# Final draft ETSI ES 203 228 V1.4.0 (2022-02)



# Environmental Engineering (EE); Assessment of mobile network energy efficiency

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### Contents

Intelle	ectual Property Rights	5
Forev	word	5
Moda	al verbs terminology	5
Introd	duction	6
1	Scope	
2	References	
2 2.1	Normative references	
2.1	Informative references.	
3	Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations	
3.1 3.2	TermsSymbols	
3.2 3.3	Abbreviations	
4	Network under test definition	
4.1 4.2	Introduction	
4.2 4.3	Network classification	
4.3.0		
4.3.1	Introduction of network classification	14
4.3.2	Topography	15
4.3.3	Topography	15
4.3.4	Additional classification classes	16
5	Metrics for energy efficiency assessment a.r.ds.iteh.ai	16
5.0	Introduction of clause	16
5.1	Energy Consumption metrics	
5.2		
5.2.1	Data Volumenttps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3beface2-	
5.2.2	Coverage Area ed. 45a4.b0cd.07ae052d23d3/etsi-es-203-228-v-1-4-0	19
5.2.3 5.2.4	Latency	20
5.2. <del>4</del> 5.3	Mobile Network Energy efficiency metrics	
6	Measurement of energy efficiency	
6.0	Introduction of clause	
6.1 6.2	Measurement procedures	
6.2.1	Measurement of Energy Consumption	
6.2.2	Measurement of capacity	
6.2.3	Determination of coverage area	
6.2.3.0		
6.2.3.1		
6.2.3.2		
6.2.3.3 6.2.4	3 Coverage quality	
6.2.5	Measurement of the number of subscribers	
7	Extrapolation for overall networks	
7.0	Extrapolation approach	
7.1 7.1.0	Extrapolation method	
7.1.0 7.1.1	Statistical information about Demography	
7.1.2	Statistical information about Topography	
7.1.3	Statistical information about Climate zones	
7.2	Extrapolation reporting tables	
7.2.0	Introduction of extrapolation reporting tables	28

7.2.1	Reporting extrapolation based on Demography	28
7.2.2	Reporting extrapolation based on Topography	29
7.2.3	Reporting extrapolation based on Climate zones	29
8	Assessment report	29
8.0	Introduction of assessment report	29
8.1	Report of Network Area under test	
8.2	Report of sites under test	31
8.3	Report of Sites under test	32
9	Implementation guidelines	33
Anno	ex A (informative): Implementation examples	34
A.1	Implementation examples	34
A.2	Examples of reporting data	34
Histo	orv	39

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ETSI ES 203 228 V1.4.0 (2022-02) https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3beface2-71cd-45a4-b0cd-07ae052d23d3/etsi-es-203-228-v1-4-0-

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### **Foreword**

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This final draft ETSI Standard (ES) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Environmental Engineering (EE), and is now submitted for the ETSI standards Membership Approval Procedure.

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The present document was developed jointly by ETSI TC EE and ITU-T Study Group 5. It will be published respectively by ITU and ETSI as Recommendation ITU-T 1.1331 [i.4] and ETSI ES 203 228 (the present document), which are technically-equivalent.

Moreover the present document has been developed in collaboration with 3GPP SA5 and RAN3; GSMA has also given valuable suggestions and contributions.

### Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

### Introduction

The present document deals with the definition of metrics and methods to measure energy performance of Mobile Radio Access Networks and adopts an approach based on the measurement of such performance on small networks, for feasibility and simplicity purposes. Such simplified approach is proposed for approximate energy efficiency evaluations and cannot be considered as a reference for planning evaluation purposes throughout the network operation process. The same approach was introduced also in ETSI TR 103 117 [i.1]; the measurements in testing laboratories of the efficiency of the Base Stations is the topic treated in ETSI ES 202 706 [i.2].

The present document provides also a method to extrapolate the assessment of energy efficiency to wider networks (clause 7).

The general outcome of the application of the method specified in the present document is based on the "Assessment report" introduced in clause 8. An example of application of the method is also given in annex A.

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### 1 Scope

The present document is aimed at defining the topology and level of analysis to assess the energy efficiency of mobile networks. Within the scope of the present document there is the radio access part of the mobile networks, and namely there are radio base stations, backhauling systems, radio controllers and other infrastructure radio site equipment. The covered technologies are GSM, UMTS, LTE and 5G New Radio (NR). In particular the present document defines metrics for mobile network energy efficiency and methods for assessing (and measuring) energy efficiency in operational networks. The purpose of the present document is to allow better comprehension of networks energy efficiency, in particular considering the networks' evolution in different periods in time.

Aiming to consider also the slicing approach of the networks from 5G onwards the metrics are extended to the latency of the network itself related to the energy consumed, additionally to the metrics based on traffic and on coverage, already existing for legacy networks and still valid.

The present document deals with both a homogeneous and heterogeneous "network" considering a network whose size and scale could be defined by topologic, geographic or demographic boundaries. For networks defined by topologic boundaries, a possible example of a network covered by the present document consists of a control node (whenever applicable), its supported access nodes as well as the related network elements. Networks could be defined by geographic boundaries, such as city-wide, national or continental networks and could be defined by demographic boundaries, such as urban or rural networks.

The present document applies to the so-called "partial" networks for which a measurement method is also recommended. The specification extends the measurements in partial networks to wider so-called "total" networks energy efficiency estimations (i.e. the network in a geographic area, the network in a whole country, the network of a MNO, etc.).

Terminal (end-user) equipment is outside the scope of the present document and is not considered in the energy efficiency measurement.

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### 2 References

<u>ETSI ES 203 228 V1.4.0 (2022-02)</u>

### 2.1 Normative references ai/catalog/standards/sist/3beface2-/lcd-45a4-b0cd-0/ae052d23d3/etsi-es-203-228-v1-4-0-

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Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <a href="https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/">https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/</a>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

[1]	ETSI TS 125 104: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS)
	radio transmission and reception (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.104)".

- [2] ETSI TS 136 104: "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.104)".
- [3] ETSI TS 132 425 (V12.0.0): "LTE; Telecommunication management; Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) (3GPP TS 32.425 version 12.0.0 Release 12)".
- [4] ETSI TS 132 412 (V11.1.0): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Telecommunication management; Performance Management (PM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS) (3GPP TS 32.412 version 11.1.0 Release 11)".

[5]	ETSI TS 123 203 (V12.7.0): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal
	Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Policy and charging control architecture
	(3GPP TS 23.203 version 12.7.0 Release 12)".

- [6] ETSI TS 136 314: "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Layer 2 Measurements (3GPP TS 36.314)".
- [7] ETSI TS 152 402 (V11.0.0): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Telecommunication management; Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements GSM (3GPP TS 52.402 version 11.0.0 Release 11)".
- [8] ETSI TS 132 405 (V11.1.1): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Telecommunication management; Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements; Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (UTRAN) (3GPP TS 32.405 version 11.1.1 Release 11)".
- [9] ETSI ES 202 336-12: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Monitoring and control interface for infrastructure equipment (power, cooling and building environment systems used in telecommunication networks); Part 12: ICT equipment power, energy and environmental parameters monitoring information model".
- [10] ISO/IEC 17025 (2005): "General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories".
- [11] ETSI EN 303 471: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Energy Efficiency measurement methodology and metrics for Network Function Virtualisation (NFV)".
- [12] Report ITU-R M.2410: "Minimum requirements related to technical performance for IMT-2020 radio interface(s)".
- [13] ETSI TS 128 554: "5G; Management and orchestration; 5G end to end Key Performance Indicators (KPI) (3GPP TS 28.554)": OS. 11e h. 21
- [14] ETSI TS 128 552 (V16.6.0): "5G; Management and orchestration; 5G performance measurements (3GPP TS 28.552 version 16.6.0 Release 16)" (2022-02)

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## 2.2 Informative references 52d23d3/etsi-es-203-228-v1-4-0-2022-02

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NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI TR 103 117: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Principles for Mobile Network level energy efficiency".
- [i.2] ETSI ES 202 706 (all parts): "Environmental Engineering (EE); Measurement method for power consumption and energy efficiency of wireless access network equipment".
- [i.3] ETSI GS NFV 003: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV); Terminology for Main Concepts in NFV".
- [i.4] Recommendation ITU-T L.1331: "Assessment of mobile network energy efficiency".
- [i.5] FAO Soils Portal.

NOTE: Available at <a href="http://www.fao.org/soils-portal/soil-survey/soil-maps-and-databases/harmonized-world-soil-database-v12/en/">http://www.fao.org/soils-portal/soil-survey/soil-maps-and-databases/harmonized-world-soil-database-v12/en/</a>.

[i.6] Jürgen Grieser, René Gommes, Stephen Cofield and Michele Bernardi: "Data sources for FAO worldmaps of Koeppen climatologies and climatic net primary production", 2006.

NOTE: Available at <a href="http://www.fao.org/nr/climpag/globgrids/KC">http://www.fao.org/nr/climpag/globgrids/KC</a> commondata en.asp.

### 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

backhaul equipment: equipment used to connect base stations to the core network, or to other BSs (like X2 in LTE)

**Base Station (BS):** generic term used for network component which serves one cell or more cells and interfaces the user terminal (through air interface) and a radio access network infrastructure

**distributed RBS:** BS architecture which contains Remote Radio Heads (RRH) close to the antenna element and a central element connecting BS to network infrastructure

**end-to-end latency:** time that takes to transfer a given piece of information from a source to a destination, measured at the communication interface, from the moment it is transmitted by the source to the moment it is successfully received at the destination

Energy Efficiency (EE): relation between the useful output and energy/power consumption

**energy saving feature:** feature which contributes to decreasing the energy consumption compared to the case when the feature is not implemented

integrated BS: BS architecture in which all BS elements are located close to each other for example in one or two cabinets

NOTE: The integrated BS architecture may include TMA close to antenna.

Mobile Network (MN): set of equipment from the radio access network of sub-network that are relevant for the assessment of energy efficiencyl-45a4-b0cd-07ae052d23d3/etsi-es-203-228-v1-4-0-

**mobile network coverage energy efficiency:** ratio between the area covered by the network in the Mobile Network under investigation and the energy consumption

**mobile network data energy efficiency:** ratio between the performance indicator based on Data Volume and the energy consumption when assessed during the same time frame

**mobile network energy consumption:** overall energy consumption of equipment included in the MN under investigation

mobile network energy efficiency: energy efficiency of a mobile network

Mobile Network Operator (MNO): operator that manages one or more mobile networks

mobile network operator penetration ratio: percentage of traffic served by an MNO in the area where it is active

**mobile network performance delivered:** performance indicator of the MN under investigation, defined as the data volume delivered by the mobile network under investigation during the time frame of the energy consumption assessment

power consumption: power consumed by a device to achieve an intended application performance

**radio access network:** telecommunications network in which the access to the network (connection between user terminal and network) is implemented without the use of wires and that is part of GERAN, UTRAN or E-UTRA networks defined by 3GPP

Site Energy Efficiency (SEE): metric used to determine the energy efficiency of a telecommunication site

NOTE: SEE is defined by the ratio of "IT equipment energy" and "Total site energy", which generally includes

rectifiers, cooling, storage, security and IT equipment. For datacentres, the "Total site energy" more globally includes building load, powering equipment (e.g. switchgear, uninterruptible power supply (UPS), battery backup), cooling equipment (e.g. chillers, Computer Room Air Conditioning unit

(CRAC)) and IT equipment energy.

telecommunication network: network operated under a license granted by a national telecommunications authority, which provides telecommunications between Network Termination Points (NTPs)

Virtualised Network Function (VNF): See ETSI GS NFV 003 [i.3].

#### **Symbols** 3.2

Void.

#### **Abbreviations** 3.3

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

3GPP 3G (mobile) Partnership Project

BHBackhaul

Central Cloud iTeh STANDARD BS CC

CoA Coverage Area

designated coverage area as designed by network planning CoA des

total geographical area under investigation and within the operator's license agreement CoA\_geo

quality factor describing how well users are covered within the coverage area CoA\_Qdes

Coverage Area Mobile Network  $CoA_{MN}$ 

**CRAN** Cloud Radio Access Network

Circuit Switched <u>ETSI ES 203 228 V1.4.0 (2022-02)</u> CS

Circuit, Switched Packet Switched catalog/standards/sist/3beface2-CS/PS Data Center DC Data Center 45a4-b0cd-07ae052d23d3/etsi-es-203-228-v1-4-0-Designed Coverage Area **DCA** 

2022-02 DownLink DL

DP **Dominant Penetration** 

DU Dense Urban DV Data Volume

 $DV_{MN}$ Data Volume of the Mobile Network

End To End E2E

EC **Energy Consumption** 

 $EC_{MN}$ Energy Consumption of the Mobile Network

Energy Consumption of the Site  $EC_{SI}$ 

**EDC** Edge Cloud

**EDGE** Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution Energy Efficiency of the Mobile Network  $EE_{MN}$ 

E-RAB E-UTRAN Radio Access Bearer

E-UTRA **Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access** 

Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network E-UTRAN

**FAO** Food and Agriculture Organization **GERAN** GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network

**GHG** GreenHouse Gas

Global System for Mobile communication **GSM** 

**GSMA GSM** Association

Hybrid Automatic Repeat Request **HARQ ICT** Information Communications Technology

IP **Ingress Protection** 

ITU International Telecommunications Union 11

International Telecommunications Union - Telecommunication ITU-T

KPI **Key Performance Indicator** 

Local Cloud LC

Long Term Evolution LTE Minimization of Drive Tests MDT

MJ MegaJoule

**MMTC** Massive Machine Type Communication

MN Mobile Network

MNO Mobile Network Operator MP Minor Penetration NA Not Applicable

NDP Non Dominant Penetration

New Radio NR

Operation & Maintenance O&M Packet Data Control Protocol **PDCP Probability Distribution Function** PDF

Point of Presence PofP PS Packet Switched

**PSL** Packet Switched Large packages dominating **PSS** Packet Switched Small packages dominating

OCI **OoS** Class Identifier Quality of Services QoS Radio Access RA

Radio Access Bearer **RAB** 

Radio Access Network STANDARD
Radio Access Point **RAN RAP** 

Radio Access Technology
Pamote Controller

REVIEW **RAT** RC

RF Radio Frequency

Radio Network Controller dards.iteh.ai)
Radio Resource Control **RNC RRC** 

Remote Radio Head **RRH** 

RU Service Data Unit 1 ETSI ES 203 228 V1.4.0 (2022-02) Rural

**SDU** 

Switching Equipment Science Science Switching Equipment Science Switching Equipment Science Sc SE Site Energy Efficiency d-07ae052d23d3/etsi-es-203-228-v1-4-0-SEE

2022-02 SI Site Infrastructure **SINR** Signal to Interference plus Noise Ratio

SU Sub Urban

**TCO** Total Cost of Ownership TE Telco Equipment

Tower Mounted Amplifier **TMA** 

H Urban

User Equipment UE

User Equipment to Base Station **UE-BS** 

UL **UpLink** UP User Plane

Universal Mobile Telecommunication Service **UMTS** 

**United Nations** UN

Ultra Reliable Low Latency Communications **URLLC** 

United States of America **USA** 

**UTRAN** UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

VNF Virtualised Network Function **VNFS** Virtualised Network Function Servers

Interface allowing to interconnect eNBs with each other X2

### 4 Network under test definition

### 4.1 Introduction

The Mobile Network (MN) for Radio Access (RA) under investigation shall include all the equipment that is necessary to run a radio access network or sub-network. Equipment to be included in the Mobile Network under investigation:

- Base Stations (see ETSI TS 125 104 [1] and ETSI TS 136 104 [2]):
  - Wide area BS.
  - Medium range BS.
  - Local Area BS.
  - Home BS.

NOTE: Home BS (and Wi-Fi access points) are not dealt with in the present document, being possibly considered for future versions.

- Site equipment (air conditioners, rectifiers/batteries, fixed network equipment, etc.).
- Multi-Access EDGE equipment.
- Backhaul equipment required to interconnect the BS used in the assessment with the core network.
- Radio Controller (RC).

PREVIEW

Gateways to connect to the Cloud.

Power consumption and energy efficiency measurements of individual mobile network elements are described in several standards (for example ETSI ES 202 706-1 and ETSI ES 202 706-2 [i.2] for radio base stations). The present document describes energy consumption and MN energy efficiency measurements in operational networks.

As a complete and detailed energy consumption measurement of the complete network of a country or MNO is in most cases impossible or economically not viable, the total network is split into a small number of networks with limited size ("sub-networks").

2022-02

These sub-networks are defined to represent some specific characteristics, for example:

- capacity limited networks representing urban and dense urban networks;
- sub-urban networks with high requirements for coverage and capacity;
- rural networks, which are usually coverage limited.

The size and scale of the sub-networks are defined by topologic, geographic or demographic boundaries. For networks defined by topologic boundaries, a possible example of a network covered by the present document consists of a Radio controller (whenever applicable), its supported access nodes as well as the related network elements. Networks could be defined by geographic boundaries, such as city-wide, national or continental networks and could be defined by demographic boundaries, such as urban or rural networks.

The sub-networks analysed might consist of macro-only base stations or heterogeneous networks or whatever is actually implemented in real networks. A description of the sub-network general layout is represented in the figure 1.

The tests defined in the present document for sub-networks provide the basis to estimate energy efficiency for large networks of one MNO or within an entire country, applying the extrapolation methods described in clause 7.