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Radijski sistemi z možnostjo preoblikovanja (RRS) - Zahteve za rekonfiguracijo radijske opreme (RE)

Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS) - Radio Equipment (RE) reconfiguration requirements

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Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Radio Equipment (RE) reconfiguration requirements

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Foreword

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

Proposed national transposition dates	
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	6 months after doa

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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1 Scope

The scope of the present document is to define the high level system requirements for reconfigurable Radio Equipment enabling the provision of Radio Applications except for reconfigurable mobile devices which are covered in ETSI EN 302 969 [i.4], ETSI EN 303 095 [i.5], ETSI EN 303 146 parts 1 [i.6] to 4 [i.9]. The work is based on the Use Cases defined in ETSI TR 103 062 [i.1], ETSI TR 102 944 [i.2], ETSI TR 103 585 [i.3] and ETSI EN 302 969 [i.4].

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI TR 103 062: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Use Cases and Scenarios for Software Defined Radio (SDR) Reference Architecture for Mobile Device".
- [i.2] ETSI TR 102 944: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Use Cases for Baseband Interfaces for Unified Radio Applications of Mobile Device".
- [i.3] ETSI TR 103 585: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Radio Equipment (RE) reconfiguration use cases".
- [i.4] ETSI EN 302 969: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Radio Reconfiguration related Requirements for Mobile Devices".
- [i.5] ETSI EN 303 095: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Radio reconfiguration related architecture for Mobile Devices (MD)".
- [i.6] ETSI EN 303 146-1: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Mobile Device (MD) information models and protocols; Part 1: Multiradio Interface (MURI)".
- [i.7] ETSI EN 303 146-2: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Mobile Device (MD) information models and protocols; Part 2: Reconfigurable Radio Frequency Interface (RRFI)".
- [i.8] ETSI EN 303 146-3: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Mobile Device (MD) information models and protocols; Part 3: Unified Radio Application Interface (URAI)".

[i.9] ETSI EN 303 146-4: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Mobile Device (MD) information models and protocols; Part 4: Radio Programming Interface (RPI)".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

distributed computations: model in which components located on networked computers communicate and coordinate their actions by passing messages interacting with each other in order to achieve a common goal

Functional Block (FB): function needed for real-time implementation of radio application(s)

NOTE 1: A functional block includes not only the modem functions in Layer1 (L1), Layer2 (L2), and Layer 3 (L3) but also all the control functions that should be processed in real-time for implementing given Radio Application(s).

NOTE 2: Functional blocks are categorized into *standard functional blocks* and *user defined functional blocks*. In more details:

- 1) *Standard functional blocks* can be shared by many Radio Applications. For example, Forward Error Correction (FEC), Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)/Inverse Fast Fourier Transform (IFFT), (de)interleaver, Turbo coding, Viterbi coding, Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO), Beamforming, etc. are the typical category of standard functional block.
- 2) *User defined functional blocks* include those functional blocks that are dependent upon a specific Radio Application. They are used to support special function(s) required in a specific Radio Application or to support a special algorithm used for performance improvement. In addition, a user defined functional block can be used as a baseband controller functional block which controls the functional blocks operating in baseband processor in real-time and to control some context information processed in real-time.

NOTE 3: Each functional block has its unique name, Input, Output and properties.

network coding: technique in which transmitted data is encoded and decoded to improve network performance

Radio Application (RA): software which enforces the generation of the transmit RF signals or the decoding of the receive RF signals

NOTE 1: The Software is executed on a particular radio platform or an RVM as part of the radio platform.

NOTE 2: Radio applications might have different forms of representation. They are represented as:

- source codes including Radio Library calls of Radio Library native implementation and Radio HAL calls;
- Intermediate Representations (IRs) including Radio Library calls of Radio Library native implementation and radio HAL calls;
- executable codes for a particular radio platform.

radio library: library of Standard Functional Blocks (SFB) that is provided by a platform vendor in a form of platform-specific executable code

NOTE 1: SFBs implement reference codes of functions which are typical for radio signal processing. They are not atomic and their source codes are typed and visible for Radio Application developers.

NOTE 2: An SFB is implemented through a Radio Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL) when the SFB is implemented on dedicated HW accelerators. Radio HAL is part of ROS.

Radio Virtual Machine (RVM): abstract machine supporting reactive and concurrent executions

NOTE: A Radio Virtual Machine may be implemented as a controlled execution environment which allows the selection of a trade-off between flexibility of base band code development and required (re-)certification efforts.

reconfigurable mobile device: mobile device with radio communication capabilities providing support for radio reconfiguration

NOTE: Reconfigurable mobile devices include but are not limited to: smartphones, feature phones, tablets, and laptops.

reconfigurable radio equipment: radio equipment with radio communication capabilities providing support for radio reconfiguration

NOTE: Reconfigurable radio equipment includes smartphones, feature phones, tablets, laptops, connected vehicle communication platform, network platform, IoT device, etc.

resources: hardware resources that a radio application needs in active state

NOTE 1: Resources are provided by the reconfigurable Radio Equipment (RE), to be used by the Radio Applications when they are active. Radio Applications provide their Resource needs (e.g. using operational states) so that the multiradio computer may judge whether these Resources are available, in order to ensure non-conflicting operation with other Radio Applications. Resources may or may not be shared in the reconfigurable RE.

NOTE 2: Resources may include processors, accelerators, memory, Radio Frequency circuitry, etc.

3.2 Symbols

Void.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BER	Bit Error Rate
CAT	CATegory
CR	Cognitive Radio
FB	Functional Block
FEC	Forward Error Correction
FFT	Fast Fourier Transform
HAL	Hardware Abstraction Layer
IoT	Internet of Things
IR	Intermediate Representation
LTE	Long Term Evolution
MAC	Media Access Control
MIMO	Multi-Input Multi-Output
MU-MIMO	Multi User-Multi-Input Multi-Output
PER	Packet Error Rate
PMI	Precoding Matrix Indicator
RA	Radio Application
RAT	Radio Access Technology
RE	Radio Equipment
RERC	Radio Equipment Reconfiguration Class
RF	Radio Frequency
RI	Rank Indicator
ROS	Radio Operating System
RRS	Reconfigurable Radio Systems
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indication
RVM	Radio Virtual Machine
Rx	Receive