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**Nizkonapetostne električne inštalacije - 8-2. del: Električne inštalacije
proizvajalcev-odjemalcev**

Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 8-2: Prosumer's low-voltage electrical
installations

Errichten von Niederspannungsanlagen - Teil 8-2: Kombinierte Erzeugungs
-/Verbrauchsanlagen

Installations électriques à basse tension - Partie 8-2: Installations électriques à basse
tension du prosommateur

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91.140.50 Sistemi za oskrbo z elektriko Electricity supply systems

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Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 8-2: Prosumer's low-voltage electrical installations
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Installations électriques à basse tension - Partie 8-2:
Installations électriques à basse tension du prosommateur
(IEC 60364-8-2:2018)

Errichten von Niederspannungsanlagen - Teil 8-2:
Kombinierte Erzeugungs-/Verbrauchsanlagen
(IEC 60364-8-2:2018)

This Harmonization Document was approved by CENELEC on 2018-11-14. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for implementation of this Harmonization Document at national level.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national implementations may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This Harmonization Document exists in three official versions (English, French, German).

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

HD 60364-8-2:2018 (E)**European foreword**

The text of document 64/2298/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 60364-8-2, prepared by IEC/TC 64 "Electrical installations and protection against electric shock" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as HD 60364-8-2:2018.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2019-08-14
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2021-11-14

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The text of the International Standard IEC 60364-8-2:2018 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following note has to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 60364 (series)	NOTE	Harmonized as HD 60364 (series)
IEC 60364-5-51:2005	NOTE	Harmonized as HD 60364-5-51:2009 (modified)

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60364-4-41 (mod)	2005	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-41: Protection for safety - Protection against electric shock	HD 60364-4-41	2007
+ A1	2017		-	-
-	-		+ A11	2017
IEC 60364-4-43 (mod)	2008	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-43: Protection for safety - Protection against overcurrent	HD 60364-4-43	2010
IEC 60364-5-53	2001	Electrical installations of buildings - Part 5-53: Selection and erection of electrical equipment - Isolation, switching and control	-	-
+ A1 (mod)	2002		HD 60364-5-534	2008
+ A2 (mod)	2015		HD 60364-5-534	2016
IEC 60364-5-55 (mod)	2011	Electrical installations of buildings - Part 5-55: Selection and erection of electrical equipment - Other equipment	HD 60364-5-559	2012
-	-		+ A11	2017
+ A1	2012		HD 60364-5-557	2013
-	-		+ A11	2016
+ A2	2016		-	-
IEC 60364-7-712	-	Electrical installations of buildings - Part 7-712: Requirements for special installations or locations - Solar photovoltaic (PV) power supply systems	HD 60364-7-712	-
IEC 60364-8-1 (mod)	2014	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 8-1: Energy efficiency	HD 60364-8-1	2015

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Low-voltage electrical installations –
Part 8-2: Prosumer's low-voltage electrical installations**

**Installations électriques à basse tension –
Partie 8-2: Installations électriques à basse tension du prosommateur**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	5
INTRODUCTION.....	7
1 Scope.....	8
2 Normative references	8
3 Terms and definitions	9
4 Interaction of smart grid and PEI	11
4.1 Main objectives.....	11
4.2 Safety.....	11
4.3 Proper functioning.....	11
4.4 Implementation of PEI.....	11
5 PEI concept.....	11
6 Types of PEI.....	13
6.1 General.....	13
6.2 Operating modes	13
6.3 Individual PEI.....	13
6.4 Collective PEI	14
6.5 Shared PEI	17
7 Electrical energy management system (EEMS).....	20
7.1 General.....	20
7.2 Architecture of EEMS.....	20
8 Technical issues.....	21
8.1 Safety issues.....	21
8.1.1 Protection against electric shock.....	21
8.1.2 Protection against overcurrent.....	25
8.1.3 Outage of the public network	26
8.1.4 Protection against transient overvoltages	27
8.2 Interaction with the public network	27
8.3 Energy storage	27
8.4 Design for flexibility of load and generators (demand/response).....	27
8.5 Electric vehicle charging	27
8.6 Selectivity between current protective devices	27
Annex A (informative) Objectives and concept of PEI.....	29
Annex B (informative) Operating modes.....	30
B.1 Operating modes for individual PEI	30
B.1.1 Direct feeding mode.....	30
B.1.2 Island mode.....	30
B.1.3 Reverse feeding mode.....	31
B.2 Operating modes for collective PEI	32
B.2.1 Direct feeding mode.....	32
B.2.2 Island mode.....	34
B.2.3 Reverse feeding mode.....	36
B.3 Operating modes for shared PEI	37
B.3.1 Direct feeding mode.....	37
B.3.2 Island mode.....	39
B.3.3 Reverse feeding mode.....	41

Annex C (informative) Interaction with the public network	43
C.1 General.....	43
C.2 National grid codes compliance with active and reactive power control	43
C.3 Voltage control.....	43
C.4 Frequency control	43
C.5 Load shedding programme.....	43
Annex D (informative) Architecture of PEI	44
D.1 Architecture of individual PEI	44
D.2 Architecture of collective PEI	44
D.3 Architecture of shared PEI	46
Annex E (informative) List of notes concerning certain countries.....	47
Bibliography.....	48
Figure 1 – Example of prosumer’s low-voltage electrical installation	12
Figure 2 – Example of electrical design of individual PEI	14
Figure 3 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI using DSO distribution system	14
Figure 4 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI with distribution system within PEI	15
Figure 5 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI with distribution system within PEI in parallel with DSO distribution system.....	16
Figure 6 – Example of electrical design of shared PEI using DSO distribution system.....	17
Figure 7 – Example of electrical design of shared PEI with distribution system within PEI....	18
Figure 8 – Example of electrical design of shared PEI with distribution system within PEI in parallel with DSO distribution system.....	19
Figure 9 – Connection to the local earthing arrangement (TN, TT and IT system)	23
Figure 10 – Estimation of the minimum earth fault current according to the operating mode (connected and island)	24
Figure 11 – Example of double short-circuit protection for the same circuit	26
Figure 12 – Example of selectivity with various power supplies	28
Figure B.1 – Example of electrical design of individual PEI operating in direct feeding mode	30
Figure B.2 – Example of electrical design of individual PEI operating in island mode	31
Figure B.3 – Example of electrical design of individual PEI operating in reverse feeding mode.....	32
Figure B.4 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI operating in direct feeding mode with one single electrical installation.....	33
Figure B.5 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI operating in direct feeding mode with several electrical installations	34
Figure B.6 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI operating in island mode with one single electrical installation	35
Figure B.7 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI operating in island mode with several electrical installations	35
Figure B.8 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI operating in reverse feeding mode with one single electrical installation	36
Figure B.9 – Example of electrical design of collective PEI operating in reverse feeding mode with several electrical installations	37
Figure B.10 – Example of electrical design of shared PEI operating in direct feeding mode with one single electrical installation.....	38

Figure B.11 – Example of electrical design of shared PEI operating in direct feeding mode with several electrical installations	39
Figure B.12 – Example of electrical design of shared PEI operating in island mode with one single electrical installation	40
Figure B.13 – Example of electrical design of shared PEI operating in island mode with several electrical installations	41
Figure B.14 – Example of electrical design of shared PEI operating in reverse feeding mode	42
Figure D.1 – Example of type of architecture of individual PEI	44
Figure D.2 – Example of type of architecture of collective PEI	45
Figure D.3 – Example of type of architecture of shared PEI	46

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS –

Part 8-2: Prosumer's low-voltage electrical installations

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 60364-8-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 64: Electrical installations and protection against electric shock.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
64/2298/FDIS	64/2335/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60364 series, published under the general title *Low-voltage electrical installations*, can be found on the IEC website.

The reader's attention is drawn to the fact that Annex E lists all of the “in-some-country” clauses on differing practices of a less permanent nature relating to the subject of this standard.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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INTRODUCTION

Historically, utilities were managing the public transmission and distribution network from the point of view of having a central production adapted to demand variation, a top-down energy flow, a production/consumption balance done by integrated utility companies and with rather passive users.

The following key factors are pushing the public electricity network to change:

- the increasing number of electronic devices used daily and the growing needs as well as future needs (e.g. charging electric vehicles) will result in the structural growing of electricity consumption;
- the mediated pressure on climate change results in pressure on CO₂ emissions reduction;
- the electricity market is also quickly changing due mainly to its unbundling and deregulation, and to the greater number of intermittent renewable energy sources (global and local);
- users' expectations are also evolving as a result of an increasing need for better public networks reliability and quality, the search for better economic performance and the willingness to pro-actively manage their energy;
- technological evolution should also be considered as information and communication technology (ICT) is affordable and new energy storage solutions are emerging.

All stakeholders directly involved in the electricity generation, transmission, distribution and consumption have new expectations:

- customers are willing to reduce electrical energy costs in order to meet environment targets (renewable energy, energy efficiency) but also wish to benefit from the quality of electricity supply;
- suppliers wish to limit customer churn rate with price and service management;
- producers expect to maximize their yield of assets, to optimize their investments and to take profit from energy trading;
- the aggregator wants to create conditions suitable for new market emergence;
- the transmission system operator (TSO) aspires to a robust transmission public network and to meet regulation objectives (price and level of services), while the distribution system operator (DSO) wants to meet regulation objectives (price and level of services), to reduce costs by productivity (including meter) and to have a flexible network;
- finally, governments and regulators are willing to create a competitive and sustainable energy market.

The objective of this document is to ensure that the low-voltage electrical installation is compatible with the current and future ways to deliver safely and functionally the electrical energy to current-using equipment either from the public network or from other local sources. This document is not intended to influence all stakeholders of electricity supply on how the electrical energy should be sold and delivered.

LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS –

Part 8-2: Prosumer's low-voltage electrical installations

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60364 provides additional requirements, measures and recommendations for design, erection and verification of all types of low-voltage electrical installation according to IEC 60364-1:2005, Clause 11, including local production and/or storage of energy in order to ensure compatibility with the existing and future ways to deliver electrical energy to current-using equipment or to the public network by means of local sources. Such electrical installations are designated as prosumer's electrical installations (PEIs).

This document also provides requirements for proper behaviour and actions of PEIs in order to efficiently obtain sustainable and safe operations of these installations when integrated into smart grids.

These requirements and recommendations apply, within the scope of IEC 60364 (all parts), for new installations and modification of existing installations.

NOTE Electrical sources for safety services including associated electrical installations and standby electrical supply systems for a secure continuity of supply, which are operated only occasionally and for short periods (e.g. monthly one hour) in parallel with the distribution grid for testing purposes, are outside the scope of this document.

2 Normative references

[SIST HD 60364-8-2:2019](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a41ee843-4d36-4e64-9581-647a50a19c18/sist-hd-60364-8-2-2019)

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IEC 60364-4-41:2005, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 4-41: Protection for safety – Protection against electric shock*
IEC 60364-4-41/AMD1:2017

IEC 60364-4-43:2008, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 4-43: Protection for safety – Protection against overcurrent*

IEC 60364-5-53:2001, *Electrical installations of buildings – Part 5-53: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Isolation, switching and control*
IEC 60364-5-53:2001/AMD1:2002
IEC 60364-5-53:2001/AMD2:2015

IEC 60364-5-55:2011, *Electrical installations of buildings – Part 5-55: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Other equipment*
IEC 60364-5-55:2011/AMD1:2012
IEC 60364-5-55:2011/AMD2:2016

IEC 60364-7-712, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 7-712: Requirements for special installations or locations – Solar photovoltaic (PV) power supply systems*

IEC 60364-8-1:2014, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 8-1: Energy efficiency*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

smart grid

electric power system that utilizes information exchange and control technologies, distributed computing and associated sensors and actuators, for purposes such as:

- to integrate the behaviour and actions of the network users and other stakeholders,
- to efficiently deliver sustainable, economic and secure electricity supplies

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-617:2011, 617-04-13]

3.2

prosumer's electrical installation

PEI

low-voltage electrical installation connected or not to a public distribution network able to operate:

- with local power supplies, and/or
- with local storage units,

and that monitors and controls the energy from the connected sources delivering it to:

- current-using equipment, and/or
- local storage units, and/or
- public distribution network

3.3

individual PEI

single consuming and/or producing electrical installation

3.4

collective PEI

several consuming electrical installations connected to the same public distribution network and sharing one common set of local power supplies and energy storage equipment

3.5

shared PEI

several consuming and/or producing electrical installations similar to an individual PEI connected to the same low-voltage public distribution network and sharing their individual power supplies and energy storage equipment between themselves

3.6

prosumer

entity or party which can be both a producer and a consumer of electrical energy

3.7

producer

<of electricity> party generating electrical energy

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-617:2009, 617-02-01]