# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 14819-2

Second edition 2013-12-01

Intelligent transport systems — Traffic and travel information messages via traffic message coding —

Part 2:

Event and information codes for Radio Data System — Traffic Message Channel iTeh ST(RDS-TMC) using ALERT-C

(standards.iteh.ai)

Systèmes intelligents de transport — Informations sur le trafic et le tourisme via le codage de messages sur le trafic —

https://standards.iteh.Rartie 2/s Codes d'événéments et d'informations pour le système de dradiodiffusion de données (RDS) — Canal de messages d'informations sur le trafic (RDS-TMC) avec ALERT-C



# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 14819-2:2013 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/50e6f07c-3afa-4849-9741d98ea4394bd7/iso-14819-2-2013



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### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. www.iso.org/patents

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 204, Intelligent transport systems. d98ea4394bd7/iso-14819-2-2013

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14819-2-2003), which has been technically revised.

ISO 14819 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Intelligent transport systems* — *Traffic and travel information messages via traffic message coding*:

- Part 1: Coding protocol for Radio Data System Traffic Message Channel (RDS-TMC) using ALERT-C
- Part 2: Event and information codes for Radio Data System Traffic Message Channel (RDS-TMC) using ALERT-C
- Part 3: Location referencing for Radio Data System Traffic message Channel (RDS-TMC) using ALERT-C
- Part 6: Encryption and conditional access for the Radio Data System Traffic Message Channel ALERT C coding

Compared to previous releases, this version includes the following additions:

- Precise location referencing
- Tendencies of Traffic Queue Lengths (TTQL)
- Coding of parking POIs
- Coding of interrupted roads

- Coding of other isolated POIs (except parking POIs)
- Coding of parallel roads
- Version identification of TMC location tables
- Location Table Exchange Format
- North American Safety Events in TMC
- Explicit Location Table Country Code transmission in TMC
- Guidelines for Service Providers and Terminal Manufacturers for Implementation of explicit Location Table Country Code transmission
- Coding of link roads
- GB-English List of Quantifiers
- Additional Event Codes identified by Germany
- Additional TMC Events from Danish proposal
- Additional TMC Supplementary Information: Unconfirmed Report
- Teh STANDARD PREVIE
   RDS-TMC delivery of IVR Telephone Number
- Coding of link roads

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### Introduction

ISO 14819-2 is the second part of the ISO 14819 series of standards, covering the so-called 'ALERT-C' protocol encoded for transmission into the RDS-TMC feature. Therefore, this part of ISO 14819 is intended to uniquely and solely be considered together with ISO 14819-1, for a complete understanding.

ISO 14819-1 fully describes the ALERT-C protocol concept and relationship with the RDS standard, IEC 62106.

In this version of ISO 14819-2, the content and the structure of the 'Events List' have not been altered, but recent work from the FORCE/ECORTIS Projects regarding translations and a number of improved formatting ideas suggested by the EPISODE Project, have been introduced. Additionally, mention is made of suggested 'Event List' sub-sets.

In particular, this part of ISO 14819 contains the special meta-language, in the so-called 'CEN-English', which the technical experts of CEN TC 278 agreed would be the only and sole source for all coded descriptions used in RDS-TMC. This methodology has allowed agreement in important details for the many hundreds of event phrases, so included, even though subtle linguistic differences were perceived and need to be allowed for in terms of end-user presentation. Thus, the French and German language editions of this series have the same form as this English language edition. All three language editions have exactly the same sections 3.1.3 Event List, 3.2.2 Supplementary Information List and 3.3.2 Forecast Event List written in 'CEN-English'. Each language edition comprises informative annexes providing those lists again in three or four column format showing the 'CEN-English' description and the 'transformed' language (not necessarily a direct literal translation, but a comprehensible transformation of the specific intent of the 'CEN-English') description in their respective languages.

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Translations into other languages, based upon the normative CEN English have been produced and are available from the Traveller Information Services Association (www.tisa.org).

## Intelligent transport systems — Traffic and travel information messages via traffic message coding —

### Part 2:

## Event and information codes for Radio Data System — Traffic Message Channel (RDS-TMC) using ALERT-C

### 1 Scope

ISO 14819-1 describes the ALERT-C protocol concept and message structure used to achieve densely coded messages to be carried in the RDS-TMC feature. This part of ISO 14819 defines the 'Events List' to be used in coding those messages.

### 2 Normative references STANDARD PREVIEW

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 14819-1, Intelligent transport systems — Traffic and travel information messages via traffic message coding — Part 1: Coding protocol for Radio Data System — Traffic Message Channel (RDS-TMC) using ALERT-C

IEC 62106:2009, Specification of the radio data system (RDS) for VHF/FM sound broadcasting in the frequency range from 87,5 to 108,0 MHz

### 3 Event and Information codes for Traffic Message Channel

#### 3.1 Event list

#### 3.1.1 Explanatory notes

1) The event list is divided into update classes, indicated by the various sections. These update classes are used for terminal message management, as indicated in Section 6.1 of ISO 14819-1. The event list is shown in the format of a database.

NOTE The first column of the Event list in 3.1.3, Table 2 shows line numbers to assist reading and use of the database.

2) The second column gives a 'technical language' (so-called CEN-English) description of the event code, of which the code is shown in the third field. Appropriate authorities of each country have been responsible for the exact descriptions in other languages.

This will ensure precise definitions and use of the event codes in the transmission layer. Individual terminal implementations may handle these (translated) descriptions with some flexibility. To allow a more effective presentation however without altering the meaning.

- 3) The third column gives the decimal equivalent of the actual binary event code to be transmitted (see Section 5.3.2 of ISO 14819-1). These codes are purely internal to the RDS-TMC system and should not be used for referencing events or composing messages in other operator systems. Undefined codes are reserved for future system additions.
- 4) The fourth column, headed "N", is the nature of the event. The general meaning of the codes is as follows:

(blank) - information F - forecast

S - silent: no message shall be presented to the end-user

- 5) The fifth column, "Q", is the optional quantifier field, containing the reference numbers of quantifiers listed in the table at the end of the event list. The position of the optional quantifier in the event, plus in some cases some accompanying words, is shown by (...Q...) within the text. Use of these optional quantifiers is described in Section 5.5.6 of ISO 14819-1.
- 6) The sixth column "T" is the duration type. "D" indicates "dynamic" events of short duration and "L" indicates longer-lasting events (see Section 5.4.10 of ISO 14819-1). If this code is bracketed (), or if the time-of-day quantifier (no.7) is actually used in the message, no duration shall be presented to the user. In these cases, the duration indicates persistence, used for message management only.
- 7) The seventh column "D" is the default directionality of the event. "1" indicates that one direction, and "2" that both directions of traffic are normally affected by the event. TMC terminals can use this field to help determine which events to present to the driver and how.
- The eighth column "U" is the default terminal urgency, with values "X" for extremely urgent, "U" for urgent, and blank for normal events (see Section 5.4.5 of ISO 14819-1).
- 9) The ninth column, "C", gives a numerical representation of the update class the event belongs to. Only update classes 1 31 can be found in 3.1. Some update classes (classes 32-39 in the present list), which are exclusively for events with nature F and duration type L or (L), can be found in Section 3.2. They contain no events of another type (except S).
- 10) The final column, "R", gives phrase codes (references) for use by TMC operators. An event may be a single phrase event, or a combination of two or more phrases. Each phrase is allocated a phrase code consisting at least of a single code letter (A Z) and a code number (1 999). Single phrase events are indicated by a single code letter and number of one or two digits (e.g. A1 A99); expected events are indicated by the normal phrase code followed by "E" (e.g. A1E), and dangerous events by a following "D" (e.g. G6D); events with quantifiers can have three digits (e.g. A101). Longer lasting forecasts are indicated by the letter F.
- 11) Not all the messages have to be used by a Service Provider but it is the Service Provider's prerogative to choose the most suitable ones for the service being provided. However a Service provider would be well advised to take account and match the sub-set of messages with the messages able to be presented in the terminal.

The Event List also contains several predefined combinations of single phrase events to make better use of the available channel capacity. These combined events are indicated by the combined codes of the constituent phrases (e.g. B11.C1).

NOTE The phrases used in combined events are not always word for word identical to the corresponding phrases used in the single events. Binding words or small changes to the wording are necessary.

The code letters are not related to the update classes, but have the following meaning:

- A: Level of Service
- B: Incidents/Accidents
- C: Closures
- D: Lane Restrictions
- E: Roadworks
- F: Obstruction Hazards
- G: Road Conditions
- H: Weather
- J: Winds
- L: Environment
- M: Temperature
- P: Activities
- Q: Delays/Cancellations
- R: Dangerous Vehicles
- S: Exceptional Loads
- T: Traffic Equipment Status
- U: Traffic Regulations
- X: Parking
- Y: Information

The code letter Z is used to indicate phrases from the List of Supplementary Information (see Section 3.2).

The phrase codes are not normative, but are only given as additional information about the contents of a given event and should be helpful when implementing software. PRFVIFW

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### 3.1.2 List of Quantifiers

Table 1 — List of quantifiers

| No | Meaning                   | Range   | Examples                                |
|----|---------------------------|---|---|
| 0  | n (small number)          | (n = 1, 2,,28;<br>30, 32,36);                                 | 1 00001, 2 00010                        |
| 1  | N (number)                | (N = 1, 2, 3, 4;  | 1 00001, 2 00010                        |
|    |                           | 10, 20 , 100;   | 10 00101, 20 00110                      |
|    |                           | 150, 200, 1000)   | 150 01111, 200 10000                    |
| 2  | less than V metres        | (V = 10, 20, 300)   | 10 00001, 20 00010                      |
| 3  | P percent                 | (P = 0, 5, 100)   | 0 00001, 5 00010                        |
| 4  | of up to S km/h           | (S = 5, 10, 160)  | 5 00001, 10 00010                       |
| 5  | of up to M minutes        | (M = 5, 10, 50;   | 5 00001, 10 00010                       |
|    | (H hours)                 | H = 1, 2, 12;   | 1 01011, 2 01100                        |
|    |                           | 18, 24, 72)   | 18 10111, 24 11000                      |
| 6  | T degrees Celsius         | (TF-50,-49,:T+50)NDAR   | -50 0000 0001, -49 0000 0010            |
| 7  | H time                    | (H = 00.00, 00.10, 23.50)<br>(standards                       | 00.00 0000 0001<br>-00.10 0000 0010     |
| 8  | W tonnes                  | (W = 0.1, 0.2, 10.0;<br>ISO 14819-2                           | 0.1 0000 0001, 0.2 0000 0010<br>2:2013  |
|    | h                         | tps10:15pd4r:0;.itel60:0)talog/standard<br>d98ea4394bd7/iso-1 |   |
| 9  | L metres                  | (L = 0.1, 0.2, 10.0;  | 0.1 0000 0001, 0.2 0000 0010            |
|    |                           | 10.5, 11.0, 80.0)   | 10.5 0110 0101<br>11.0 0110 0110        |
| 10 | of up to D<br>millimetres | (D = 1, 2, 255)   | 1 0000 0001, 2 0000 0010                |
| 11 | M MHz                     | (as defined in IEC 62106                                      | 87.6 0000 0001<br>87.7 0000 0010        |
| 12 | k kHz                     | (as defined in IEC 62106                                      | ITU Regions 1,3 ( Region 2 )  0000 0001 |

Quantifiers 0 to 5 use a 5-bit data field, and 6 to 12 an 8-bit data field. The first value above is indicated in the quantifier by binary "1", the second by "10", etc. Where all possible values have been utilised, binary "0" indicates the highest value.

### 3.1.3 Event list

NOTE The first column shows line numbers to assist reading of the database.

Table 2 — Event list

| Line | Text<br>(CEN-English, see Explanatory notes)                          | Code                                | N   | Q   | Т                    | D      | U | С | R    |
|------|---|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|----------------------|--------|---|---|------|
| 1    | EVENT LIST  |                                     |     |     |                      |        |   |   |      |
| 2    |   |                                     |     |     |                      |        |   |   |      |
| 3    | 1. LEVEL OF SERVICE   |                                     |     |     |                      |        |   |   |      |
| 4    |   |                                     |     |     |                      |        |   |   |      |
| 5    | traffic problem   | 1                                   |     |     | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A50  |
| 6    | stationary traffic  | 101                                 |     |     | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A1   |
| 7    | stationary traffic for 1 km   | 102                                 |     |     | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A101 |
| 8    | stationary traffic for 2 km   | 103                                 |     |     | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A102 |
| 9    | stationary traffic for 3 km   | 129                                 |     |     | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A103 |
| 10   | stationary traffic for 4 km   | 104                                 |     |     | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A104 |
| 11   | stationary traffic for 6 km   | 105                                 |     |     | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A106 |
| 12   | stationary traffic for 10 km  | 106                                 |     |     | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A110 |
| 13   | danger of stationary traffic TANDA                                    | 130                                 | PF  | REV | PE)                  | W      | U | 1 | A1D  |
| 14   | queuing traffic (with average speeds Q)                               | ·08.it                              | eh. | ai) | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A2   |
| 15   | queuing traffic for 1 km (with average speeds Q)                      | 109<br>819-2:201                    | 3   | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A201 |
| 16   | queuing traffic for 2 km (with average g/sta<br>speeds Q) d98ea4394bd | ndpp <b>d</b> s/sist/<br>/iso-14819 |     |     | fa <sub>D</sub> 4849 | -9741- | U | 1 | A202 |
| 17   | queuing traffic for 3 km (with average speeds Q)                      | 131                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A203 |
| 18   | queuing traffic for 4 km (with average speeds Q)                      | 111                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A204 |
| 19   | queuing traffic for 6 km (with average speeds Q)                      | 112                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A206 |
| 20   | queuing traffic for 10 km (with average speeds Q)                     | 113                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A210 |
| 21   | danger of queuing traffic (with average speeds Q)                     | 132                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A2D  |
| 22   | long queues (with average speeds Q)                                   | 133                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A7   |
| 23   | slow traffic (with average speeds Q)                                  | 115                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A3   |
| 24   | slow traffic for 1 km (with average speeds Q)                         | 116                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A301 |
| 25   | slow traffic for 2 km (with average speeds Q)                         | 117                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A302 |
| 26   | slow traffic for 3 km (with average speeds Q)                         | 134                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A303 |
| 27   | slow traffic for 4 km (with average speeds Q)                         | 118                                 |     | 4   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | A304 |

| Line | Text<br>(CEN-English, see Explanatory notes)                              | Code            | N              | Q                | Т    | D                   | U           | С       | R       |
|------|---|-----------------|----------------|------------------|------|---------------------|-------------|---------|---------|
| 28   | slow traffic for 6 km (with average speeds Q)                             | 119             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | A306    |
| 29   | slow traffic for 10 km (with average speeds Q)                            | 120             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | A310    |
| 30   | heavy traffic (with average speeds Q)                                     | 122             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   |             | 1       | A4      |
| 31   | traffic heavier than normal (with average speeds Q)                       | 142             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   |             | 1       | A11     |
| 32   | traffic very much heavier than normal (with average speeds Q)             | 143             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   |             | 1       | A12     |
| 33   | traffic flowing freely (with average speeds Q)                            | 124             |                | 4                | (D)  | 1                   |             | 1       | A5      |
| 34   | traffic building up (with average speeds Q)                               | 125             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   |             | 1       | A6      |
| 35   | traffic easing  | 135             |                |                  | (D)  | 1                   |             | 1       | A8      |
| 36   | traffic congestion (with average speeds Q)                                | 136             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   |             | 1       | A9      |
| 37   | traffic congestion, average speed of 10 km/h                              | 70              |                |                  | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | A910    |
| 38   | traffic congestion, average speed of TA 20 km/h                           | MDA             | RI             | ) P              | RE   | MIR                 | UV          | 1       | A920    |
| 39   | traffic congestion, average speed of 30 dkm/h                             | 72 a r          | us.            | iter             |      | 1                   | U           | 1       | A930    |
| 40   | traffic congestion, average speed of 40 km/h https://standards.iteh.ai/ca | <b>4304</b> 176 | 19-2:<br>ards/ | 2013<br>sist/50e | 2012 | <b>1</b><br>Safa-48 | U<br>49-974 | 1<br>1- | A940    |
| 41   | traffic congestion, average speed of 50 km/h                              | 74              | SU- 14         | 017-2-           | D D  | 1                   |             | 1       | A950    |
| 42   | traffic congestion, average speed of 60 km/h                              | 75              |                |                  | D    | 1                   |             | 1       | A960    |
| 43   | traffic congestion, average speed of 70 km/h                              | 76              |                |                  | D    | 1                   |             | 1       | A970    |
| 44   | traffic lighter than normal (with average speeds Q)                       | 137             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   |             | 1       | A10     |
| 45   | queuing traffic (with average speeds Q).<br>Approach with care            | 138             |                | 4                | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | A2.Z112 |
| 46   | queuing traffic around a bend in the road                                 | 139             |                |                  | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | A2.Z165 |
| 47   | queuing traffic over the crest of a hill                                  | 140             |                |                  | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | A2.Z166 |
| 48   | queuing traffic (with average speeds Q).<br>Danger of stationary traffic  | 2               |                | 4                | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | A2.A1D  |
| 49   | (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic                                       | 215             |                | 0                | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | B1.A1   |
| 50   | (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 1 km                              | 216             |                | 0                | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | B1.A101 |
| 51   | (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 2 km                              | 217             |                | 0                | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | B1.A102 |
| 52   | (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 3 km                              | 348             |                | 0                | D    | 1                   | U           | 1       | B1.A103 |

| Line | Text<br>(CEN-English, see Explanatory notes)                             | Code             | N     | Q               | Т                | D      | U | С | R       |
|------|--|------------------|-------|-----------------|------------------|--------|---|---|---------|
| 53   | (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 4 km                             | 218              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A104 |
| 54   | (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 6 km                             | 219              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A106 |
| 55   | (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 10 km                            | 220              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A110 |
| 56   | (Q) accident(s). Danger of stationary traffic                            | 221              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A1D  |
| 57   | (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic   | 222              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A2   |
| 58   | (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 1 km                                | 223              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A201 |
| 59   | (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 2 km                                | 224              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A202 |
| 60   | (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 3 km                                | 349              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A203 |
| 61   | (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 4 km                                | 225              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A204 |
| 62   | (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 6 km                                | 226              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A206 |
| 63   | (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 10 km                               | 227              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A210 |
| 64   | (Q) accident(s). Danger of queuing traffic                               | 228              | PF    | OF V            | PE               | W      | U | 1 | B1.A2D  |
| 65   | (Q) accident(s). Slow trafficStandal                                     | 229.1t           | eh.   | <b>ai</b> )     | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A3   |
| 66   | (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 1 km <sub>SO 14</sub>                  | 230<br>819-2:201 | 3     | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A301 |
| 67   | (Q) accident(s): Slow traffic for 2 km og/sta                            | 1023ds/sist/     | 50e6f | 0 <b>7</b> c-3a | fa <b>⊳</b> 4849 | -9741- | U | 1 | B1.A302 |
| 68   | (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 3 km                                   | 350              | -2-21 | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A303 |
| 69   | (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 4 km                                   | 232              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A304 |
| 70   | (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 6 km                                   | 233              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A306 |
| 71   | (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 10 km                                  | 234              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B1.A310 |
| 72   | (Q) accident(s). Heavy traffic   | 236              |       | 0               | D                | 1      |   | 1 | B1.A4   |
| 73   | (Q) accident(s). Traffic flowing freely                                  | 238              |       | 0               | (D)              | 1      |   | 1 | B1.A5   |
| 74   | (Q) accident(s). Traffic building up                                     | 239              |       | 0               | D                | 1      |   | 1 | B1.A6   |
| 75   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic          | 250              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B8.A1   |
| 76   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 1 km | 251              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B8.A101 |
| 77   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 2 km | 252              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B8.A102 |
| 78   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 3 km | 352              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B8.A103 |
| 79   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 4 km | 253              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B8.A104 |
| 80   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 6 km | 254              |       | 0               | D                | 1      | U | 1 | B8.A106 |

| Line | Text (CEN-English, see Explanatory notes)                                 | Code                       | N      | Q               | Т                 | D        | U                      | С | R        |
|------|---|----------------------------|--------|-----------------|-------------------|----------|------------------------|---|----------|
| 81   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Stationary traffic for 10 km | 255                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A110  |
| 82   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Danger of stationary traffic | 256                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A1D   |
| 83   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic              | 257                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A2    |
| 84   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 1 km     | 258                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A201  |
| 85   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 2 km     | 259                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A202  |
| 86   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 3 km     | 353                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A203  |
| 87   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 4 km     | 260                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A204  |
| 88   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 6 km     | 261                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A206  |
| 89   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Queuing traffic for 10 km    | 262                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A210  |
| 90   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Danger of queuing traffic    | 263<br><b>NDA</b>          | RI     | 0<br><b>P</b>   | D<br>RE           | 1<br>VIK | U                      | 1 | B8.A2D   |
| 91   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s) (Sta                          | 208<br>ndar                | ds.    | itel            |                   | 1        |                        | 1 | B8       |
| 92   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic                 | 264<br>ISO 148             | 19-2:  | 0<br>2013       | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A3    |
| 93   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 1 km        | 14 <mark>265</mark> 4bd7/i | iso-14 | 8 <b>1</b> 9-2- | 2 <del>0</del> 13 | 1 1      | <del>19-9/4</del><br>U | 1 | B8.A301  |
| 94   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 2 km        | 266                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A302  |
| 95   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 3 km        | 354                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A303  |
| 96   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 4 km        | 267                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A304  |
| 97   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 6 km        | 268                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A306  |
| 98   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Slow traffic for 10 km       | 269                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.A310  |
| 99   | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Heavy traffic                | 271                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        |                        | 1 | B8.A4    |
| 100  | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Traffic building up          | 274                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        |                        | 1 | B8.A6    |
| 101  | vehicles slowing to look at (Q) accident(s). Danger                       | 355                        |        | 0               | (D)               | 1        | U                      | 1 | B8.Z91   |
| 102  | (Q) shed load(s). Stationary traffic                                      | 278                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B10.A1   |
| 103  | (Q) shed load(s). Stationary traffic for 1 km                             | 279                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B10.A101 |
| 104  | (Q) shed load(s). Stationary traffic for 2 km                             | 280                        |        | 0               | D                 | 1        | U                      | 1 | B10.A102 |

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| Line | Text<br>(CEN-English, see Explanatory notes)                        | Code                    | N   | Q   | Т                    | D      | U | С | R        |
|------|---|-------------------------|-----|-----|----------------------|--------|---|---|----------|
| 105  | (Q) shed load(s). Stationary traffic for 3 km                       | 356                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A103 |
| 106  | (Q) shed load(s). Stationary traffic for 4 km                       | 281                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A104 |
| 107  | (Q) shed load(s). Stationary traffic for 6 km                       | 282                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A106 |
| 108  | (Q) shed load(s). Stationary traffic for 10 km                      | 283                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A110 |
| 109  | (Q) shed load(s). Danger of stationary traffic                      | 284                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A1D  |
| 110  | (Q) shed load(s). Queuing traffic                                   | 285                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A2   |
| 111  | (Q) shed load(s). Queuing traffic for 1 km                          | 286                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A201 |
| 112  | (Q) shed load(s). Queuing traffic for 2 km                          | 287                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A202 |
| 113  | (Q) shed load(s). Queuing traffic for 3 km                          | 357                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | J | 1 | B10.A203 |
| 114  | (Q) shed load(s). Queuing traffic for 4 km                          | 288<br>DD               | DI  | 0   | D<br>ייק דו <i>ד</i> | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A204 |
| 115  | (Q) shed load(s). Queuing traffic for 6 km                          | 289<br>dS.it            | eh. | ai) | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A206 |
| 116  | (Q) shed load(s). Queuing traffic for 10 km                         | <b>290</b><br>819-2:201 | 3   | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A210 |
| 117  | (Q) shed load(s)/sDangels of: queuingog/sta<br>traffic d98ea4394bd7 | nd <b>291</b> s/sist/   |     |     | £1849£               | -9741- | U | 1 | B10.A2D  |
| 118  | (Q) shed load(s). Slow traffic                                      | 292                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A3   |
| 119  | (Q) shed load(s). Slow traffic for 1 km                             | 293                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A301 |
| 120  | (Q) shed load(s). Slow traffic for 2 km                             | 294                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A302 |
| 121  | (Q) shed load(s). Slow traffic for 3 km                             | 358                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A303 |
| 122  | (Q) shed load(s). Slow traffic for 4 km                             | 295                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A304 |
| 123  | (Q) shed load(s). Slow traffic for 6 km                             | 296                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A306 |
| 124  | (Q) shed load(s). Slow traffic for 10 km                            | 297                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B10.A310 |
| 125  | (Q) shed load(s). Heavy traffic                                     | 299                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      |   | 1 | B10.A4   |
| 126  | (Q) shed load(s). Traffic flowing freely                            | 301                     |     | 0   | (D)                  | 1      |   | 1 | B10.A5   |
| 127  | (Q) shed load(s). Traffic building up                               | 302                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      |   | 1 | B10.A6   |
| 128  | (Q) overturned vehicle(s). Stationary traffic                       | 360                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B16.A1   |
| 129  | (Q) overturned vehicle(s). Danger of stationary traffic             | 361                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B16.A1D  |
| 130  | (Q) overturned vehicle(s). Queuing traffic                          | 362                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B16.A2   |
| 131  | (Q) overturned vehicle(s). Danger of queuing traffic                | 363                     |     | 0   | D                    | 1      | U | 1 | B16.A2D  |