INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 11104

Third edition 2011-12-15

Space data and information transfer systems — Time code formats

Systèmes de transfert des informations et données spatiales — Formats des codes horaires

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 11104 was prepared by the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) (as CCSDS 301.0-B-4, November 2010) and was adopted (without modifications except those stated in Clause 2 of this International Standard) by Technical Committee ISO/TC 20, Aircraft and space vehicles, Subcommittee SC 13, Space data and information transfer systems.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 11104:2003), which has been technically revised.

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Space data and information transfer systems — Time code formats

1 Scope

This International Standard establishes a small number of standardized recommended time code formats for use in data interchange applications between agencies of the CCSDS. This International Standard does not address timing performance issues such as stability, precision, accuracy, etc.

Time codes are digital representations of time information. This International Standard describes four standard recommended time codes (one "unsegmented" and three "segmented" codes) which use the international standard second as the fundamental unit of time. An unsegmented time code is a pure binary count of time units and fractional time units from a starting time called the "epoch". A segmented time code is one in which the count of time units and fractional time units is accumulated in two or more cascaded counters which count modulo of various bases and start from the epoch.

The scope and field of application are furthermore detailed in subclauses 1.2 to 1.4 of the enclosed CCSDS publication.

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2 Requirements

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https://standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9ce48941-5eec-43e6-8fb4-Requirements are the technical recommendations made in the following publication (reproduced on the following pages), which is adopted as an International Standard:

CCSDS 301.0-B-4, November 2010, Time code formats.

For the purposes of international standardization, the modifications outlined below shall apply to the specific clauses and paragraphs of publication CCSDS 301.0-B-4.

Pages i to v

This part is information which is relevant to the CCSDS publication only.

3 Revision of publication CCSDS 301.0-B-4

It has been agreed with the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems that Subcommittee ISO/TC 20/SC 13 will be consulted in the event of any revision or amendment of publication CCSDS 301.0-B-4. To this end, NASA will act as a liaison body between CCSDS and ISO.

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Recommendation for Space Data System Standards



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RECOMMENDED STANDARD

CCSDS 301.0-B-4

BLUE BOOKNovember 2010

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AUTHORITY

Issue: Recommended Standard, Issue 4

Date: November 2010

Location: Washington, DC, USA

This document has been approved for publication by the Management Council of the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) and represents the consensus technical agreement of the participating CCSDS Member Agencies. The procedure for review and authorization of CCSDS documents is detailed in the *Procedures Manual for the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems*, and the record of Agency participation in the authorization of this document can be obtained from the CCSDS Secretariat at the address below.

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CCSDS Secretariat (standards.iteh.ai)

Space Communications and Navigation Office, 7L70

Space Operations Mission Directorate)4:2011

NASA Headquartersls.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9ce48941-5eec-43e6-8fb4-

Washington, DC 20546-0001, WSAb/iso-11104-2011

STATEMENT OF INTENT

The Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) is an organization officially established by the management of its members. The Committee meets periodically to address data systems problems that are common to all participants, and to formulate sound technical solutions to these problems. Inasmuch as participation in the CCSDS is completely voluntary, the results of Committee actions are termed **Recommended Standards** and are not considered binding on any Agency.

This **Recommended Standard** is issued by, and represents the consensus of, the CCSDS members. Endorsement of this **Recommendation** is entirely voluntary. Endorsement, however, indicates the following understandings:

- o Whenever a member establishes a CCSDS-related **standard**, this **standard** will be in accord with the relevant **Recommended Standard**. Establishing such a **standard** does not preclude other provisions which a member may develop.
- o Whenever a member establishes a CCSDS-related **standard**, that member will provide other CCSDS members with the following information:
 - -- The standard itself TANDARD PREVIEW
 - -- The anticipated date of initial operational capability.
 - -- The anticipated duration of operational service.
- o Specific services arrangements shall be made via memoranda of fagreement. Neither this **Recommended Standard** anordanyo ensuing standard is a substitute for a memorandum of agreement.

No later than five years from its date of issuance, this **Recommended Standard** will be reviewed by the CCSDS to determine whether it should: (1) remain in effect without change; (2) be changed to reflect the impact of new technologies, new requirements, or new directions; or (3) be retired or canceled.

In those instances when a new version of a **Recommended Standard** is issued, existing CCSDS-related member standards and implementations are not negated or deemed to be non-CCSDS compatible. It is the responsibility of each member to determine when such standards or implementations are to be modified. Each member is, however, strongly encouraged to direct planning for its new standards and implementations towards the later version of the Recommended Standard.

FOREWORD

This document is a technical Recommended Standard for time code formats and has been prepared by the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS). The set of time code formats described in this Recommended Standard is the baseline concept for time representation in data interchange applications that are cross-supported between Agencies of the CCSDS.

This Recommended Standard establishes a common framework and provides a common basis for the formats of time code data. It allows implementing organizations within each agency to proceed coherently with the development of compatible derived Standards for the flight and ground systems that are within their cognizance. Derived Agency Standards may implement only a subset of the optional features allowed by the Recommended Standard and may incorporate features not addressed by this Recommended Standard.

Through the process of normal evolution, it is expected that expansion, deletion or modification to this document may occur. This Recommended Standard is therefore subject to CCSDS document management and change control procedures which are defined in reference [1]. Current versions of CCSDS documents are maintained at the CCSDS Web site:

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Questions relating to the contents or status of this document should be addressed to the CCSDS Secretariat at the address indicated on page i.

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CCSDS RECOMMENDATION FOR TIME CODE FORMATS

At time of publication, the active Member and Observer Agencies of the CCSDS were:

Member Agencies

- Agenzia Spaziale Italiana (ASI)/Italy.
- Canadian Space Agency (CSA)/Canada.
- Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales (CNES)/France.
- China National Space Administration (CNSA)/People's Republic of China.
- Deutsches Zentrum f
 ür Luft- und Raumfahrt e.V. (DLR)/Germany.
- European Space Agency (ESA)/Europe.
- Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais (INPE)/Brazil.
- Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA)/Japan.
- National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)/USA.
- Federal Space Agency (FSA)/Russian Federation.
- UK Space Agency/United Kingdom.

Observer Agencies

- Austrian Space Agency (ASA)/Austria.
- Belgian Federal Science Policy Office (BFSPO)/Belgium.
- Central Research Institute of Machine Building (TsNIIMash)/Russian Federation.
- China Satellite Launch and Tracking Control General, Beijing Institute of Tracking and Telecommunications Technology (CLTC/BITTT)/China.
- Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS)/China. teh.ai)
- Chinese Academy of Space Technology (CAST)/China.
- Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO)/Australia.
- CSIR Satellite Applications Centre (CSIR)/Republic of South Africa.
- Danish National Space Center (DNSC)/Denmark.²⁰¹¹
- Departamento de Ciência e Tecnologia Aeroespacial (DCTA)/Brazil.
- European Organization for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)/Europe.
- European Telecommunications Satellite Organization (EUTELSAT)/Europe.
- Geo-Informatics and Space Technology Development Agency (GISTDA)/Thailand.
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- Naval Center for Space Technology (NCST)/USA.
- Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey (TUBITAK)/Turkey.
- Space and Upper Atmosphere Research Commission (SUPARCO)/Pakistan.
- Swedish Space Corporation (SSC)/Sweden.

- United States Geological Survey (USGS)/USA.

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DOCUMENT CONTROL

Document	Title	Date	Status		
CCSDS 301.0-B-1	Time Code Formats, Issue 1	January 1987	Original issue, superseded		
CCSDS 301.0-B-2	Time Code Formats, Issue 2	April 1990	Issue 2, superseded		
CCSDS 301.0-B-3	Time Code Formats, Issue 3	January 2002	Issue 3, superseded		
CCSDS 301.0-B-4	Time Code Formats, Recommended Standard, Issue 4	October 2008	Current issue: - defines a second P-Field octet for the CCSDS Unsegmented Time Code (CUC) - adds a new section on		
iTeh STANDARD PREVIsecurity – updates some editorial (standards.iteh.ai) elements					

NOTE – Substantive changes from the <u>previous zissue</u> are identified by change bars in the inside margin/standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9ce48941-5eec-43e6-8fb4-434aa8b6dd8b/iso-11104-2011

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