
Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations - Chlorinated poly (vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) - Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system (ISO 15877-5:2003)

Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations - Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) - Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system (ISO 15877-5:2003)

Kunststoff-Rohrleitungssysteme für die Warm- und Kaltwasserinstallation - Chloriertes Polyvinylchlorid (PVC-C) - Teil 5: Gebrauchstauglichkeit des Systems (ISO 15877-5:2003)

Systemes de canalisations en plastique pour les installations d'eau chaude et froide - Poly(chlorure de vinyle) chloré (PVC-C) - Partie 5: Aptitude a l'emploi du systeme (ISO 15877-5:2003 (F))

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 15877-5:2003

ICS:

23.040.20	Cevi iz polimernih materialov	Plastics pipes
91.140.60	Sistemi za oskrbo z vodo	Water supply systems

SIST EN ISO 15877-5:2004 en

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 15877-5:2004](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ce63f55-fdd2-49a6-b924-e17743910bb4/sist-en-iso-15877-5-2004)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ce63f55-fdd2-49a6-b924-e17743910bb4/sist-en-iso-15877-5-2004>

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 15877-5

December 2003

ICS 23.040.01; 91.140.80

English version

**Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations -
Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) - Part 5: Fitness for
purpose of the system (ISO 15877-5:2003)**

Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour les
installations d'eau chaude et froide - Poly(chlorure de
vinyle) chloré(PVC-C) - Partie 5: Aptitude à l'emploi du
système (ISO 15877-5:2003)

Kunststoff-Rohrleitungssysteme für die Warm- und
Kaltwasserinstallation - Chloriertes Polyvinylchlorid (PVC-
C) - Teil 5: Gebrauchstauglichkeit des Systems (ISO
15877-5:2003)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 17 March 2003.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ce63f55-fdd2-49a6-b924-e17743910bb4/sist-en-iso-15877-5-2004>



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

EN ISO 15877-5:2003 (E)

Contents

Contents	2
Introduction	4
1 Scope	5
2 Normative references	5
3 Terms and definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms	5
4 Fitness for purpose of the joints and the piping system	6
4.1 General.....	6
4.2 Internal pressure test	6
4.3 Pull-out test	9
4.4 Thermal cycling	9
4.5 Pressure cycling	10
4.6 Leaktightness under vacuum	11
Bibliography	12

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 15877-5:2004](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ce63f55-fdd2-49a6-b924-e17743910bb4/sist-en-iso-15877-5-2004)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ce63f55-fdd2-49a6-b924-e17743910bb4/sist-en-iso-15877-5-2004>

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 15877-5:2003) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 155 "Plastics piping systems and ducting systems", the secretariat of which is held by NEN, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 138 "Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2004, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2005.

NOTE This draft was submitted for CEN enquiry as prEN 12731-5:1995.

This standard is part of a System Standard for plastics piping systems of a particular material for a specified application. There are a number of such System Standards.

System Standards are based on the results of the work undertaken in ISO/TC 138 "Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids", which is a Technical Committee of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

They are supported by separate standards on test methods to which references are made throughout the System Standard.

The System Standards are consistent with general standards on functional requirements and recommended practices for installation.

EN ISO 15877 consists of the following Parts ¹⁾, under the general title *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C)*

- Part 1: General
- Part 2: Pipes
- Part 3: Fittings
- Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system (the present standard)
- Part 7 Guidance for the assessment of conformity (CEN ISO/TS 15877-7).

This Part of EN ISO 15877 includes a Bibliography.

At the date of publication of this standard, System Standards for piping systems of other plastics materials used for the same application are the following:

EN ISO 15874, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polypropylene (PP)* (ISO 15874:2003)

EN ISO 15875, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Crosslinked polyethylene (PE-X)* (ISO 15875:2003)

EN ISO 15876, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polybutylene (PB)* (ISO 15876:2003)

For pipes and fittings which have conformed to the relevant national standard before 1st November 2003, as shown by the manufacturer or by a certification body, the national standard may continue to apply until 30th November 2005.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

1) This System Standard does not incorporate a Part 4: *Ancillary equipment* or a Part 6: *Guidance for installation*. For ancillary equipment separate standards can apply. Guidance for installation of plastics piping systems made from different materials, intended to be used for hot and cold water installations, is covered by ENV 12108 ^[1].

EN ISO 15877-5:2003 (E)**Introduction**

The System Standard, of which this is Part 5, specifies the requirements for a piping system and its components when made from chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C). The piping system is intended to be used for hot and cold water installations.

In respect of potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption, caused by the product covered by EN ISO 15877;

- This standard provides no information as to whether the product may be used without restriction in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA;
- It should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of this product remain in force.

Requirements and test methods for components of the piping system are specified in Part 1, 2 and 3 of this System Standard. Part 7 (CEN ISO/TS 15877-7) gives guidance for the assessment of conformity.

This Part of EN ISO 15877 specifies the characteristics of fitness for purpose of the piping systems.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW **(standards.iteh.ai)**

[SIST EN ISO 15877-5:2004](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ce63f55-fdd2-49a6-b924-e17743910bb4/sist-en-iso-15877-5-2004)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ce63f55-fdd2-49a6-b924-e17743910bb4/sist-en-iso-15877-5-2004>

1 Scope

This Part of EN ISO 15877 specifies the characteristics of the fitness for purpose of chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) piping systems, intended to be used for hot and cold water installations within buildings for the conveyance of water, whether or not intended for human consumption, (domestic systems) and for heating systems, under design pressures and temperatures according to the class of application (see Table 1 of EN ISO 15877-1:2003).

This standard covers a range of service conditions (application classes) and design pressure classes. For values of T_D , T_{max} and T_{mal} in excess of those in Table 1 of Part 1, this standard does not apply.

NOTE It is the responsibility of the purchaser or specifier to make the appropriate selections from these aspects, taking into account their particular requirements and any relevant national regulations and installation practices or codes.

It also specifies the test parameters for the test methods referred to in this standard.

In conjunction with the other Parts of EN ISO 15877 it is applicable to PVC-C pipes, fittings, their joints and to joints with components of other plastics and non-plastics materials intended to be used for hot and cold water installations.

2 Normative references

This Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN 712, *Thermoplastics piping systems — End-load bearing mechanical joints between pressure pipes and fittings — Test method for resistance to pull-out under constant longitudinal force*

EN 921:1994, *Plastics piping systems — Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of resistance to internal pressure at constant temperature*

EN 12293, *Plastics piping systems — Thermoplastics pipes and fittings for hot and cold water — Test method for the resistance of mounted assemblies to temperature cycling*

EN 12294, *Plastics piping systems - Systems for hot and cold water — Test method for leaktightness under vacuum*

EN 12295, *Plastics piping systems — Thermoplastics pipes and fittings for hot and cold water — Test method for resistance of joints to pressure cycling*

EN ISO 15877-1:2003, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) — Part 1: General (ISO 15877-1:2003)*

EN ISO 15877-2:2003, *Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) — Part 2: Pipes (ISO 15877-2:2003)*

3 Terms and definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this standard the terms and definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms given in EN ISO 15877-1:2003 apply.

EN ISO 15877-5:2003 (E)

4 Fitness for purpose of the joints and the piping system

4.1 General

When tested in accordance with the applicable test methods as specified in Table 1, using the indicated parameters given in 4.2 to 4.6, as applicable, the joints and the piping system shall have characteristics conforming to the requirements given in the applicable clauses.

For testing, the fittings shall be connected to the corresponding pipes for which they are intended to be used. The assembly instructions of the manufacturer of the components shall be taken into account.

Table 1 specifies the tests applicable for each different type of jointing system covered by this standard.

Table 1 — Joint tests

Test	Jointing system ^a		Test parameters	Test method
	SC	M		
Internal pressure test	Y	Y	Shall conform to 4.2	EN 921:1994
Pull-out test	N	Y	Shall conform to 4.3	EN 712
Thermal cycling test	Y	Y	Shall conform to 4.4	EN 12293
Pressure cycling test	Y	Y	Shall conform to 4.5	EN 12295
Vacuum test	Y	Y	Shall conform to 4.6	EN 12294
^a SC – Solvent cement joint M - Mechanical joint Y - denotes test applicable N - denotes test not applicable				

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ceb3155-fdd2-49a6-b924-e17743910bb4/sist-en-iso-15877-5-2004>

4.2 Internal pressure test

4.2.1 General

When tested in accordance with the test method specified in Table 2, using the indicated parameters, the joint assemblies shall not leak.

Solvent cement joints comprising PVC-C pipes and fittings shall be tested in accordance with 4.2.2. When testing mechanical joint assemblies with compression fittings the requirements given in 4.2.3 shall apply.

Table 2 — General test parameters for testing resistance to internal pressure

Characteristic	Requirements	Test parameters		Test method
Resistance to internal pressure	No failure during the test period	Sampling procedure Type of end caps Orientation of test piece Type of test	Not specified ^a Types a) or b) Vertical Water-in-air	EN 921:1994
^a For guidance see CEN ISO/TS 15877-7 [2].				

4.2.2 Solvent cement joints

The solvent cement joint shall be tested in form of test pieces comprising couplers with solvent cemented pipe sections.

The fittings shall be connected to the corresponding pipe conforming to EN ISO 15877-2:2003, using solvent cement in such a way that the required hydrostatic test pressure, p_J , given in Table 3, can be applied.

Before testing, store the fittings with solvent cemented pipe sections for setting for at least 20 days at ambient temperature and, after that, 4 days at 80 °C, unless the manufacturer of the adhesive has prescribed other setting times.

The free ends of the pipe sections shall be provided with end caps in such a way that the axial forces caused by the internal pressure are transferred to the solvent cement joint.

The hydrostatic test pressure, p_J , shall be calculated in relation to the class of service conditions and the design pressure using the following equation:

$$p_J = p_D \times \frac{\sigma_F}{\sigma_{DF}} \quad (1)$$

where

- p_J is the hydrostatic test pressure, in bars, to be applied to the solvent cement joint assembly during the test period;
- σ_F is the value of the hydrostatic stress, in megapascals, of the fitting material, corresponding to the test duration and test temperature conditions given in Table 3;
- σ_{DF} is the design stress, in megapascals, in the fitting material as determined for the appropriate class of service conditions from data produced in accordance with Table A.2 of EN ISO 15877-2:2003;
- p_D is the design pressure at 4 bar, 6 bar, 8 bar or 10 bar, as applicable.

Table 3 — Derivation of hydrostatic test pressure of solvent cement joints

	Application class 1	Application class 2
Maximum design temperature T_{max} °C	80	80
Design stress in the fitting material σ_{DF} MPa	3,17	3,08
Test temperature T_{Test} °C	80	80
Test duration t h	≥ 3000	≥ 3000
Hydrostatic stress of the fitting material σ_F MPa	6,14	6,14
Test pressure p_J in bars for a design pressure, p_D , of:		
4 bar	7,7	8,0
6 bar	11,6	12,0
8 bar	15,5	15,9
10 bar	19,4	19,9
Number of test pieces	3	3

If during the testing of solvent cement joints according to this clause leaks occur resulting from deformations induced by differential elongation, a test pressure may be determined from the stress and creep data (relative to a design period of 50 years) for the different materials used.