



**Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
LTE;
Web Real-Time Communications (WebRTC)
access to the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN)
subsystem (IMS);
Stage 3;
Protocol specification
(3GPP TS 24.371 version 13.10.0 Release 13)**



Reference

RTS/TSGC-0124371vda0

Keywords

LTE,UMTS

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la
Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from:

<http://www.etsi.org/standards-search>

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the prevailing version of an ETSI deliverable is the one made publicly available in PDF format at www.etsi.org/deliver.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

<https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx>

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services:

<https://portal.etsi.org/People/CommiteeSupportStaff.aspx>

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2019.

All rights reserved.

DECT™, **PLUGTESTS™**, **UMTS™** and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members.

3GPP™ and **LTE™** are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

oneM2M™ logo is a trademark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the oneM2M Partners.

GSM® and the GSM logo are trademarks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Intellectual Property Rights

Essential patents

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "*Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards*", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (<https://ipr.etsi.org/>).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Trademarks

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

Legal Notice

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The present document may refer to technical specifications or reports using their 3GPP identities. These shall be interpreted as being references to the corresponding ETSI deliverables.

The cross reference between 3GPP and ETSI identities can be found under <http://webapp.etsi.org/key/queryform.asp>.

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"**must**" and "**must not**" are **NOT** allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

Contents

| | |
|---|----|
| Intellectual Property Rights | 2 |
| Legal Notice | 2 |
| Modal verbs terminology..... | 2 |
| Foreword..... | 6 |
| 1 Scope | 7 |
| 2 References | 7 |
| 3 Definitions and abbreviations..... | 9 |
| 3.1 Definitions | 9 |
| 3.2 Abbreviations | 9 |
| 4 Overview of WebRTC access to IMS | 10 |
| 4.1 General | 10 |
| 5 Functional entities | 10 |
| 5.1 General | 10 |
| 5.2 WIC (WebRTC IMS Client) | 10 |
| 5.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)..... | 11 |
| 5.4 WAF (WebRTC Authorisation Function) | 11 |
| 5.5 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)..... | 11 |
| 5.6 eIMS-AGW (IMS Access Gateway enhanced for WebRTC) | 11 |
| 5A Data transport | 11 |
| 5A.1 General | 11 |
| 5A.2 UE | 11 |
| 5A.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)..... | 11 |
| 5A.4 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC) | 12 |
| 5B Data framing and securing | 12 |
| 5B.1 General | 12 |
| 5B.2 UE | 12 |
| 5B.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)..... | 12 |
| 5B.4 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)..... | 12 |
| 5C Data formats | 13 |
| 5C.1 General | 13 |
| 5C.2 UE | 13 |
| 5C.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)..... | 13 |
| 5C.4 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)..... | 13 |
| 5D Connection management | 14 |
| 5D.1 General | 14 |
| 5D.2 UE | 14 |
| 5D.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)..... | 14 |
| 5D.4 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)..... | 14 |
| 5E Presentation and control | 14 |
| 5E.1 General | 14 |
| 5E.2 UE | 14 |
| 5E.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)..... | 15 |
| 5E.4 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)..... | 15 |
| 5F Local system support functions..... | 15 |
| 5F.1 General | 15 |
| 5F.2 UE | 15 |
| 5F.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)..... | 15 |
| 5F.4 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)..... | 15 |
| 6 Registration and authentication | 15 |

| | | |
|----------|---|----|
| 6.1 | General | 15 |
| 6.2 | WIC (WebRTC IMS Client) | 16 |
| 6.2.1 | WIC registration of individual Public User Identity using IMS authentication | 16 |
| 6.2.1.1 | General | 16 |
| 6.2.1.2 | W2 using SIP Digest credentials | 16 |
| 6.2.1.3 | W2 using IMS-AKA | 16 |
| 6.2.2 | WIC registration of individual public user identity based on web authentication | 17 |
| 6.2.3 | WIC registration of individual public user identity from a pool of public user identities | 17 |
| 6.3 | WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function) and WAF (WebRTC Authorisation Function) | 17 |
| 6.3.1 | WIC registration of individual public user identity using web credentials | 17 |
| 6.3.2 | WIC registration of individual public user identity from a pool of public user identities | 18 |
| 6.4 | eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC) | 18 |
| 6.4.1 | WIC registration of individual Public User Identity using IMS authentication | 18 |
| 6.4.1.1 | Determination of IMS authentication mechanism | 18 |
| 6.4.1.2 | W2 using SIP Digest credentials | 18 |
| 6.4.1.3 | W2 using IMS-AKA | 19 |
| 6.4.2 | WIC registration of individual public user identity using web credentials | 19 |
| 6.4.3 | WIC registration of individual public user identity from a pool of public user identities | 20 |
| 6A | Deregistration | 20 |
| 6A.1 | General | 20 |
| 6A.2 | WIC (WebRTC IMS Client) | 20 |
| 6A.3 | eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC) | 21 |
| 7 | Call origination and termination | 21 |
| 7.1 | General | 21 |
| 7.2 | WIC (WebRTC IMS Client) | 21 |
| 7.2.1 | General | 21 |
| 7.2.2 | WIC originating call | 21 |
| 7.2.3 | WIC terminating call | 22 |
| 7.2.4 | WIC emergency call | 22 |
| 7.3 | WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function) | 22 |
| 7.4 | eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC) | 23 |
| 7.4.1 | General | 23 |
| 7.4.2 | WIC originating call | 23 |
| 7.4.3 | WIC terminating call | 24 |
| 7.4.4 | WIC emergency call | 24 |
| 7.4.5 | Media optimization procedure | 25 |
| 7.4.5.1 | WIC originating call | 25 |
| 7.4.5.2 | WIC terminating call | 26 |
| 8 | Data channel open and close | 28 |
| 8.1 | General | 28 |
| 8.2 | WIC (WebRTC IMS Client) | 29 |
| 8.2.1 | General | 29 |
| 8.2.2 | WIC originating call | 29 |
| 8.2.3 | WIC terminating call | 29 |
| 8.3 | WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function) | 29 |
| 8.4 | eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC) | 29 |
| 8.4.1 | General | 29 |
| 8.4.2 | WIC originating call | 30 |
| 8.4.3 | WIC terminating call | 30 |
| 9 | Call modification | 31 |
| 10 | IP multimedia application support in the IM CN subsystem using webRTC | 31 |
| 10.1 | General | 31 |
| 10.2 | Access to MMTel and supplementary services using webRTC | 31 |
| 10.2.1 | General | 31 |
| 10.2.2 | WIC (WebRTC IMS Client) | 31 |
| 10.2.2.1 | SIP based protocol used by the WIC | 31 |
| 10.2.2.2 | non-SIP based protocol used by the WIC | 31 |
| 10.2.3 | WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function) | 31 |
| 10.2.4 | eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC) | 31 |

Annex A (informative): Example signalling flows33

A.1 Scope of signalling flows33

A.2 Void.....33

A.3 Signalling flows for registration.....33

A.3.1 Void.....33

A.3.2 WIC registration of individual public user identity based on web authentication.....33

A.3.3 Void.....35

A.4 Void.....35

A.5 Void.....35

Annex B (informative): Change history36

History38

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
 (standards.iteh.ai)
 Full standard:
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4db070de-d9c1-4171-8135-84ae967ea63d/etsi-ts-124-371-v13.10.0-2019-10>

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)
Full standard:
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4db070de-d9c1-4171-8135-84ae967ea63d/etsi-ts-124-371-v13.10.0-2019-10>

1 Scope

The present document provides the details for allowing Web Real-Time Communication (WebRTC) IMS Clients (WIC) to access the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem.

The present document is applicable to WebRTC IMS client (WIC), eP-CSCF, eIMS-AGW, WebRTC Web Server Function (WWSF) and WebRTC Authorization Function (WAF).

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] IETF RFC 7118: "The WebSocket Protocol as a Transport for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
- [3] 3GPP TS 24.229: "IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3".
- [4] 3GPP TS 23.228: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS); Stage 2".
- [5] IETF RFC 5763: "Framework for Establishing a Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP) Security Context Using Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS)".
- [6] IETF RFC 5764: "Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) Extension to Establish Keys for the Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP)".
- [7] 3GPP TS 22.173: "IP Multimedia Core Network Subsystem (IMS) Multimedia Telephony Service and supplementary services; Stage 1".
- [8] 3GPP TS 24.173: "IMS multimedia telephony communication service and supplementary services; Stage 3".
- [9] 3GPP TS 33.203: "Access security for IP based services".
- [10] RFC 6750 (October 2012): "The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework: Bearer Token Usage".
- [11] 3GPP TS 23.292: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) Centralized Services; Stage 2".
- [12] RFC 5009 (September 2007): "Private Header (P-Header) Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Authorization of Early Media".
- [13] 3GPP TS 23.334: "IMS Application Level Gateway (IMS-ALG) – IMS Access Gateway (IMS-AGW) interface".
- [14] RFC 4145 (September 2005): "TCP-Based Media Transport in the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".
- [15] RFC 8122 (March 2017): "Connection-Oriented Media Transport over the Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol in the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".
- [16] draft-ietf-rtcweb-data-channel-13 (January 2015): "WebRTC Data Channels".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[17] draft-ietf-rtcweb-data-protocol-09 (January 2015): "WebRTC Data Channel Establishment Protocol".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[18] draft-ietf-mmusic-sctp-sdp-25 (March 2017): "Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP)-Based Media Transport in the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[19] RFC 3261 (June 2002): "SIP: Session Initiation Protocol".

[20] RFC 3264 (June 2002): "An Offer/Answer Model with the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".

[21] RFC 7675 (October 2015): "STUN Usage for Consent Freshness".

[22] RFC 5245 (April 2010): "Interactive Connectivity Establishment (ICE): A Protocol for Network Address Translator (NAT) Traversal for Offer/Answer Protocols".

[23] RFC 8261 (November 2017): "Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) Encapsulation of SCTP Packets".

[24] RFC 6455 (December 2011): "The WebSocket Protocol".

[25] draft-ietf-mmusic-sdp-bundle-negotiation-29 (April 2016): "Negotiating Media Multiplexing Using the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[26] RFC 3581 (August 2003): "An Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Symmetric Response Routing".

[27] draft-ietf-sipcore-sip-token-authnz-02 (July 2019): "Third-Party Token-based Authentication and Authorization for Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[28] RFC 6544 (March 2012): "TCP Candidates with Interactive Connectivity Establishment (ICE)".

[29] Void.

[30] draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview-18 (March 2017): "Overview: Real Time Protocols for Browser-based Applications".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[31] Void

[32] RFC 3310 (September 2002): "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Digest Authentication Using Authentication and Key Agreement (AKA)".

[33] RFC 4169 (November 2005): "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Digest Authentication Using Authentication and Key Agreement (AKA) Version-2".

[34] 3GPP TS 26.114: "IP multimedia subsystem (IMS); Multimedia telephony, Media handling and interaction".

[35] RFC 7519 (May 2015): "JSON Web Token (JWT)".

[36] draft-ietf-mmusic-data-channel-sdpneg-12 (March 2017): "SDP-based Data Channel Negotiation".

Editor's note [WI: eWebRTC_i_CT, CR#0044]: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[37] draft-ietf-mmusic-msrp-usage-data-channel-06 (October 2016): "MSRP over Data Channels".

Editor's note [WI: eWebRTC_i_CT, CR#0043]: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

- [38] RFC 5761 (April 2010): "Multiplexing RTP Data and Control Packets on a Single Port".
- [39] draft-ietf-ice-trickle-09 (April 2017): "Trickle ICE: Incremental Provisioning of Candidates for the Interactive Connectivity Establishment (ICE) Protocol".
- [40] RFC 5766 (April 2010): "Traversal Using Relays around NAT (TURN): Relay Extensions to Session Traversal Utilities for NAT (STUN)".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4] annex U apply:

P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC (eP-CSCF)
WebRTC Authorization Function (WAF)
WebRTC IMS Client (WIC)
WebRTC Web Server Function (WWSF)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in RFC 5245 [22] apply:

ICE Lite
Full ICE
Host ICE candidates

Editor's note: Terminology from draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview needs to be endorsed as part of the terminology of this document. This document uses the terms "WebRTC device" which it is understood will be changed to "non-WebRTC browser".

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

| | |
|---------|-------------------------------------|
| CN | Core Network |
| CSCF | Call Session Control Function |
| DCEP | Data Channel Establishment Protocol |
| eP-CSCF | enhanced Proxy CSCF |
| IM | IP Multimedia |
| IP | Internet Protocol |
| WAF | WebRTC Authorization Function |
| WebRTC | Web Real-Time Communication |
| WWSF | WebRTC Web Server Function |

4 Overview of WebRTC access to IMS

4.1 General

The relationship between functional entities for the interface at the W1 reference point, between the WWSF and the UE, the interface at the W2 reference point, between the eP-CSCF and the UE, the interface at the W3 reference point, between the UE and the eIMS-AGW, and the interface at the W4 reference point, between the WWSF and the WAF, are defined in annex U of 3GPP TS 23.228 [4].

The relationship between the functional entities for interface at the Mw reference point, between the eP-CSCF and the remainder of the IP multimedia core network subsystem, is defined in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4].

A number of appropriate mechanisms exist for signalling communication between the WIC and the eP-CSCF. Successful use of a mechanism other than those specified in this document will require some form of prior agreement between the operator of the WWSF and the operator of the eP-CSCF, as to the nature of the signalling mechanism that is to be adopted, and therefore the interworking required at the eP-CSCF. The mechanism of prior agreement and the nature of such agreement is not defined in this document.

A signalling transport mechanism for SIP is standardised in this release of this document, i.e. SIP over websockets (see RFC 7118 [2]), but this is not a mechanism that has to be supported by all eP-CSCFs.

When SIP over websockets is used, it can be appropriate for the SIP used to conform to the definitions for SIP on the Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3]. Such a requirement is not mandatory, but where other SIP mechanisms are used:

- a) the usage will require some form of prior agreement with the operator of the eP-CSCF, as to the nature of the signalling mechanism that is to be adopted; and
- b) the SIP mechanisms will have to enable the eP-CSCF to conform to the SIP requirements over the Mw reference point to the remainder of the IP multimedia core network subsystem as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3].

SDP is used for the signalling session information between the WIC and the eP-CSCF. Such SDP conforms to requirements for SDP on the Gm reference point.

5 Functional entities

5.1 General

5.2 WIC (WebRTC IMS Client)

A WebRTC IMS Client (WIC) establishing the service control signalling path over W2 interface, that is compliant with this specification shall implement the role of WIC capabilities defined in subclause 6.2, subclause 7.2 and subclause 8.2.

Where SIP over websockets is used, as specified in RFC 7118 [2], and no alternative SIP profiles have been agreed between the operator of the eP-CSCF and the operator of the WWSF, then the SIP used by the WIC over the W2 reference point shall conform to the requirements for UE over the Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3].

When the WebSocket protocol is used, the WIC shall act as a WebSocket Client, as defined in RFC 6455 [24].

The SDP used shall conform to the requirements for UE over the Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3] and further specified in the present document.