## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1275

Third edition 1995-03-01

## Double-pitch precision roller chains and sprockets for transmission and conveyors

iTeh Schaînes de précision à rouleaux à pas double et roues dentées pour transmission et manutention (Standards.iten.ai)

ISO 1275:1995 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/261310dd-3873-465d-b2e1-8690af27d1be/iso-1275-1995



#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting. When we work the committees are circulated to the member bodies are circulated to the member bodies are circulated to the member bodies casting.

International Standard ISO 1275 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 100, Chains and chain wheels for power transmission and conveyors.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/261310dd-3873-465d-

This third edition cancels and replaces 1-8 the 1275 lb one 1275 l

(ISO 1275:1984), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

Annex A forms an integral part of this International Standard.

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#### Introduction

This revised International Standard has been established to cover a range of chains used in the majority of countries in the world by unifying dimensions, strengths and other data from current national standards.

The principal feature of these chains is their derivation from the ISO 606 series by using the standard round parts in links that are double the standard pitch.

Chains have been adopted from the ANSI, BSI and DIN double-pitch series to form a range from 25,4 mm to 101,6 mm pitch. Versions of chains are included with normal and with thicker plate materials, with the alternatives of smaller or larger rollers, as well as a range of attachments and sprockets.

The dimensions of the chains provide for complete interchangeability of individual links, and the sprocket dimensions allow complete interchangeability of chains of the same pitch.

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ISO 1275:1995

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### Double-pitch precision roller chains and sprockets for transmission and conveyors

#### Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for double-pitch precision roller chains suitable for the mechanical transmission of power and for conveyors, together with those for their associated sprockets. It covers dimensions, tolerances, length measurement, proof testing and minimum tensile strengths.

These double-pitch chains have been derived if tom 275:199 Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit some of the short-pitch transmission precision roller and deviations for holes and shafts. chains covered by ISO 606 having certain-common the/iso-1275-1995 dimensions but of double the pitch.

The chains are intended for use under less onerous conditions with respect to speed and power transmitted than are the base chains from which they are derived.

#### Normative references 2

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publi-

cation, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. iten.ai)

ISO 286-2:1988, ISO system of limits and fits —

ISO 606:1994, Short-pitch transmission precision roller chains and chain wheels

#### Transmission chains

#### 3.1 Nomenclature of assembly and components

The nomenclature of the chain assembly and its component parts is illustrated in figures 1 and 2; the figures do not define the actual form of the chain plates.

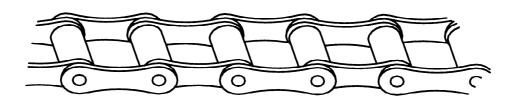
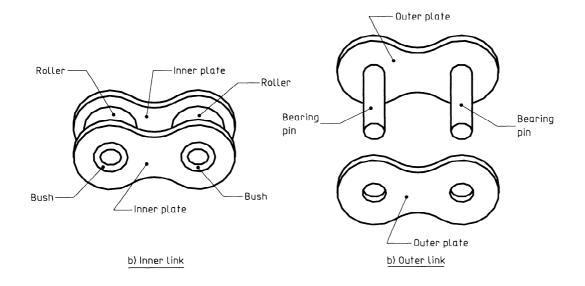
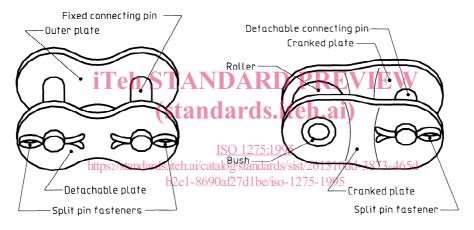


Figure 1 — Chain assembly

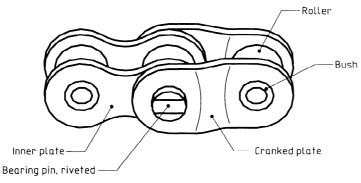
ISO 1275:1995(E) © ISO





c) Detachable connecting link

d) Single cranked link



e) Double cranked link

#### NOTES

- 1 The dimensions of the plates are specified in table 1.
- 2 Fasteners may be of various designs. Drawings indicate some examples.

Figure 2 — Types of link

#### 3.2 Designation

Double-pitch transmission precision roller chains shall be designated by the standard ISO chain numbers given in table 1. These chain numbers have been obtained by taking the ISO chain number for the base chain, given in ISO 606, and adding the prefix 2.

**EXAMPLE 1** 

Chain ISO 1275-208B

#### 3.3 Dimensions

Chains shall conform to the dimensions shown in figure 3 and given in table 1. Maximum and minimum dimensions are specified to ensure interchangeability of links produced by different makers of chain. They represent limits for interchangeability, but are not the manufacturing tolerances.

For the purposes of this International Standard, dimensions for the double-pitch simplex chains only are shown.

**3.4.3** The tensile test shall be considered a destructive test. Even though a chain may not visibly fail when subjected to a force equivalent to the minimum tensile strength, it will have been stressed beyond the yield point and will be unfit for service.

#### 3.5 Proof testing

It is recommended that all chains should be proof tested by applying a tensile force equivalent to one-third of the minimum tensile strength given in table 1.

#### 3.6 Length accuracy

Finished chains shall be measured after proof testing but before lubricating.

The standard length for measurement shall be a minimum of TEW

(standards.ia) 610 mm for ISO chain numbers 208A to 210B inclusive,

ISO 1275:1996) 1 220 mm for ISO chain numbers 212A to 232B https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/266145ive\_3873-465d-

#### 3.4 Tensile testing

**3.4.1** The minimum tensile strength is that value which shall be exceeded when a tensile force is applied to a sample which is tested to destruction as defined in 3.4.2. This minimum tensile strength is not a working force. It is intended primarily as a comparative figure between chains of various constructions. For application information, the manufac-

**3.4.2** A tensile force, not less than that specified in table 1, shall be applied slowly to the ends of a chain length, containing at least five free pitches, by means of shackles permitting free movement on both sides of the chain centreline, in the normal plane of articulation.

turers or their published data should be consulted.

Failure shall be considered to have occurred at the first point where increasing extension is no longer accompanied by increasing force, i.e. the summit of the force/extension diagram.

Tests in which failures occur adjacent to the shackles shall be disregarded.

and the chain shall terminate with an inner link at each end.

The chain shall be supported throughout its entire length, and the measuring force given in table 1 shall be applied.

The measured length shall be the nominal length subject to a tolerance of  $^{+0,15}_{0}$  %.

The length accuracy of chains which have to work in parallel shall be within the above limits but matched by agreement with the manufacturer.

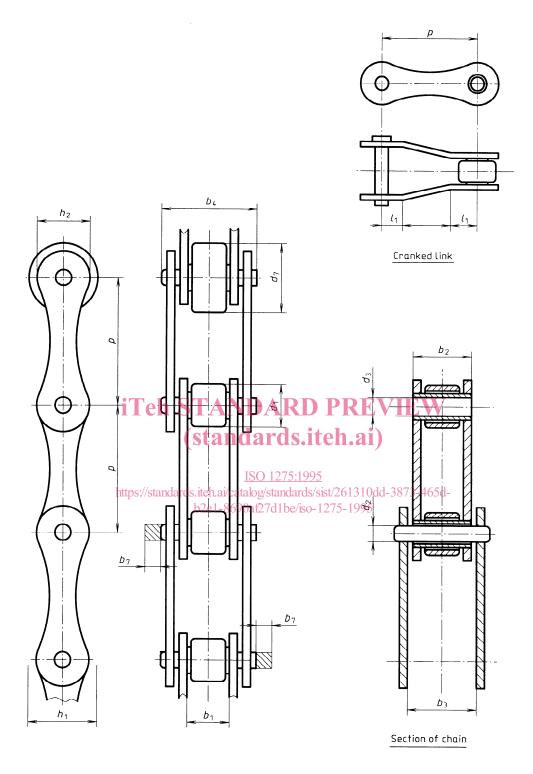
#### 3.7 Marking

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The chains shall be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark.

It is recommended that the chains should be marked with the ISO chain number quoted in table 1.

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The chain path depth  $h_1$  is the minimum depth of channel through which the assembled chain with small rollers will pass. The overall width of a chain with a joint fastener is

 $b_4 + b_7$  for riveted pin end and fastener on one side;

 $b_4$  + 1,6  $b_7$  for headed pin end and fastener on one side;

 $b_4 + 2 b_7$  for fasteners on both sides.

Figure 3 — Chains

Table 1

N   N   N   N   N   N   N   N   N   N		Pitch	Roller diameter (small) <sup>1)</sup>	Roller diameter (large) <sup>1)</sup>	Width between inner plates	Bearing pin body diameter	Bush bore	Chain path depth	Plate depth	Cranked link <sup>2)</sup>	Width over inner link	Width between outer plates	Width over bearing pin	Additional width for joint fastener <sup>3)</sup>	Measuring force	Tensile strength
Max.   max.   min.   max.   min.   min.   max.   min.   min.   max.   min.   min.   max.   min.   max.   min.   max.   min.   max.   min.   min.   max.   min.   min.   max.   min.   min.	chain	р	$d_1$	$d_7$	b <sub>1</sub>	$d_2$	$d_3$	$h_1$	h <sub>2</sub>	$l_1$	$b_2$	<i>b</i> <sub>3</sub>	$b_4$	<i>b</i> <sub>7</sub>		
208A 25.4 7.95 15.88 7.85 3.98 24.4 12.33 12.07 15.81 17.8 3.9 120 13.8 208B 25.4 8.51 15.88 7.75 4.45 4.5 12.07 11.81 6.9 11.3 11.43 17 3.9 120 18 210A 31.75 10.16 19.05 9.4 5.09 5.12 \$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc			max.	max.	min.	max.	min.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	max.		min.
25,4 8,51 15,88 7,75 4,45 4,5 12,07 11,81 6,9 11,3 11,43 17 3,9 120 18  210A 31,75 10,16 19,05 9,4 5,09 5,12 14,73 8,4 13,28 13,41 19,6 4,1 200 22,4  212A 38,1 11,91 22,23 12,57 5,96 5,98 18,34 12,07 22,23 11,68 5,72,111,5 12,09 14,73 8,4 13,28 13,41 19,6 4,1 200 22,4  212B 50,8 15,88 28,58 15,75 7,94 7,96 5,98 8,33 21,34 21,08 15,88 28,58 17,02 8,28 8,33 21,34 21,08 13 25,45 25,58 36,1 5,4 500 60  220A 63,5 19,05 39,67 18,9 9,54 9,56 30,48 30,18 16 27,46 27,59 41,1 6,1 780 95  222A 76,2 22,23 44,45 25,22 11,11 11,14 36,55 36,2 19,1 37,92 38,06 53,4 6,6 1110 124,6 76,2 25,4 44,45 25,4 14,63 14,68 33,73 33,4 19,1 37,92 38,06 53,4 6,6 1110 124,6 160  222B 88,9 27,94 — 30,99 15,9 15,95 37,46 37,08 21,3 46,58 46,71 65,1 7,4 1510 200								mm							N	kN
210B 31,75 10,16 19,05 9,65 5,08 5,13 14,99 14,73 8,4 13,28 13,41 19,6 4,1 200 22,4  212A 38,1 11,91 22,23 12,57 5,96 5,98 18,34 12,07 22,23 11,68 5,72 ttps://st8.77ard.itcl6.39cataloll.643 darks 98/26 31 5,62 38 73-45.75 22,7 4,6 280 29  216A 50,8 15,88 28,58 15,75 7,94 7,96 8,28 8,33 21,34 21,08 13 25,45 25,58 36.1 5,4 500 60  220A 63,5 19,05 39,67 18,9 9,54 9,56 30,48 30,18 16 27,46 27,59 41,1 6,1 780 86,7 220B 63,5 19,05 39,67 19,56 10,19 10,24 26,68 26,42 16 29,01 29,14 43,2 6,1 780 95  224A 76,2 22,23 44,45 25,22 11,11 11,14 36,55 36,2 19,1 35,46 35,59 50,8 6,6 1110 124,6 224B 76,2 25,4 44,45 25,4 14,63 14,68 33,73 33,4 19,1 37,92 38,05 53,4 6,6 1110 10.00  228B 88,9 27,94 — 30,99 15,9 15,95 37,46 37,08 21,3 46,58 46,71 65,1 7,4 1510 200							<b>el</b> <sub>4,5</sub>		11,81	6,9						
212B 38,1 12,07 22,23 11,68 5.72 ttps://standards.itele.39 catalog.6t3ndards/9.9/26 318.662 38.73 48.75 22.77 4.6 280 29  216A 50,8 15,88 28,58 15,75 7,94 7,96 8,28 8,33 21,34 21,08 13 25,45 25,58 36,1 5,4 500 60  220A 63,5 19,05 39,67 18,9 9,54 10,19 10,24 26,68 26,42 16 29,01 29,14 43,2 6,1 780 95  224A 76,2 22,23 44,45 25,2 11,11 11,14 36,55 36,2 19,1 35,46 35,59 50,8 6,6 1 110 124,6 224B 76,2 25,4 44,45 25,4 14,63 14,68 33,73 33,4 19,1 37,92 38,05 53,4 6,6 1 110 160  228B 88,9 27,94 — 30,99 15,9 15,95 37,46 37,08 21,3 46,58 46,71 65,1 7,4 1510 200			•	1 '										1		
216A         50,8         15,88         28,58         15,75         7,94         7,96         b224,3869 0af24,d3be iso-1375-1992,61         22,74         33,5         5,4         500         55,6           216B         50,8         15,88         28,58         17,02         8,28         8,33         21,34         21,08         13         25,45         25,58         36,1         5,4         500         55,6           220A         63,5         19,05         39,67         18,9         9,54         10,19         10,24         26,68         26,42         16         27,46         27,59         41,1         6,1         780         86,7           224A         76,2         22,23         44,45         25,22         11,11         11,14         36,55         36,2         19,1         35,46         35,59         50,8         6,6         1 110         124,6           224B         76,2         25,4         44,45         25,4         14,63         14,68         33,73         33,4         19,1         37,92         38,05         53,4         6,6         1 110         124,6           224B         88,9         27,94         —         30,99         15,9         15,95									IS08,0875: alog\&t\anda							
220B     63,5     19,05     39,67     19,56     10,19     10,24     26,68     26,42     16     29,01     29,14     43,2     6,1     780     95       224A     76,2     22,23     44,45     25,22     11,11     11,14     36,55     36,2     19,1     35,46     35,59     50,8     6,6     1 110     124,6       224B     76,2     25,4     44,45     25,4     14,63     14,68     33,73     33,4     19,1     37,92     38,05     53,4     6,6     1 110     160       228B     88,9     27,94     —     30,99     15,9     15,95     37,46     37,08     21,3     46,58     46,71     65,1     7,4     1 510     200								,	0a <b>f27</b> d3be							
224B     76,2     25,4     44,45     25,4     14,63     14,68     33,73     33,4     19,1     37,92     38,05     53,4     6,6     1 110     160       228B     88,9     27,94     —     30,99     15,9     15,95     37,46     37,08     21,3     46,58     46,71     65,1     7,4     1 510     200																
				1 .						1 '	1 '					
<b>2328</b>   101,6  29,21     30,99   17,81   17,86   42,72   42,29   24,4   45,57   45,7   67,4   7,9   2,000   250	228B 232B	88,9 101,6	27,94 29,21	_	30,99 30,99	15,9 17,81	15,95 17,86	37,46 42,72	37,08 42,29	21,3 24,4	46,58 45,57	46,71 45,7	65,1 67,4	7,4 7,9	1 510 2 000	200 250
2) Cranked links are not recommended for use on chains which are intended for onerous conditions.										ions given, a	and should be	obtained by t	he purchaser	from the manu	ıfacturer.	

<sup>1)</sup> Large rollers are principally for conveyor chains but are sometimes used on transmission chains; add suffix "L" to chain number.

<sup>2)</sup> Cranked links are not recommended for use on chains which are intended for onerous conditions.

<sup>3)</sup> The actual dimensions will depend on the type of fastener used but they should not exceed the dimensions given, and should be obtained by the purchaser from the manufacturer.

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#### 4 Conveyor chains

#### 4.1 General

Except where otherwise stated, the shapes, dimensions and test details for the chain and sprockets shall conform to clauses 3 and 5, respectively, substituting reference to table 2 in place of table 1 where appropriate.

It is usual for chains used for conveyor purposes to have straight-edged (not waisted) side plates. Additionally, an alternative large roller of diameter  $d_7$  may be adopted. These features are illustrated in figure 4.

#### 4.2 Nomenclature

The nomenclature of figure 2 is also applicable to conveyor chains. Figures 2 and 4 do not define the actual form of the chain plates.

The length of the chain with attachments shall be the nominal length subject to the tolerance  $^{+0,25}_{-0,05}$  %.

#### 4.6 Marking

The chains shall be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark. It is recommended that the chains should be marked with the ISO chain number quoted in table 2.

#### 4.7 Attachments

#### 4.7.1 General

Except when otherwise stated, the dimensions and test details for the chain with attachments shall conform to clause 3.

#### 4.7.2 Designation

Two types of attachment are given, with the common dimensional basis as given in table 3; their designation and distinguishing features are as follows:



ISO 1275:1

cated,

Figure 4 — Conveyor chain with large rollers at a log/stars us how not high figure 15.73-465d-b2e1-8690af27d1be/iso-1275-1995

#### 4.3 Designation

Double-pitch precision roller chains suitable for conveyor purposes are designated additionally with the prefix C when the straight-edged chain plates (figure 4) are used, and with a suffix L when the alternative large size roller  $(d_7)$  is adopted. When necessary for the purpose of distinguishing between the chain roller sizes adopted, an optional suffix S may be applied to chains with the small roller.

#### 4.4 Dimensions

When the large roller size is adopted, dimension  $d_1$  shall be replaced by  $d_7$  in wheel formulae. Dimensions shall be in accordance with table 2.

#### 4.5 Length accuracy

The length of plain chain shall be the nominal length subject to the tolerance  $^{+0,15}_{0}$  %.

#### 4.7.3 Dimensions

Attachments shall conform to the dimensions given in table 3.

#### 4.7.4 Manufacture

The actual form of the K attachment plates is left to the discretion of the manufacturer, but the attachments are normally of integral construction, whereby the chain plates are extended and bent over to make the platform, as shown in figure 5.

The length of the attachment plate is also left to the discretion of the manufacturer, but it should be sufficient to accommodate the attachment holes longitudinally in the case of type K2, and not interfere with the working of the adjoining links. A common length is normally adopted for both types K1 and K2.

#### 4.7.5 Marking

The marking shall be the same as would be shown on the chain plates replaced by an integral construction attachment.

	Pitch	Roller diameter	Roller diameter (large)	Width between inner plates	Bearing pin body diameter	Bush bore	Chain path depth	Plate depth	Cranked link	Width over inner link	Width between outer link	Width over bearing pin	Additional width for joint fastener <sup>2)</sup>	Measuring force	Tensile strength
ISO chain number <sup>1)</sup>	p	$d_1$	$d_7$	$b_1$	d <sub>2</sub>	$d_3$	h <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>2</sub>	I <sub>1</sub>	$b_{\gamma}$	$b_3$	$b_{\mathtt{A}}$	<i>b</i> <sub>7</sub>		
		max.	max.	min.	max.	min.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	max.		min.
							mm							N	kN
C 208A	25,4	7,95	15,88	7,85	3,98	4	12,33	12,07	6,9	11,18	11,31	17,8	3,9	120	13,8
C 208B	25,4	8,51	15,88	7,75	4,45	4,5	12,07	11,81	6,9	11,3	11,43	17	3,9	120	18
C 210A	31,75	10,16	19,05	9,4	5,09	eh <sub>12</sub> S	15,35	15,09	8,4 K	13,84	13,97	21,8	4,1	200	21,8
C 210B	31,75	10,16	19,05	9,65	5,08	5,13	14,99	14,73	8,4	13,28	13,41	19,6	4,1	200	22,4
0.0404	00.1	11.01	00.00	10.57		F 00	stand	ards	iteh.		17.00	00.0	4.0	000	04.6
C 212A C 212A-H	38,1 38,1	11,91 11,91	22,23 22,23	12,57 12,57	5,96 5,96	5,98 5,98	18,34 18,34	18,08 18,08	9,9 9,9	17,75 19,43	17,88 19,56	26,9 29,8	4,6 4,6	280 280	31,1 31,1
C 212A-H C 212B	38,1	12,07	22,23	12,57	5,96	5,98 5,77	16,34 16,39 T	18,08 SO16/135-1	9,9 00 <i>5</i> 9,9	15,62	15,75	29,8	4,6 4,6	280	29
0	55,.	. 2,0 /	22,20	, 5 5		,	Ц.	00 12/3.1	<u> </u>		1	,-	.,,0	200	20
C 216A	50,8	15,88	28,58	15,75	7, <b>94tps:/</b>	/standards	itelaa gata	log/ztar3dar	ds/sist/261	31024,61387	3-4225,14	33,5	5,4	500	55,6
C 216A-H	50,8	15,88	28,58	15,75	7,94	7,96	02644.3890	af274115e/i	so-112375-1	<b>993</b> 4,28	24,41	36,7	5,4	500	55,6
C 216B	50,8	15,88	28,58	17,02	8,28	8,33	21,34	21,08	13	25,45	25,58	36,1	5,4	500	60
C 220A	63,5	19,05	39.67	18,9	9,54	9,56	30,48	30,18	16	27,46	27,59	41,1	6,1	780	86.7
C 220A-H	63,5	19,05	39,67	18,9	9,54	9,56	30,48	30,18	16	29,11	29,24	44,3	6,1	780	86,7
C 220B	63,5	19,05	39,67	19,56	10,19	10,24	26,68	26,42	16	29,01	29,14	43,2	6,1	780	95
C 224A	76,2	22,23	44,45	25,22	11,11	11,14	36,55	36,2	19,1	35,46	35,59	50,8	6,6	1 110	124,6
C 224A-H	76,2	22,23	44,45	25,22	11,11	11,14	36,55	36,2	19,1	37,18	37,31	54,0	6,6	1 110	124,6
C 224B	76,2	25,4	44,45	25,4	14,63	14,68	33,73	33,4	19,1	37,92	38,05	53,4	6,6	1 110	160
C 232A-H	101,6	28,58	57,15	31,75	14,29	14,33	48,63	48,2	25,2	46,89	47,02	68,7	7,9	2 000	222,4
0 2327-11							<u> </u>			diameters.					

<sup>1)</sup> The chain numbers are derived from the basic ISO chain numbers of table 1 with the prefix C (for conveyor) and adding, as appropriate, a suffix S (for small roller) or L (for large roller). Heavy or higher-strength chains are designated with the suffix H.

<sup>2)</sup> The actual dimensions will depend on the type of fastener used but they should not exceed the dimensions given, and should be obtained by the purchaser from the manufacturer.