

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 716-1:2017

01-november-2017

Nadomešča:

SIST EN 716-1:2008+A1:2013

Pohištvo - Otroške postelje in zložljive posteljice za domačo uporabo - 1. del: Varnostne zahteve

Furniture - Children's cots and folding cots for domestic use - Part 1: Safety requirements

Möbel - Kinderbetten und Reisekinderbetten für den Wohnbereich - Teil 1: Sicherheitstechnische Anforderungen DARD PREVIEW

(standards.iteh.ai)

Mobilier - Lits à nacelle fixes et pliants à usage domestique pour enfants - Partie 1 :

Exigences de sécurité <u>SIST EN 1</u>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/de309e5e-7673-4d6b-99fl-b4e061f7228c/sist-en-716-1-2017

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 716-1:2017

ICS:

97.140 Pohištvo Furniture

97.190 Otroška oprema Equipment for children

SIST EN 716-1:2017 en,fr,de

SIST EN 716-1:2017

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

b4e061f7228c/sist-en-716-1-2017

SIST EN 716-1:2017 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/de309e5e-7673-4d6b-99f1EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM EN 716-1

June 2017

ICS 97.140; 97.190

Supersedes EN 716-1:2008+A1:2013

English Version

Furniture - Children's cots and folding cots for domestic use - Part 1: Safety requirements

Mobilier - Lits à nacelle fixes et pliants à usage domestique pour enfants - Partie 1: Exigences de sécurité Möbel - Kinderbetten und Reisekinderbetten für den Wohnbereich - Teil 1: Sicherheitstechnische Anforderungen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 February 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

b4e061f7228c/sist-en-716-1-2017



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

EN 716-1:2017 (E)

Cont	ents	Page
European foreword		3
1	Scope	4
2	Normative references	4
3	Terms and definitions	4
4	Safety requirements	
4.1	General	
4.2	Materials	
4.2.1	Materials and surfaces	
4.2.2	Flammability of textiles, coated textiles and plastics coverings	
4.3	Initial stability	
4.4	Construction	
4.4.1	General	_
4.4.2	Holes, gaps and openings on the inside of the cot	
4.4.3	Head entrapment on the outside of the cot	
4.4.4	Shear and squeeze points	
4.4.5	Snag pointsLocking systems	7
4.4.6	Locking systems	7
4.4.7	Cot base (standards.itch.ai) Sides and ends	8
4.4.8		
4.4.9	Cot rim	9
4.5	Final stabilityquee/gundudequehay/multar/multa	9
4.6	Mattress size	9
5	Packaging	9
6	Instructions for use	9
7	Marking	11
Annex	A (informative) A-deviations	12
Annex	Annex B (informative) Rationale	

European foreword

This document (EN 716-1:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 207 "Furniture", the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 716-1:2008+A1:2013.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

Compared to EN 716-1:2008+A1:2013, the following modifications have been made:

- introduction of the elements of the amendment;
- modification of the references (EN 716-2:2008+A1:2013 replaced with EN 716-2:2017);
- clarification of 4.4.8.1, "Movable sides";
- modification of 4.4.8.2, "Distance between footholds and top of cot sides and ends";
- clarification of the instructions for use (Clause 6);
- addition of a warning concerning the risk to add a second mattress in the bed;
- modification of Clause 7 concerning marking.

EN 716, *Furniture* — *Children's cots and folding cots for domestic use*, is composed with the following parts:

- Part 1: Safety requirements;
- Part 2: Test methods.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

EN 716-1:2017 (E)

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies safety requirements for children's cots for domestic use with an internal length greater than 900 mm but not more than 1 400 mm.

The requirements apply to a cot that is fully assembled and ready for use.

For cots that can be converted into other items e.g. changing units, playpens additional requirements can apply.

This European Standard does not apply to carry cots, cribs and cradles for which a separate European standard exists.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 71-1, Safety of toys — Part 1: Mechanical and physical properties

EN 71-2:2011+A1:2014, Safety of toys — Part 2: Flammability

EN 71-3, Safety of toys — Part 3: Migration of certain elements

EN 716-2:2017, Furniture — Children's cots and folding cots for domestic use — Part 2: Test methods

EN 1103, Textiles - Fabrics for apparel — Detailed procedure to determine the burning behaviour

3 Terms and definitions

SIST EN 716-1:2017

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/de309e5e-7673-4d6b-99f1-

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

folding cot

cot which can be dismantled or folded without the use of a tool for transportation

Note 1 to entry: This does not include items such as carry cots intended for transportation of infants.

Note 2 to entry: In some countries "folding cots" are also called "travel cots".

3.2

locking system

mechanism that consists of a locking device and one or more operating devices, which can deactivate the locking device, e.g. by pushing a button, pressing a lever or turning a knob

3.3

locking device

device intended to maintain the cot or parts of it in its intended position

3.4

shear and squeeze points

gaps which can cause harm to parts of the body and which occur when two accessible parts move relative to each other

3.5

accessible parts

when a child's hand can neither reach through sides nor ends, inside of the cot and the exterior of the cot 300 mm from the upper part of the rim,

when a child's hand can reach through sides or ends, whole cot, except for the underside of the cot base

3.6

mattress base

cot base and mattress combined in one component

3.7

movable sides

sliding sides, drop sides, folding sides, etc.

4 Safety requirements

4.1 General

With the exception of the requirements specified in 4.2, the requirements apply both before and after testing in accordance with EN 716–2.

4.2 Materials

4.2.1 Materials and surfaces STANDARD PREVIEW

The manufacturer/importer/retailer shall provide verification that all accessible parts meet the relevant requirements from EN 71-3.

4.2.2 Flammability of textiles, coated textiles and plastics coverings 99fl

b4e061f7228c/sist-en-716-1-2017 When tested in accordance with EN 71-2:2011+A1:2014, 5.4, the maximum rate of spread of flame of textiles, coated textiles or plastic coverings shall be 30 mm/s.

When tested in accordance with EN 1103, there shall be no flash-effect.

4.3 Initial stability

When tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.2, the cot shall not overturn.

4.4 Construction

4.4.1 General

4.4.1.1 Edges and protruding parts

Edges and protruding parts accessible during normal use shall be rounded or chamfered and free of burrs and sharp edges.

4.4.1.2 Self-tapping screws

Self-tapping screws shall not be used to fasten any component that is designed to be removed or loosened when dismantling the cot for purposes of transportation or storage.

NOTE Self-tapping screws include wood screws, particleboard screws and the like.

EN 716-1:2017 (E)

4.4.1.3 Labels and decals

Glued labels and decals shall not be used on the internal surfaces of cot sides and ends unless they are below the level of the cot base or mattress base.

4.4.1.4 Small parts

When tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.5, no accessible part that can be detached shall fit wholly within the small parts cylinder.

4.4.1.5 Castors and wheels

Castors/wheels shall not be fitted except in the following configuration, either:

- a) two or more castors/wheels and at least two other support points, or,
- b) at least four castors/wheels, of which at least two can be locked.

4.4.2 Holes, gaps and openings on the inside of the cot

4.4.2.1 General

With the exception of the holes, gaps and openings specified in 4.4.2.2, 4.4.2.3, 4.4.2.4, 4.4.2.5, 4.4.2.6, 4.4.4.2 and 4.4.4.3 all other accessible holes, gaps and openings shall be less than 7 mm, between 12 mm and 25 mm, or between 45 mm and 65 mm when tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.4.1.

4.4.2.2 Assembly holes iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

There shall be no accessible holes between 7 mm diameter and 12 mm diameter, unless the depth is less than 10 mm.

4.4.2.3 Distance between cot base and sides and ends https://standards.iteh.a/catalog/standards/sist/de309e5e-7673-4d6b-99f1-

When tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.4.1, it shall not be possible for the 25 mm cone to pass between the cot base and the sides, and between the cot base and the ends.

4.4.2.4 Openings in mesh sides and ends

When the sides or ends are of mesh, it shall not be possible for the 7 mm cone as described in EN 716-2:2017, 4.1 to pass through the holes of the mesh.

4.4.2.5 Distance between slats of the cot base

When tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.4.1, it shall not be possible for the 60 mm cone to pass between two adjacent slats of the cot base.

4.4.2.6 Openings in mesh of the cot base

When tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.4.1, it shall not be possible for the 85 mm cone to pass through a cot base made of mesh.

4.4.3 Head entrapment on the outside of the cot

The following requirements do not apply to cots that have mesh or fabric sides/ends and a rigid leg or support system, when the lowest part of the opening is less than 100 mm from the floor.

When tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.4.2, completely bound openings on the outside (exterior) of the cot that allow passage of the small head probe, shall also allow the large head probe to pass completely through the bound opening.

Completely bound openings that allow the large probe to pass completely through shall comply with the requirement for partially bound, V and irregular shaped openings when tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.4.2.

Partially bound, V and irregular shaped openings shall be constructed so that:

- a) portion B of the template does not enter the opening when tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.4.2; or
- b) apex of portion A of the template contacts the base of the opening when tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.4.2.

4.4.4 Shear and squeeze points

4.4.4.1 Shear and squeeze points when setting up and folding

If 4.4.4.2 or 4.4.4.3 are not applicable, shear and squeeze points that are created only when setting up or folding are permitted.

4.4.4.2 Shear and squeeze points under the influence of powered mechanisms

Where powered or spring loaded mechanisms are used, the distance between two accessible parts moving relative to each other shall always be greater than 18 mm or smaller than 5 mm.

4.4.4.3 Shear and squeeze points during use

There shall be no accessible shear and squeeze points which close to less than 18 mm unless they are always less than 5 mm before and during the last load application according to EN 716-2:2017, 5.9.1.

4.4.5 Snag points

When tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5:10, the mass shall not be supported by any part accessible from inside the cot. Parts of cot sides and ends more than 1 400 mm above the cot base are considered not accessible.

4.4.6 Locking systems

4.4.6.1 Locking systems for folding cots

Folding cots that fold towards the inside shall be equipped with at least two locking systems fulfilling the requirements of 4.4.6.2.

All other folding cots shall be equipped with a locking system fulfilling the requirements of 4.4.6.2 in order to prevent an unintentional folding.

The cot shall not fold and the locking system shall fulfil its function when tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.11.

4.4.6.2 All locking systems

With the exception of the locks on castors/wheels, all locking systems shall:

- a) have a residual force of at least 50 N (tangential when relevant) for operation when tested in accordance with EN 716-2:2017, 5.11; or
- b) require at least two consecutive actions operating on different principles, the second being dependent on the first having been carried out and maintained; or
- c) require at least two separate but simultaneous actions operating on different principles; or