ETSI ES 202 789 V1.6.1 (2022-04)



Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Extended TRI

ETSI ES 202 789 V1.6.1 (2022-04)

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Foreword

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This ETSI Standard (ES) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS).

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The use of strike through (deleted text) highlights the differences between base document and extended documents.

The present document relates to the multi-part standard ETSI ES 201 873 covering the Testing and Test Control Notation version 3, as identified in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1].

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

1 Scope

The present document defines the Extended TRI package of TTCN-3. TTCN-3 can be used for the specification of all types of reactive system tests over a variety of communication ports. Typical areas of application are protocol testing (including mobile and Internet protocols), service testing (including supplementary services), module testing, testing of CORBA based platforms, APIs, etc. TTCN-3 is not restricted to conformance testing and can be used for many other kinds of testing including interoperability, robustness, regression, system and integration testing. The specification of test suites for physical layer protocols is outside the scope of the present document.

TTCN-3 packages are intended to define additional TTCN-3 concepts, which are not mandatory as concepts in the TTCN-3 core language or in its interfaces TRI and TCI, but which are optional as part of a package which is suited for dedicated applications and/or usages of TTCN-3.

This package defines a more efficient handling of software values by a version of TRI, that does not use binary encoded messages for the communication with the SUT, but uses the values as they are; meaning e.g. that software objects or serialized data can be passed directly between the SUT and the TE.

While the design of TTCN-3 package has taken into account the consistency of a combined usage of the core language with a number of packages, the concrete usages of and guidelines for this package in combination with other packages is outside the scope of the present document.

2 References

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2.1 Normative references EVIEW

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference, //standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/40c0508c-

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

[1]	ETSI ES 201 873-1: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 1: TTCN-3 Core Language".
[2]	ETSI ES 201 873-4: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 4: TTCN-3 Operational Semantics".

- [3] ETSI ES 201 873-5: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 5: TTCN-3 Runtime Interface (TRI)".
- [4] ETSI ES 201 873-6: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 6: TTCN-3 Control Interface (TCI)".
- [5] Recommendation ITU-T X.290: "OSI conformance testing methodology and framework for protocol Recommendations for ITU-T applications General concepts".

NOTE: The corresponding ISO/IEC standard is ISO/IEC 9646-1: "Information technology -- Open Systems Interconnection -- Conformance testing methodology and framework -- Part 1: General concepts".

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1]	Void.
[i.2]	Void.
[i.3]	ETSI ES 201 873-7: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 7: Using ASN.1 with TTCN-3".
[i.4]	ETSI ES 201 873-8: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 8: The IDL to TTCN-3 Mapping".
[i.5]	ETSI ES 201 873-9: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 9: Using XML schema with TTCN-3".
[i.6]	ETSI ES 201 873-10: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 10: TCN-3 Documentation Comment Specification".
[i.7]	ETSI ES 202 781: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Configuration and Deployment Support".
[i.8]	ETSI ES 202 784: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Advanced Parameterization".
[i.9]	ETSI ES 202 785; "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Behaviour Types". https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/40c0508c-
[i.10]	ETSLES 202 782!-"Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS)! The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: TTCN-3 Performance and Real Time Testing".
[i.11]	ETSI ES 202 786: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Support of interfaces with continuous signals".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2], ETSI ES 201 873-5 [3], ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4] and Recommendation ITU-T X.290 [5] apply.

3.2 Symbols

Void.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2], ETSI ES 201 873-5 [3], ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4], Recommendation ITU-T X.290 [5] and the following apply:

XTRI eXtended TRI

4 Package conformance and compatibility

The package has no package tag as the choice to use TRI and/or XTRI affects the test adaptor only, but not the test specifications in TTCN-3.

For an implementation claiming to conform to this package version, all features specified in the present document shall be implemented consistently with the requirements given in the present document, ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1] and ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2].

The package presented in the present document is compatible to:

```
ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1] (V4.5.1)

ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2] (V4.4.1)

ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4] (V4.5.1)

ETSI ES 201 873-7 [i.3] (V4.5.1) Teh STANDARD

ETSI ES 201 873-8 [i.4] (V4.5.1)

ETSI ES 201 873-9 [i.5] (V4.5.1)

ETSI ES 201 873-10 [i.6] (V4.5.1)
```

If later versions of those parts are available and should be used instead, the compatibility of the package defined in the present document has to be checked individually. 202 /89 V1.6.1 (2022-04). https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/40c0508c-

2022-04

The package defined in the present document is also compatible to isi-es-202-789-v1-6-1-

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ETSI ES 202 784 [i.8] (V1.3.1)
ETSI ES 202 781 [i.7] (V1.2.1)
ETSI ES 202 782 [i.10] (V1.2.1)
ETSI ES 202 785 [i.9] (V1.3.1)
```

and can be used together with those packages.

ETSI ES 202 786 [i.11] (V1.2.1)

If later versions of those packages are available and should be used instead, the compatibility to the package defined in the present document has to be checked individually.

5 Package concepts for the core language

Not applicable.

6 Package semantics

Not applicable.

7 TRI extensions for the package

7.0 Introduction

Historically, TTCN has been used to test communication protocols which typically use encoded messages. This has been reflected in the TRI SA and TCI CD design of TTCN-3 by encoding and decoding messages to and from bitstrings. However, TTCN-3 also supports signature-based communication for which the transformation of objects into bitstrings and vice versa is cumbersome. Furthermore, some protocols use also structured messages for which the bitstring encoding is not helpful.

Therefore, an alternative API is being defined in this extension package of TTCN-3 along which TTCN-3 values can be directly passed to/from the SUT. It is defined by redefining the operations in TRI SA and PA as follows.

7.1 Changes to clause 5.2 of ETSI ES 201 873-5, Error handling

The SA or PA can in addition provide notifications about unrecoverable error situations by use of the operations xtriSAErrorReq and xtriPAErrorReq, respectively.

5.2.1 triSAErrorReg → xtriSAErrorReg

Signature	void xtriSAErrorReq in string message, in any cause)		
In Parameters	message	A string value, i.e. the error phrase describing the problem.	
	cause	(Optional) cause of the problem.	
Return Value	void		
Constraint	Shall be called whenever an error situation has occurred in the SA with the exception of errors occurring when processing SA calls initiated by the TE. These errors are reported in the operation return. The optional cause parameter can be used to provide information in addition to the error phrase in message.		
Effect	The TE will be notified about an unrecoverable error situation within the SA and may forward the error indication to the test management.		

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5.2.2 triPAErrorReq → xtriPAErrorReq

Signature	<pre>void xtriPAErrorReq(in string message, in any cause)</pre>	
In Parameters	message	A string value, i.e. the error phrase describing the problem.
	cause	(Optional) cause of the problem.
Return Value	Void	
Constraint	Shall be called whenever an error situation has occurred in the PA with the exception of errors occurring when processing PA calls initiated by the TE. These errors are reported in the operation return. The optional cause parameter can be used to provide information in addition to the error phrase in message.	
Effect	The TE will be notified about an unrecoverable error situation within the PA and may forwa the error indication to the test management.	

7.2 Changes to clause 5.5.2 of ETSI ES 201 873-5, Connection handling operations

5.5.2.3 triMapParam → xtriMapParam

Signature	TriStatusType xtriMap(in TriPortIdType compPortId,		
	in TriPortIdType tsiPortId,		
		<pre>in TciParameterListType paramList)</pre>	
In Parameters	compPortId	identifier of the test component port to be mapped	
	tsiPortId	identifier of the test system interface port to be mapped	
	paramList	parameters of the parameterized map	
Out Parameters	n.a.		
Return Value	The return status of the triMap operation. The return status indicates the local success (<i>TRI_OK</i>)		
	or failure (<i>TRI_Error</i>) of the operation.		
Constraints	This operation is called by the TE when it executes a TTCN-3 map operation.		
Effect	The SA can establish a dynamic connection to the SUT for the referenced TSI port.		
	The triMap operation returns <i>TRI_Error</i> in case a connection could not be established		
	successfully, <i>TRI_OK</i> otherwise. The operation should return <i>TRI_OK</i> in case no dynamic		
	connection needs to be established by the test system.		

5.5.2.5 triUnmapParam → xtriUnmapParam

Signature	TriStatusType xtriUnmap(in TriPortIdType compPortId,		
In Parameters	compPortId identifier of the test component port to be unmapped tsiPortId identifier of the test system interface port to be unmapped paramList parameters of the parameterized map		
Out Parameters	n.a. (standards.iteh.ai)		
Return Value	The return status of the triunmap operation. The return status indicates the local success (<i>TRI_OK</i>) or failure (<i>TRI_Error</i>) of the operation.		
Constraints	This operation is called by the TE when it executes any TTCN-3 unmap operation.		
Effect	The SA shall close a dynamic connection to the SUT for the referenced TSI port. The triuman operation returns TRI_Error in case a connection could not be closed successfully or no such connection has been established previously, TRI_OK otherwise. The operation should return TRI_OK in case no dynamic connections have to be closed by the test system.		

7.3 Changes to clause 5.5.3 of ETSI ES 201 873-5, Message based communication operations

5.5.3.1 triSend → xtriSend

Signature	TriStatusTyp	e xtriSend(in TriComponentIdType componentId,
		in TriPortIdType tsiPortId,
		in Value SUTaddress,
		in Value sendMessage)
In Parameters component Id identifier of the sending test component		identifier of the sending test component
	tsiPortId	identifier of the test system interface port via which the message is sent to the
	SUT	Adaptor
	SUTaddress	(optional) destination address value within the SUT
	sendMessage	the value to be sent
Out	n.a.	
Parameters		
Return Value	The return status of the trisend operation. The return status indicates the local success (Ti	
	or failure (TRI_E	Frror) of the operation.

Constraints	This operation is called by the TE when it executes a TTCN-3 unicast send operation on a component port, which has been mapped to a TSI port. This operation is called by the TE for all TTCN-3 send operations if no system component has been specified for a test case, i.e. only a MTC test component is created for a test case.
Effect	The SA can send the message to the SUT. The triSend operation returns <i>TRI_OK</i> in case it has been completed successfully. Otherwise <i>TRI_Error</i> shall be returned. Notice that the return value <i>TRI_OK</i> does not imply that the SUT has received sendMessage.

5.5.3.2 triSendBC → xtriSendBC

Signature	TriStatusType xtriSendBC(in TriComponentIdType componentId,		
0.9	in TriPortIdType tsiPortId,		
	in Value sendMessage)		
In Parameters	componentId identifier of the sending test component		
	tsiPortId identifier of the test system interface port via which the message is sent to the		
	SUT Adaptor		
	sendMessage the value to be sent		
Out	n.a.		
Parameters			
Return Value	The return status of the trisendBC operation. The return status indicates the local success		
	(TRI_OK) or failure (TRI_Error) of the operation.		
Constraints This operation is called by the TE when it executes a TTCN-3 broadcast send operation			
	component port, which has been mapped to a TSI port. This operation is called by the TE for all		
	TTCN-3 send operations if no system component has been specified for a test case, i.e. only a MTC		
	test component is created for a test case.		
Effect	The SA can broadcast the message to the SUT.		
	The triSendBC operation returns TRI_OK in case it has been completed successfully. Otherwise		
	TRI_Error shall be returned. Notice that the return value TRI_OK does not imply that the SUT has		
	received sendMessage.		

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5.5.3.3

5.5.3.3	triSendMC =	• xtriSendMC		
	ETSI ES 202 789 V1.6.1 (2022-04)			
Signature	TriStatusType_xtriSendMC(in_TriComponentIdType/gomponentId,			
	c314-4b9d	1-9e3a-99 in TriportIdType tsiPortId. 1-9e3a-99 in TrivalueList Suraddresses.		
		in Value-sendMessage)		
In Parameters	componentId	identifier of the sending test component		
	tsiPortId	identifier of the test system interface port via which the message is sent to the		
		SUT Adaptor		
	SUTaddresses	destination address values within the SUT		
	sendMessage	the values to be sent		
Out	n.a.			
Parameters				
Return Value	The return status of the triSendMC operation. The return status indicates the local success			
	(TRI_OK) or failure (TRI_Error) of the operation.			
Constraints	This operation is called by the TE when it executes a TTCN-3 multicast send operation on a			
	component port, which has been mapped to a TSI port. This operation is called by the TE for all			
	TTCN-3 send operations if no system component has been specified for a test case, i.e. only a M			
	test component is created for a test case.			
Effect The SA can multicast the message to the SUT.				
	eration returns <i>TRI_OK</i> in case it has been completed successfully. Otherwise			
	TRI_Error shall be returned. Notice that the return value TRI_OK does not imply that the SUT has			
	received sendMessage.			

5.5.3.4 triEnqueueMsg → xtriEnqueueMsg

Signature	void xtriEnqueue	<pre>void xtriEnqueueMsg(in TriPortIdType tsiPortId,</pre>		
	in any SUTaddress,			
		in TriComponentIdType componentId,		
		in any receivedMessage)		
In Parameters	tsiPortId	identifier of the test system interface port via which the message is enqueued		
		by the SUT Adaptor		
	SUTaddress	(optional) source address value within the SUT		
	componentId	identifier of the receiving test component		
	receivedMessage	the received value		
Out	n.a.			
Parameters				
Return Value	void			
Constraints	This operation is called by the SA after it has received a message from the SUT. It can only be used when tsiPortId has been either previously mapped to a port of componentId or has been referenced in the previous triExecuteTestCase statement.			
Effect	This operation shall pass the message to the TE indicating the component componentld to which the			
	TSI port tsiPortId is mapped.			
	The decoding of receivedMessage has to be done in the TE.			

7.4 Addition to clause 5.5.3 of ETSI ES 201 873-5, Message based communication operations

In order to interpret unknown values along a type hypothesis, an additional xtriConvert operation is defined. It can be used in all cases where the type of the incoming value is not known. Note that typically the value type is known in procedure-based communication and sometimes in message-based communication.

5.5.3.5 xtriConvert (standards.iteh.ai)

Signature	Value xtriConvert(in any value, in Type typeHypothesis)		
In Parameters	value the value to be converted 6.1 (2022-04) the type hypothesis the type hypothesis		
Out Parameters	n.a. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/40c0508c- c314-4b9d-9e3a-99295b6f97d0/etsi-es-202-789-v1-6-1-		
Return Value	Returns the converted value, if the value is of a compatible type as the typeHypothesis, else the distinct value null.		
Constraints	This operation shall be called whenever the TE has to convert a value. The TE might convert immediately after reception of the value, or might for performance considerations postpone the conversion until the actual access to the value.		
Effect	This operation converts a value and returns a value according to the type hypothesis if it matches. The typeHypothesis determines whether the value can be converted. If not, the distinct null value shall be returned.		

7.5 Changes to clause 5.5.4 of ETSI ES 201 873-5, Procedure based communication operations

5.5.4.1 triCall → xtriCall

Signature	TriStatusType xtriCall(in TriComponentIdType componentId,
	in TriPortIdType tsiPortId,
	in Value SUTaddress,
	in TriSignatureIdType signatureId,
	<pre>in TciParameterListType parameterList)</pre>

In Parameters	componentId	identifier of the test component issuing the procedure call			
	tsiPortId	identifier of the test system interface port via which the procedure call is			
	sent	to the SUT Adaptor			
	SUTaddress	(optional) destination address within the SUT			
	signatureId	identifier of the signature of the procedure call			
	parameterList	a list of parameters which are part of the indicated signature. The			
		parameters in parameterList are ordered as they appear in the TTCN-3			
		signature declaration			
Out Parameters	n.a.	-			
Return Value	The return status of the	triCall operation. The return status indicates the local success			
	(TRI_OK) or failure (TF	RI_Error) of the operation.			
Constraints	This operation is called by the TE when it executes a TTCN-3 unicast call operation on a				
		has been mapped to a TSI port. This operation is called by the TE for all			
		if no system component has been specified for a test case, i.e. only a MTC			
	test component is creat				
		ters are the parameters specified in the TTCN-3 signature template.			
Effect		peration the SA can initiate the procedure call corresponding to the signature			
	identifier signatureId and the TSI port tsiPortId. The triCall operation shall return without waiting for the return of the issued procedure call (see				
	note). This TRI operation returns <i>TRI_OK</i> on successful initiation of the procedure call, <i>TRI_Error</i>				
	otherwise. No error shall be indicated by the SA in case the value of any <i>out</i> parameter is non-null.				
	Notice that the return value of this TRI operation does not make any statement about the success				
	or failure of the procedure call.				
		meout value, which can be specified in the TTCN-3 ATS for a call operation,			
		ricall operation signature. The TE is responsible to address this issue by			
		ITCN-3 call operation in the PA with a separate TRI operation call,			
	i.e. triStartTimer.				
NOTE: This mig	NOTE: This might be achieved for example by spawning a new thread or process. This handling of this procedure				
call is, h	nowever, dependent on i	mplementation of the TE.			
PKEVIEW					

5.5.4.2 triCalBC - xtriCalBC dards.iteh.ai)

	*				
Signature	TriStatusType xtri	CallBC(in TriComponentIdType componentId,			
	ETS	in TriPortIdType tsiPortId,			
	https://standar	in TrisignatureIdType signatureId,			
		ds.ikhtelfalameterlisttype parameternist)			
In Parameters	component and b9d-9e3 identifier of the test component issuing the procedure call				
	tsiPortId	identifier of the test system interface port via which the procedure call is			
	1.	sent to the SUT Adaptor			
	signatureId	identifier of the signature of the procedure call			
	parameterList	a list of parameters which are part of the indicated signature. The			
		parameters in parameterList are ordered as they appear in the			
		TTCN-3 signature declaration			
Out Parameters	n.a.				
Return Value		triCallBC operation. The return status indicates the local success			
		I_Error) of the operation.			
Constraints	This operation is called by the TE when it executes a TTCN-3 broadcast call operation on a				
	component port, which has been mapped to a TSI port. This operation is called by the TE for all TTCN-3 call operations if no system component has been specified for a test case, i.e. only a MTC				
	test component is create				
Effect		ers are the parameters specified in the TTCN-3 signature template.			
Ellect	•	eration the SA can initiate and broadcast the procedure call corresponding or signatureId and the TSI port tsiPortId.			
	<u> </u>	- · ·			
		ion shall return without waiting for the return of the issued procedure call			
	(see note). This TRI operation returns TRI_OK on successful initiation of the procedure TRI_Error otherwise. No error shall be indicated by the SA in case the value of any out				
		return value of this TRI operation does not make any statement about the			
	success or failure of the				
		neout value, which can be specified in the TTCN-3 ATS for a call operation,			
		iCallBC operation signature. The TE is responsible to address this issue			
		e TTCN-3 call operation in the PA with a separate TRI operation call,			
	i.e. triStartTimer.	5 5 5 can specialist in the F74 man a soparate F14 operation out,			
NOTE: This mi					
call is, however, dependent on implementation of the TE.					