

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 1330-9:2017

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Nadomešča: SIST EN 1330-9:2009

Neporušitvene preiskave - Terminologija - 9. del: Izrazi, ki se uporabljajo pri akustični emisiji

Non-destructive testing - Terminology - Part 9: Terms used in acoustic emission testing

Zerstörungsfreie Prüfung - Terminologie - Teil 9: Begriffe der Schallemissionsprüfung iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Essais Non Destructifs - Terminologie - Partie 9 : Termes utilisés en contrôle par émission acoustique

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten 2?15ea/sEN 1330-9:2017

ICS:

01.040.19Preskušanje (Slovarji)19.100Neporušitveno preskušanje

Testing (Vocabularies) Non-destructive testing

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en



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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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ICS 01.040.19; 19.100

Supersedes EN 1330-9:2009

English Version

Non-destructive testing - Terminology - Part 9: Terms used in acoustic emission testing

Essais non destructifs - Terminologie - Partie 9 : Termes utilisés en contrôle par émission acoustique Zerstörungsfreie Prüfung - Terminologie - Teil 9: Begriffe der Schallemissionsprüfung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 11 May 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN 1330-9:2017 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN 1330-9:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 138 "Non-destructive testing", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1330-9:2009.

EN 1330, *Non destructive testing* — *Terminology*, is currently composed with the following parts:

- Part 1: List of general terms;
- Part 2: Terms common to the non-destructive testing methods;
- Part 3: Terms used in industrial radiographic testing;
- Part 8: Terms used in leak tightness testing; **RD PREVIEW**
- Part 9: Terms used in acoustic emission testings.iteh.ai)
- Part 10: Terms used in visual testing; IST EN 1330-9:2017
- Part 11: Terms used in X-ray diffraction from polycrystalline and amorphous materials (EN 1330-11).

And

- EN ISO 5577 Non-destructive testing Ultrasonic testing Vocabulary
- EN ISO 12706 Non-destructive testing Penetrant testing Vocabulary
- EN ISO 12707 Non-destructive testing Magnetic particle testing Vocabulary
- EN ISO 12718 Non-destructive testing Eddy current testing Vocabulary

Note 1: EN ISO 5577 was published formerly as EN 1330-4.

Note 2: EN ISO12706 was published formerly as EN 1330-6.

Note 3: EN ISO 12707 was published formerly as EN 1330-7.

Note 4: EN ISO 12718 was published formerly as EN 1330-5.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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1 Scope

This European Standard is concerned only with terms used specifically in acoustic emission testing (AT) and these fall into four parts:

- a) terms relating to the physical phenomenon;
- b) terms relating to the detection of the acoustic emission;
- c) terms relating to the measured characteristics of the signal(s);
- d) terms relating to acoustic emission applications.

2 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

2.1 General

2.1.1

acoustic emission

AE

phenomena whereby transient elastic waves are generated by, e.g. plastic deformation, crack propagation, erosion, corrosion, impact, leakage

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2.2 Terms relating to the physical phenomenon (standards.iteh.ai)

2.2.1

acoustic emission event

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physical phenomenon givingrise to acoustic/emissiondards/sist/356a2f5d-74ea-4d10-9957-4790fd7915ea/sist-en-1330-9-2017

2.2.2

acoustic emission source

spatial element from where one (or more) acoustic emission event(s) originate(s)

2.2.3

acoustic emission event mechanism

dynamic process or combination of processes occurring within a material, generating acoustic emission events

Note 1 to entry: AE event mechanisms can be subdivided into several categories: material and mechanical, macroscopic and microscopic, primary and secondary.

2.2.4

acoustic emission wave

transient elastic wave generated by an acoustic emission event

2.2.5

acoustic emission wave energy

elastic wave energy released by an acoustic emission event

2.2.6

acoustic emission stimulation

application of a stimulus such as force, pressure, heat, and so forth, to a test object to cause activation of acoustic emission sources

2.2.7

event location

computed location of an individual AE event using, e.g. Δ -t measurement

2.2.8

cluster location

spatial area encompassing several AE events, defining an AE cluster

2.2.9

source location

spatial area comprising one or more clusters associated with an AE source and importantly encompassing the true physical location of the AE events giving rise to the AE source

2.3 Terms relating to the detection of the acoustic emission

2.3.1

acoustic emission sensor

device that converts the particle motion produced by an elastic wave into an electrical signal

2.3.2

acoustic emission couplant

material used at the test object-to-sensor interface to improve the transmission of acoustic emission waves across the interface iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

2.3.3

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burst emission

occurrence of acoustic emission events which can be separated in time

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continuous emission

occurrence of acoustic emission events which cannot be separated in time

2.3.5

acoustic emission waveguide

device used for the transmission of acoustic emission waves from the test object to the acoustic emission sensor

2.3.6

acoustic emission signal

electrical signal from an acoustic emission sensor converted from the acoustic emission wave

Note 1 to entry: Other disturbances, e.g. EMI may affect the signal.

2.3.7

burst signal (burst)

acoustic emission signal having an identifiable beginning and an end

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

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SIST EN 1330-9:2017 2.3.8 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/356a2f5d-74ea-4d10-9957continuous signal acoustic emission signal having no identifiable beginning and end

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 2.



Key

- X time [μs]
- amplitude [mV] Y

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2.3.9

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acoustic emission https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/356a2f5d-74ea-4d10-9957signals that are not relevant to the purpose of the test

Note 1 to entry: It can have electromagnetic, thermal or mechanical origins.

2.3.10

background noise

acoustic emission noise which can be rejected by raising the detection threshold or by frequency filtering

2.3.11

disturbance noise

acoustic emission noise which cannot be rejected by raising the detection threshold or frequency filtering and which might be rejected by logical filtering

2.3.12

acoustic emission channel

complete measurement and signal processing chain for one AE signal, including sensor, cable, preamplifier and signal processor

Some applications may utilize more than one sensor per channel. Note 1 to entry: