



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
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**Elektronski podpisi in infrastruktura (ESI) - Digitalni podpisi CAAdES - 1. del:  
Gradniki in izhodiščni podpisi CAAdES**

Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI) - CAAdES digital signatures - Part 1:  
Building blocks and CAAdES baseline signatures

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# ETSI EN 319 122-1 V1.2.1 (2021-10)



**Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI);  
CAAdES digital signatures;  
Part 1: Building blocks and CAAdES baseline signatures**

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# Foreword

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The present document is part 1 of a multi-part deliverable covering CAeS digital signatures, as identified below:

**Part 1:** "Building blocks and CAeS baseline signatures";

Part 2: "Extended CAeS signatures".

The present document partly contains an evolved specification of the ETSI TS 101 733 [1] and ETSI TS 103 173 [i.1].

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Date of adoption of this EN:	18 October 2021
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Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	31 July 2022
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	31 July 2022



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## Modal verbs terminology

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## Introduction

Electronic commerce has emerged as a frequent way of doing business between companies across local, wide area and global networks. Trust in this way of doing business is essential for the success and continued development of electronic commerce. It is therefore important that companies using this electronic means of doing business have suitable security controls and mechanisms in place to protect their transactions and to ensure trust and confidence with their business partners. In this respect digital signatures are an important security component that can be used to protect information and provide trust in electronic business.

The present document is intended to cover digital signatures supported by PKI and public key certificates, and aims to meet the general requirements of the international community to provide trust and confidence in electronic transactions, including, amongst other, applicable requirements from Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 [i.13].

The present document can be used for any transaction between an individual and a company, between two companies, between an individual and a governmental body, etc. The present document is independent of any environment. It can be applied to any environment e.g. smart cards, GSM SIM cards, special programs for electronic signatures, etc.

The present document is part of a rationalized framework of standards (see ETSI TR 119 000 [i.2]). See ETSI TR 119 100 [i.4] for getting guidance on how to use the present document within the aforementioned framework.

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# 1 Scope

The present document specifies CADES digital signatures. CADES signatures are built on CMS signatures [7], by incorporation of signed and unsigned attributes, which fulfil certain common requirements (such as the long term validity of digital signatures, for instance) in a number of use cases.

The present document specifies the ASN.1 definitions for the aforementioned attributes as well as their usage when incorporating them to CADES signatures.

The present document specifies formats for CADES baseline signatures, which provide the basic features necessary for a wide range of business and governmental use cases for electronic procedures and communications to be applicable to a wide range of communities when there is a clear need for interoperability of digital signatures used in electronic documents.

The present document defines four levels of CADES baseline signatures addressing incremental requirements to maintain the validity of the signatures over the long term, in a way that a certain level always addresses all the requirements addressed at levels that are below it. Each level requires the presence of certain CADES attributes, suitably profiled for reducing the optionality as much as possible.

Procedures for creation, augmentation and validation of CADES digital signatures are out of scope and specified in ETSI EN 319 102-1 [i.5]. Guidance on creation, augmentation and validation of CADES digital signatures including the usage of the different properties defined in the present document is provided in ETSI TR 119 100 [i.4].

The present document aims at supporting digital signatures in different regulatory frameworks.

NOTE: Specifically, but not exclusively, CADES digital signatures specified in the present document aim at supporting electronic signatures, advanced electronic signatures, qualified electronic signatures, electronic seals, advanced electronic seals, and qualified electronic seals as per Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 [i.13].

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## 2 References

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI TS 101 733 (V2.2.1): "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); CMS Advanced Electronic Signatures (CADES)".
- [2] IETF RFC 2045 (1996): "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of Internet Message Bodies".
- [3] IETF RFC 2634 (1999): "Enhanced Security Services for S/MIME".
- [4] IETF RFC 3161 (2001): "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Time-Stamp Protocol (TSP)".
- [5] IETF RFC 5035 (2007): "Enhanced Security Services (ESS) Update: Adding CertID Algorithm Agility".

- [6] IETF RFC 5280 (2008): "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile".

NOTE: Obsoletes IETF RFC 3280.

- [7] IETF RFC 5652 (2009): "Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS)".

NOTE: Obsoletes IETF RFC 3852.

- [8] IETF RFC 5755 (2010): "An Internet Attribute Certificate Profile for Authorization".

NOTE: Obsoletes IETF RFC 3281.

- [9] IETF RFC 5816 (2010): "ESSCertIDv2 Update for RFC 3161".

- [10] IETF RFC 5911 (2010): "New ASN.1 Modules for Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) and S/MIME".

- [11] IETF RFC 5912 (2010): "New ASN.1 Modules for the Public Key Infrastructure Using X.509 (PKIX)".

NOTE: Updated by IETF RFC 6268.

- [12] IETF RFC 6268 (2011): "Additional New ASN.1 Modules for the Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) and the Public Key Infrastructure Using X.509 (PKIX)".

- [13] IETF RFC 5940 (2010): "Additional Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) Revocation Information Choices".

- [14] IETF RFC 6960 (2013): "X.509 Internet Public Key Infrastructure Online Certificate Status Protocol - OCSP".

NOTE: Obsoletes IETF RFC 2560.

- [15] Recommendation ITU-T X.520 (11/2008)/ISO/IEC 9594-6:2008: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection The Directory: Selected attribute types".

- [16] Recommendation ITU-T X.680 (2008): "Information technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation".

- [17] Recommendation ITU-T X.690 (2008): "Information technology - ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER)".

- [18] OASIS Standard: "Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) V2.0".

- [19] IETF RFC 6211 (2011): "Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) Algorithm Identifier Protection Attribute".

## 2.2 Informative references

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI TS 103 173 (V2.2.1): "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); CAAdES Baseline Profile".

- [i.2] ETSI TR 119 000: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); The framework for standardization of signatures: overview".
- [i.3] ETSI TR 119 001: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); The framework for standardization of signatures; Definitions and abbreviations".
- [i.4] ETSI TR 119 100: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Guidance on the use of standards for signature creation and validation".
- [i.5] ETSI EN 319 102-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Procedures for Creation and Validation of AdES Digital Signatures; Part 1: Creation and Validation".
- [i.6] ETSI EN 319 122-2: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); CAAdES digital signatures; Part 2: Extended CAAdES signatures".
- [i.7] ETSI TS 119 172-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Signature policies; Part 1: Building blocks and table of contents for human readable signature policy documents".
- [i.8] ETSI TS 119 312: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Cryptographic Suites".
- [i.9] ETSI EN 319 422: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Time-stamping protocol and time-stamp token profiles".
- [i.10] ETSI TS 101 533-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Data Preservation Systems Security; Part 1: Requirements for Implementation and Management".
- [i.11] ETSI TS 119 612: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Trusted Lists".
- [i.12] Commission Decision 2009/767/EC of 16 October 2009 amended by CD 2010/425/EU of 28 July 2010, setting out measures facilitating the use of procedures by electronic means through the "points of single contact" under Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on services in the internal market.
- [i.13] Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC. OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 73-114.
- [i.14] IETF RFC 3851 (2004): "Secure/Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (S/MIME) Version 3.1 Message Specification".
- [i.15] IETF RFC 4998 (2007): "Evidence Record Syntax (ERS)".
- [i.16] Void.
- [i.17] Recommendation ITU-T X.501 (2008)/ISO/IEC 9594-1 (2008): "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - The Directory: Models".
- [i.18] Recommendation ITU-T X.509 (2008)/ISO/IEC 9594-8 (2008): "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - The Directory: Public-key and Attribute Certificate frameworks".
- [i.19] Recommendation ITU-T X.683 (2008): "Information technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Parameterization of ASN.1 specifications".

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## 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI TR 119 001 [i.3] and the following apply:

**CAAdES signature:** digital signature that satisfies the requirements specified within ETSI EN 319 122 part 1 or part 2 [i.6]

**Certificate Revocation List (CRL):** signed list indicating a set of public key certificates that are no longer considered valid by the certificate issuer

**digital signature:** data appended to, or cryptographic transformation (see cryptography) of a data unit that allows a recipient of the data unit to prove the source and integrity of the data unit and protect against forgery e.g. by the recipient

**digital signature value:** result of the cryptographic transformation of a data unit that allows a recipient of the data unit to prove the source and integrity of the data unit and protect against forgery e.g. by the recipient

**electronic time-stamp:** data in electronic form which binds other electronic data to a particular time establishing evidence that these data existed at that time

NOTE: In the case of IETF RFC 3161 [4] protocol, the electronic time-stamp is referring to the `timeStampToken` field within the `TimeStampResp` element (the TSA's response returned to the requesting client).

**Legacy CADES 101 733 signature:** digital signature generated according to ETSI TS 101 733 (V2.2.1) [1]

**Legacy CADES baseline signature:** digital signature generated according to ETSI TS 103 173 (V2.2.1) [i.1]

**Legacy CADES signature:** legacy CADES 101 733 signature or a legacy CADES baseline signature

**signature augmentation policy:** set of rules, applicable to one or more digital signatures, that defines the technical and procedural requirements for their augmentation, in order to meet a particular business need, and under which the digital signature(s) can be determined to be conformant

**signature creation policy:** set of rules, applicable to one or more digital signatures, that defines the technical and procedural requirements for their creation, in order to meet a particular business need, and under which the digital signature(s) can be determined to be conformant

**signature policy:** signature creation policy, signature augmentation policy, signature validation policy or any combination thereof, applicable to the same signature or set of signatures

**signature validation policy:** set of rules, applicable to one or more digital signatures, that defines the technical and procedural requirements for their validation, in order to meet a particular business need, and under which the digital signature(s) can be determined to be valid

**validation data:** data that is used to validate a digital signature

## 3.2 Symbols

Void.

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ETSI TR 119 001 [i.3] and the following apply:

ATSV2            archive-time-stamp attribute

NOTE: As defined in clause A.2.4.

ATSV3            archive-time-stamp-v3 attribute

NOTE: As defined in clause 5.5.3.

## 4 General syntax

### 4.1 General requirements

CAdES signatures shall build on Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS), as defined in IETF RFC 5652 [7], by incorporation of signed and unsigned attributes as defined in clause 5.1.

CAdES signatures shall comply with clauses 2, 3, 4 and 5 of IETF RFC 5652 [7].

The following clauses list the types that are used in the attributes described in clause 5.1.

### 4.2 The data content type

The data content type shall be as defined in CMS (IETF RFC 5652 [7], clause 4). It is used to refer to arbitrary octet strings.

NOTE: The data content type is identified by the object identifier `id-data OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { iso(1) member-body(2) us(840) rsadsi(113549) pkcs(1) pkcs7(7) 1 }`.

### 4.3 The signed-data content type

The signed-data content type shall be as defined in CMS (IETF RFC 5652 [7], clause 5). It represents the content to sign and one or more signature values.

### 4.4 The SignedData type

The SignedData type shall be as defined in CMS (IETF RFC 5652 [7], clause 5.1). The CMSVersion shall be set as specified in clause 5.1 of IETF RFC 5652 [7].

SignedData.xxx refers to the element xxx within the SignedData type, like for example SignedData.certificates, or SignedData.crls. In the same way, if xxx is of type XXX, SignedData.xxx.yyy is used to refer to the element yyy of type XXX, like for example SignedData.crls.crl or SignedData.crls.other.

NOTE: Clause 5.1 of IETF RFC 5652 [7] requires that the CMS SignedData version be set to 3 if certificates from SignedData is present AND (any version 1 attribute certificates are present OR any SignerInfo structures are version 3 OR eContentType from encapContentInfo is other than id-data). Otherwise, the CMS SignedData version is required to be set to 1.

### 4.5 The EncapsulatedContentInfo type

The EncapsulatedContentInfo type shall be as defined in CMS (IETF RFC 5652 [7], clause 5.2).

For the purpose of long-term validation, either the eContent should be present, or the data that is signed should be archived in such a way as to preserve any data encoding.

NOTE 1: It is important that the OCTET STRING used to generate the signature remains the same every time either the verifier or an arbitrator validates the signature.

NOTE 2: The eContent is optional in CMS:

- When it is present, this allows the signed data to be encapsulated in the SignedData structure which then contains both the signed data and the signature. However, the signed data can only be accessed by a verifier able to decode the ASN.1 encoded SignedData structure.

- When it is missing, this allows the signed data to be sent or stored separately from the signature, and the `SignedData` structure only contains the signature. Under these circumstances, the data object that is signed needs to be stored and distributed in such a way as to preserve any data encoding.

## 4.6 The `SignerInfo` type

The `SignerInfo` type of the digital signature shall be as defined in CMS (IETF RFC 5652 [7], clause 5.3).

The per-signer information is represented in the type `SignerInfo`. In the case of multiple parallel signatures, there is one instance of this field for each signer.

The degenerate case where there are no signers shall not be used.

## 4.7 ASN.1 Encoding

### 4.7.1 DER

Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER) for ASN.1 types shall be as defined in Recommendation ITU-T X.690 [17].

### 4.7.2 BER

If Basic Encoding Rules (BER) are used for some ASN.1 types, it shall be as defined in Recommendation ITU-T X.690 [17].

## 4.8 Other standard data structures

### 4.8.1 Time-stamp token format

The `TimeStampToken` type shall be as defined in IETF RFC 3161 [4] and updated by IETF RFC 5816 [9].

NOTE: Time-stamp tokens are profiled in ETSI EN 319 422 [i.9].

### 4.8.2 Additional types

The `VisibleString`, `BMPString`, `IA5String`, `GeneralizedTime` and `UTCTime` types shall be as defined in Recommendation ITU-T X.680 [16].

The `DirectoryString` type shall be as defined in Recommendation ITU-T X.520 [15].

The `AttributeCertificate` type shall be as defined in IETF RFC 5755 [8] which is compatible with the definition in Recommendation ITU-T X.509 [i.18].

The `ResponderID`, `OCSPResponse` and `BasicOCSPResponse` types shall be as defined in IETF RFC 6960 [14].

The `Name`, `Certificate` and `AlgorithmIdentifier` types shall be as defined in IETF RFC 5280 [6].

The `Attribute` type shall be as defined in IETF RFC 5280 [6] which is compatible with the definition in Recommendation ITU-T X.501 [i.17].

The `CertificateList` type shall be as defined in IETF RFC 5280 [6] which is compatible with the X.509 v2 CRL syntax in Recommendation ITU-T X.509 [i.18].

The `RevocationInfoChoices` type shall be as defined in IETF RFC 5652 [7].