard. Lift landing doors which are tested in accordance with EN 1634-1, are classified in accordance with 7.5.5.

Relevant test methods which have been prepared for these elements are listed in Clauses 2 and 7.

2 Normative references

The following documents in whole or in part are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1363-2, Fire resistance tests - Part 2: Alternative and additional procedures

ccc42a28671d/sist-en-13501-2-2016 EN 1364-1:2015, Fire resistance tests for non-loadbearing elements - Part 1: Walls

EN 1364-2:1999, Fire resistance tests for non-loadbearing elements - Part 2: Ceilings

EN 1364-3, Fire resistance tests for non-loadbearing elements - Part 3: Curtain walling - Full configuration (complete assembly)

EN 1364-4, Fire resistance tests for non-loadbearing elements - Part 4: Curtain walling - Part configuration

EN 1365-1:2012, Fire resistance tests for loadbearing elements - Part 1: Walls

EN 1365-2:2014, Fire resistance tests for loadbearing elements - Part 2: Floors and roofs

EN 1365-3, Fire resistance tests for loadbearing elements - Part 3: Beams

EN 1365-4, Fire resistance tests for loadbearing elements - Part 4: Columns

EN 1365-5, Fire resistance tests for loadbearing elements - Part 5: Balconies and walkways

EN 1365-6, Fire resistance tests for loadbearing elements - Part 6: Stairs

EN 1366-3, Fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 3: Penetration seals

EN 1366-4, Fire resistance tests for service installations — Part 4: Linear joint seals

EN 1366-5, Fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 5: Service ducts and shafts

EN 1366-6, Fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 6: Raised access and hollow core floors

EN 1366-7:2004, Fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 7: Conveyor systems and their closures

EN 1634-1:2014, Fire resistance and smoke control tests for door and shutter assemblies, openable windows and elements of building hardware - Part 1: Fire resistance test for door and shutter assemblies and openable windows

EN 1634-3:2004, Fire resistance and smoke control tests for door and shutter assemblies, openable windows and elements of building hardware - Part 3: Smoke control test for door and shutter assemblies

EN 13216-1, Chimneys - Test methods for system chimneys - Part 1: General test methods

EN 13381-1, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 1: Horizontal protective membranes

EN 13381-2, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 2: Vertical protective membranes

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EN 13381-3, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 3: Applied protection to concrete members

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a37ae10c-0ec9-47b1-a8ff-EN 13381-4, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 4: Applied passive protection to steel members

EN 13381-5, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 5: Applied protection to concrete/profiled sheet steel composite member

EN 13381-6, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 6: Applied protection to concrete filled hollow steel columns

ENV 13381-7, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 7: Applied protection to timber members

EN 13381-8, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 8: Applied reactive protection to steel members

EN 13381-9, Test methods for determining the contribution to the fire resistance of structural members - Part 9: Applied fire protection systems to steel beams with web openings

EN 14135, Coverings - Determination of fire protection ability

EN 14600, Doorsets and openable windows with fire resisting and/or smoke control characteristics — Requirements and classification

EN 15080-8, Extended application of results from fire resistance tests - Part 8: Beams

EN 15080-12, Extended application of results from fire resistance tests - Part 12: Loadbearing masonry walls

EN 15254-2, Extended application of results from fire resistance tests - Non-loadbearing walls - Part 2: Masonry and Gypsum Blocks

EN 15254-4, Extended application of results from fire resistance tests — Nonloadbearing walls — Part 4: glazed constructions

EN 15254-5, Extended application of results from fire resistance tests - Non-loadbearing walls - Part 5: Metal sandwich panel construction

EN 15254-6, Extended application of results from fire resistance tests - Non-loadbearing walls - Part 6: Curtain walling

EN 15254-7, Extended application of results from fire resistance tests - Non-loadbearing ceilings - Part 7: Metal sandwich panel construction

EN 15269-1, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware - Part 1: General requirements

EN 15269-2, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware - Part 2: Fire resistance of hinged and pivoted steel doorsets

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EN 15269-3, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware - Part 3: Fire resistance of hinged and pivoted timber doorsets and openable timber framed windows

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EN 15269-5, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware - Part 5: Fire resistance of hinged and pivoted metal framed glazed doorsets and openable windows

prEN 15269-6, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware - Part 6: Fire resistance of sliding timber doorsets

EN 15269-7, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware - Part 7: Fire resistance for steel sliding doorsets

EN 15269-10, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies including their elements of building hardware - Part 10: Fire resistance of steel rolling shutter assemblies

prEN 15269-11, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware — Part 11: Fire resistance for operable fabric curtains

EN 15269-20, Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware - Part 20: Smoke control for hinged and pivoted steel, timber and metal framed glazed doorsets

EN 15725, Extended application reports on the fire performance of construction products and building elements

EN 15882-3, Extended applications of results from fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 3: Penetration seals

EN 15882-4, Extended application of results from fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 4: Linear joint seals

EN ISO 13943:2010, Fire safety - Vocabulary (ISO 13943:2008)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN ISO 13943:2010 and the following apply.

3.1

element of building construction

defined part of a construction component, such as wall, partition, floor, roof, beam or column

Note 1 to entry: Element covers both individual products and elements made up of one or more products.

[SOURCE: EN 1363-1: 2012]h STANDARD PREVIEW

3.2 (standards.iteh.ai)

ceiling

non-loadbearing element of a building construction designed to provide horizontal fire separation https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a37ae10c-0ec9-47b1-a8ff-ccc42a28671d/sist-en-13501-2-2016

[SOURCE: EN 1364-2:1999]

3.3

self-supporting ceiling

ceiling with a span from wall to wall, without any additional suspension devices

[SOURCE: EN 1364-2:1999]

3.4

door or shutter assembly (doorset)

pedestrian doorset or industrial type doorset including any frame or guide, door leaf or leaves, rolling or folding curtain, etc; which is provided to give a fire resisting capability when used for the closing of permanent openings in fire resisting elements, which includes any side panel(s), flush over panel(s) transom panel(s) and/or glazing together with the building hardware and any seals (whether provided for the purpose of fire resistance or smoke control or for other purposes such as draught or acoustics) which form the assembly

[SOURCE: EN 1634-1: 2014]

3.5

floor

horizontal separating element of building construction which is loadbearing

[SOURCE: EN 1365-2: 2014]

3.6

roof

horizontal or sloped separating element of building construction which is loadbearing and includes the roof covering

[SOURCE: EN 1365-2: 2014]

3.7

ceiling (suspended)

lining plus any supporting framework, including hangers, fixings and any insulation material suspended from the structural building member

[SOURCE: EN 1365-2: 2014]

3.8

ceiling system

full ceiling assembly submitted for test, including hangers and fixings, e.g. lighting and ventilation ductings and access points

[SOURCE: EN 1365-2: 2014]

3.9

loadbearing wall

wall designed to support a vertically applied load DPRFVFW

3.10 (standards.iteh.ai)

non-loadbearing wall

wall designed not to be subjected to any load other than its self weight

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[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015] ccc42a28671d/sist-en-13501-2-2016

3.11

internal wall

wall with or without glazing which provides fire separation and which may be exposed separately to a fire from either side

[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015 and EN 1365-1: 2012]

3.12

external wall

wall forming the external envelope of a building including glazing which may be exposed separately to an internal or an external fire

[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015 and EN 1365-1: 2012]

3.13

insulated wall

wall, with or without glazing, which satisfies both the integrity and insulation criteria for the achieved fire resistance period

[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015 and EN 1365-1: 2012]

3.14

un-insulated wall

wall, with or without glazing, which satisfies the integrity and, where required, the radiation criteria for the achieved fire resistance period but which is not intended to provide insulation.

Note 1 to entry: Such a wall can consist entirely of un-insulated fire resistant glazing.

[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015 and EN 1365-1:2012]

separating wall

wall with or without glazing provided within a building or between adjoining buildings to prevent the transfer of fire from one side to the other

[SOURCE: EN 1365-1:2012]

3.16

curtain wall

external non-loadbearing wall which is independent of the structural frame and supported in place in front of loadbearing structures. A curtain wall typically includes panels, glazing, seals, fixings, transoms and mullions

3.17

fire resistant glazing Teh STANDARD PREVIEW glazing system consisting of one or more transparent or translucent panes with a suitable method of mounting, with e.g. frames, seals and fixing materials, capable of satisfying the appropriate fire resistance criteria

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[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015] dards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a37ae10c-0ec9-47b1-a8ffccc42a28671d/sist-en-13501-2-2016

3.18

insulated glazing

fire resistant glazing which satisfies both the integrity and insulation criteria for the achieved fire resistance period

[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015]

3.19

un-insulated glazing

fire resistance glazing which satisfies the integrity and, where required, the radiation criteria for the achieved fire resistance period but which is not intended to provide insulation

[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015]

3.20

glazed element

building element with one or more (light transmissive) panes, fire resistant or not, that are built in a frame with fixings and seals

[SOURCE: EN 1364-1:2015]