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Sanitarne armature - Nizkotlačni termostatski mešalni ventili - Splošne tehnične zahteve

Sanitary Tapware - Low pressure thermostatic mixing valves - General Technical Specification

Sanitärarmaturen - Thermostatische Mischer für die Anwendung im Niederdruckbereich - Allgemeine technische Spezifikation

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Sanitary Tapware - Low pressure thermostatic mixing valves - General Technical Specification

Robinetterie sanitaire - Mitigeurs thermostatiques basse pression - Spécifications techniques générales

Sanitärarmaturen - Thermostatische Mischer für die Anwendung im Niederdruckbereich - Allgemeine technische Spezifikation

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 164.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (prEN 1287:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 164 "Water supply", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This document will supersede EN 1287:1999.

The main technical changes compared to the previous version are the following:

- a) the introduction of Clause 9 on backflow protection;
- b) the introduction of Clause 10 on test sequence;
- c) the introduction of Clause 12 on performance;
- d) the update of clauses on pressure resistance, torsional resistance and mechanical resistance;
- e) new Annexes A, B, C and D.

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Introduction

In respect of potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption, caused by the product covered by this standard, the following should be noted:

This standard provides no information as to whether the product can be used without restriction in any of the Member state of the EU or EFTA.

It should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of this product remain in force.

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies general construction, performance and material requirements for PN 10 thermostatic mixing valves (TMV) and includes test methods for the verification of mixed water temperature performance at the point of use below 45 °C. This does not exclude the selection of higher temperatures where available. When these devices are used to provide anti-scald protection for children, elderly and disabled persons the mixed water temperature needs to be set at a suitable bathing temperature (body temperature – 38 °C) as children are at risk to scalding at lower temperatures than adults. This does not obviate the need for supervision of young children during bathing.

It applies to valves intended for use on sanitary appliances in kitchens, washrooms (incl. all rooms with sanitary tapware, e.g. toilet and cloakrooms) and bathrooms operating under the conditions specified in Table 1.

This standard allows TMVs to supply a single outlet or a small number of outlets in a "domestic" application (e.g. one valve, controlling a shower, bath, basin, bidet), excluding valves specifically designed for supplying a large number of outlets (i.e. for institutional use).

The tests described are type tests (laboratory tests) and not quality control tests carried out during manufacture.

Supply Operating Range limits Pressure recommended Static ≤ 1 MPa [≤10 bar] (0,02 to 0,1) MPa [(0,2 to 1,0) bar] ≥ 0,01 MPa [≥0,1 bar] Dynamic Temperature Hot ≤ 90 °C (55 to 65) °C ≤ 25 °C Cold (5 to 20) °C

Table 1 — Conditions of use

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For low pressure thermostatic mixing valves complying with this table there are no acoustical requirements. Low pressure thermostatic mixing valves complying with this standard may also be used with inlet supply pressures in the range from 0,1 MPa to 0,2 MPa (1,0 bar to 2,0 bar) on condition that acoustical performance is not a requirement of the installation.

NOTE Low pressure thermostatic mixing valves are designed to provide sufficient mechanical strength for operation at 1 MPa (10 bar) static pressure.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 200, Sanitary tapware — Single taps and combination taps for water supply systems of type 1 and type 2 — General technical specification

EN 246, Sanitary tapware — General specifications for flow rate regulators

EN 248, Sanitary tapware — General specification for electrodeposited coatings of Ni-Cr

EN 1057, Copper and copper alloys — Seamless, round copper tubes for water and gas in sanitary and heating applications

EN 1717, Protection against pollution of potable water in water installations and general requirements of devices to prevent pollution by backflow

EN 13618, Flexible hose assemblies in drinking water installations — Functional requirements and test methods

EN 13959, Anti-pollution check valves — DN 6 to DN 250 inclusive family E, type A, B, C and D

EN 60584 (all parts), Thermocouples (IEC 60584)

EN ISO 228-1, Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads — Part 1: Dimensions, tolerances and designation (ISO 228-1)

EN ISO 5167-1, Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure differential devices inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full — Part 1: General principles and requirements (ISO 5167-1)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

thermostatic mixing valve

TMV

valve, with one or more outlets, which mixes hot and cold water and automatically controls the mixed water to a selected temperature

3.2

fidelity

reproduceability and accuracy of temperature selection

3.3 obturator

movable component of the valve whose position in the fluid flow path permits, restricts or obstructs the fluid flow

3.4

outlet 1

stable position of the diverter

3.5

outlet 2

position of the automatic diverter held by hydraulic (water) pressure

4 Symbols and units

Table 2 — Symbols and units

Symbol	Characteristic	
D	D internal diameter of tube or casing	
f	thickness of the annular slit of Type C pressure take-off tees	
i	width of the annular slit of Type C pressure take-off tees	mm
K_{PP}	temperature peak to peak	°C
p_{c}	pressure of cold water supply	MPa (bar)
p_{h}	pressure of hot water supply	MPa (bar)
Q_{c}	flow rate of cold water	l/s (l/min)
Q_{h}	flow rate of hot water	l/s (l/min)
Q_{c} + Q_{h}	flow rate of mixed water	l/s (l/min)
t_0	time when equilibrium is disturbed	S
t_1	time when $\theta_{\text{mix}} = \theta_0 + \theta_{\text{x}}$	S
t_2	$= t_1 + 1 s$	S
t_3	=5 S TANDARD PREVIEW	S
T_{c}	temperature of cold water supply	°C
T_{h}	temperature of hot water supply	°C
T_{m}	temperature of mixed water supply	°C
<i>x</i> ₁	distance SIST EN 1287:2017	mm
x_2	distance en-1287-2017	aZ4a0803 mm
θ_0	set temperature	°C
θ_{x}	temperature amplitude	°C
$ heta_{ extsf{c}}$	cold water temperature	°C
$artheta_{h}$	hot water temperature	°C
$ heta_{mix}$	mixed water temperature	°C
$\theta_{\sf PP}$	temperature peak to peak	°C

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5 Classification, designation

This classification covers the following types of TMVs:

- a) Type 1 Single control: valves with a single control device regulating flow and temperature; (actuator movement in two planes);
- b) Type 2 Dual control: valves with separate control devices regulating flow and temperature;
- c) Type 3 Single sequential control: valves with a single control operating through a predetermined sequence of flow and temperature. These shall have a shut-off device; (actuator movement in one plane);
- d) Type 4 TMVs without flow control device;

- e) Type 5 Preset: valves not adjustable by the user of a sanitary appliance;
- f) Type 6 Other: valves with special control devices.

6 Designation

TMVs covered by this standard are designated as follows:

- a) its nominal inlet size, with or without diverter (see Table 3);
- b) type of body (see Table 3);
- c) type of outlet (see Table 3);
- d) the sanitary appliance on which it shall be used (Table 3);
- e) the method of mounting (see Table 3);
- f) its acoustic group and flow rate classes (Clause 17 and Clause 13);
- g) the reference to this standard (prEN 1287).

EXAMPLE TMV 1/2 with diverter, visible body, fixed nozzle outlet bath/shower, horizontal mounting, prEN 1287.

Table 3 — Designation

THE STATE OF THE VIEW			
Type of tap (Stands	TMV with or without diverter and type of diverter (if applicable)		
Type of body	Single or multi-hole, visible, or concealed		
Type of outlet /standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards	Fixed, moveable, divided outlet spout, with or without flow rate regulator		
Intended use	Basin, bidet, sink, bath or shower		
Mounting method	Horizontal or vertical surfaces		
Flow rate class	Z, A, S, B, C, D		
Reference to this standard	prEN 1287		

7 Marking/Identification

7.1 Marking

TMVs shall be permanently and legibly marked with:

a) the manufacturer's or agent's name or identification on the body or handle.

7.2 Identification

The temperature control device for the valve shall be identified by means of a scale or symbols or colours or any combination thereof.

TMVs shall be legibly marked to indicate cold / hot inlets.

NOTE Those with interchangeable supplies or integral atmospheric discharge nozzles need not be marked.

8 Materials

8.1 Chemical and Hygiene Requirements

All materials coming into contact with water intended for human consumption shall present no health risk nor cause any change of the drinking water in terms of quality, appearances, smell or taste.

8.2 Exposed surface condition and quality of coating

Visible chromium plated surfaces and Ni-Cr coatings shall comply with the requirements of EN 248.

9 Dimensional characteristics

9.1 General remarks

The design and construction of components without defined dimensions permits various design solutions to be adopted by the manufacturer.

Special cases are covered in 9.5.

9.2 Inlet dimensions

Inlet dimensions shall be as specified in Table 4, Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3.

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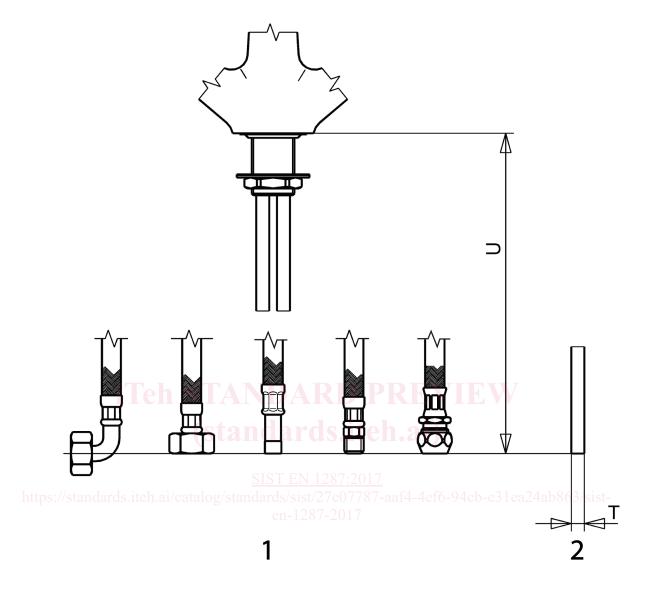
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Table 4 — Inlet dimensions (Single- and multi-hole combination taps)

	I	nlet dimensions	Comments
Shank,	Union, Captive	nut	
A A 1	G 1/2 B G 3/4 B	Shank, Union	In accordance with EN ISO 228-1
A 2	9 mm min	Captive nut	
A 3	15 mm min	Shank, Union (straight or eccentric)	· Useful thread length
Connec	ting centres		
G а	(150 ± 1) mm		Supply connection, Straight unions
G 1	(140 to 160) mm	2 – hole wall mounted	with eccentric unions (extension of this range is permitted)
G 2	(200 ± 3,5) mm	Multi-hole combination tap	
G 3	(180 ± 5) mm		
Inlet co	nnections		PREVIEW
N 1	(12,3 + 0,2) mm	Type A size 1/2 and ard S.	iteh.ai)
N 2	5 mm min		
N 1 http	(15,2 ± 0,05) mm	Type B size 1/2 30° chamfer/flat 0,3	<u>2017</u> 1787-aaf4-4ef6-94cb-e31ea24ab863/s
N 2	13 mm min	en-1287-20	7
N 1	(14,7 + 0,3) mm	Type C size 1/2	
N 2	6,4 mm min		
N 1	(19,9 + 0,3) mm	Type C size 3/4	
N 2	6,4 mm min		
Т	Ø 10 mm, 12 mm, 15 mm, G 1/2 or G 3/8	Plain end, male or female	Copper tube(s) or flexible hose(s)
U	350 mm min		Tube(s) or flexible hose(s) Flexible hoses in accordance with EN 13618

^a Other dimensions are permissible (for replacement) when market tradition requires it, provided the manufacturer specifies the actual dimension in literature to avoid confusion with the standard dimension – which can be achieved using an excentric connection.



Key

- 1 flexible hose
- 2 plain tube

Figure 1 — Inlet dimensions – Single-hole taps