

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 13167:2013+A1:2015

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Toplotnoizolacijski proizvodi za stavbe - Proizvodi iz penjenega stekla (CG) - Specifikacija

Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made cellular glass (CG) products - Specification

Wärmedämmstoffe für Gebäuce Werkmäßig hergestellte Produkte aus Schaumglas (CG) - Spezifikation (standards.iteh.ai)

Produits isolants thermiques pour <u>lesbâtiment 2(Produits</u> manufacturés en verre cellulaire (CG) - Spécificationhttps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7cb7983d-4038-4a62-97a5-8e1627457674/sist-en-13167-2013a1-2015

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ICS:

91.100.60 Materiali za toplotno in zvočno izolacijo

Thermal and sound insulating materials

SIST EN 13167:2013+A1:2015

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Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made cellular glass (CG) products - Specification

Produits isolants thermiques pour le bâtiment - Produits manufacturés en verre cellulaire (CG) - Spécification

Wärmedämmstoffe für Gebäude - Werkmäßig hergestellte Produkte aus Schaumglas (CG) - Spezifikation

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 6 October 2012 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 15 December 2014.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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Foreword

This document (EN 13167:2012+A1:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 88 "Thermal insulating materials and products", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

A For relationship with EU Construction Products Regulation (CPR), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this standard.

This document supersedes \mathbb{A} EN 13167:2012 \mathbb{A} .

This document includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 2014-12-15.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags A A.

Compared with EN 13167:2008, the main changes are rds.iteh.ai)

- a) better harmonisation between the individual standards of the package (EN 13162 to EN 13171) on definitions, requirements, classes and levels, https://standards.iteh.avcatalog/standards/sist/7cb7983d-4038-4a62-97a5-
- b) new normative annex on multi-layered products;
- changes on some editorial and technical content and addition of information on some specific items, such as point load (move towards 4.3); compressive strength (additional levels); bending strength (additional levels);
- d) addition of links to EN 15715, Thermal insulation products Instructions for mounting and fixing for reaction to fire testing Factory made products;
- e) changes to the Annex ZA.

Amendment 1 modifies EN 13167:2012 identifying those clauses of the standard which are needed for the compliance of the European Standard with the Construction Products Regulation (CPR).

This amendment introduces

- f) an addition to the foreword;
- g) an addition in 3.2;
- h) a new subclause 4.3.12;
- i) modification of Clause 7;
- j) modification of Clause 8;

k) modification of Annex B;

I) a new Annex ZA. (A1

This standard is one of a series of standards for thermal insulation products used in buildings but this standard may be used in other areas where appropriate.

In pursuance of Resolution BT 20/1993 revised, CEN/TC 88 have proposed defining the standards listed below as a package of documents.

The package of standards comprises the following group of interrelated standards for the specifications of factory made thermal insulation products, all of which come within the scope of CEN/TC 88:

EN 13162, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made mineral wool (MW) products — Specification

EN 13163, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made expanded polystyrene (EPS) products — Specification

EN 13164, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made extruded polystyrene foam (XPS) products — Specification

EN 13165, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PU) products — Specification

EN 13166, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made phenolic foam (PF) products — Specification (standards.iteh.ai)

EN 13167, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made cellular glass (CG) products — Specification https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7cb7983d-4038-4a62-97a5-

EN 13168, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made wood wool (WW) products — Specification

EN 13169, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made expanded perlite board (EPB) products — Specification

EN 13170, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made products of expanded cork (ICB) — Specification

EN 13171, Thermal insulation products for buildings — Factory made wood fibre (WF) products — Specification

The reduction in energy used and emissions produced during the installed life of insulation products exceeds by far the energy used and emissions made during the production and disposal processes.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the requirements for factory made cellular glass (CG) products, with or without facings or coatings, which are used for the thermal insulation of buildings. The products are manufactured in the form of boards or slabs.

Products covered by this standard are also used in prefabricated thermal insulation systems and composite panels; the performance of systems incorporating these products is not covered.

This standard describes product characteristics and includes procedures for testing, evaluation of conformity, marking and labelling.

This standard does not specify the required level of a given property to be achieved by a product to demonstrate fitness for purpose in a particular application. The levels required for a given application are to be found in regulations or non-conflicting standards.

Products with a declared thermal resistance lower than $0,50 \text{ m}^2 \cdot \text{K/W}$ or a declared thermal conductivity greater than $0,065 \text{ W/(m \cdot K)}$ at 10 °C are not covered by this standard.

This standard does not cover in situ insulation products and products intended to be used for the insulation of building equipment and industrial installations (covered by EN 14305).

2 Normative references iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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EN 822, Thermal insulating products for building applications /sis Determination of length and width 8e1627457674/sist-en-13167-2013a1-2015

EN 823, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness

EN 824, Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of squareness

EN 825, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of flatness

EN 826:1996, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compression behaviour

EN 1603, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under constant normal laboratory conditions (23 °C/ 50 % relative humidity)

EN 1604, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under specified temperature and humidity conditions

EN 1606, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compressive creep

EN 1607, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces

EN 1608, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength parallel to faces

EN 1609, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of short term water absorption by partial immersion

EN 12086:1997, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of water vapour transmission properties

EN 12087, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long term water absorption by immersion

EN 12089, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of bending behaviour

EN 12090, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of shear behaviour

EN 12430, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of behaviour under point load

EN 12667, Thermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of thermal resistance by means of guarded hot plate and heat flow meter methods — Products of high and medium thermal resistance

EN 12939, Thermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of thermal resistance by means of guarded hot plate and heat flow meter methods — Thick products of high and medium thermal resistance

EN 13172:2012, Thermal insulation products — Evaluation of conformity

EN 13501-1, Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

EN 13820, Thermal insulating materials for building applications — Determination of organic content (standards.iteh.ai)

EN 13823, Reaction to fire tests for building products — Building products excluding floorings exposed to the thermal attack by a single burning item. SIST EN 13167:2013+A1:2015

EN 15715:2009, Thermal insulation products — Instructions for mounting and fixing for reaction to fire testing -Factory made products

EN ISO 354, Acoustics — Measurement of sound absorption in a reverberation room (ISO 354)

EN ISO 1182, Reaction to fire tests for building products — Non-combustibility test (ISO 1182)

EN ISO 1716, Reaction to fire tests for products — Determination of the gross heat of combustion (calorific value) (ISO 1716)

EN ISO 9229:2007, Thermal insulation — Vocabulary (ISO 9229:2007)

EN ISO 11654, Acoustics — Sound absorbers for use in buildings — Rating of sound absorption(ISO 11654)

EN ISO 11925-2, Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of products subjected to direct impingement of flame — Part 2: Single-flame source test (ISO 11925-2)

ISO 16269-6:2005, Statistical interpretation of data — Part 6: Determination of statistical tolerance intervals

3 Terms, definitions, symbols, units and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN ISO 9229:2007 apply with exception or in addition of the following:

3.1.1

cellular glass

rigid insulation material made from expanded glass with a closed cell structure

Note 1 to entry: Cellular glass may also be supplied in tapered form.

3.1.2

faced cellular glass board

board of cellular glass with facing(s) with a maximum of 3 mm on one or two faces which may be roofing felt or metal foil or paper, cardboard, plastic foil, rendering or similar materials

Note 1 to entry: The core may consist of either one board, a part of a board or a number of boards bonded edge to edge in the factory, with an appropriate adhesive

Note 2 to entry: Cellular glass boards may also be supplied in tapered form.

3.1.3

level

value which is the upper or the lower limit of a requirement and given by the declared value of the characteristic concerned

3.1.4

class

combination of two levels of the same property between which the performance shall fall

3.1.5

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board; slab

rigid or semi-rigid (insulation) product of rectangular shape and cross section in which the thickness is uniform and substantially smaller than the other dimensions

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Board is usually thinner than slab. They may also be supplied in tapered form 5-Note 1 to entry:

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3.1.6

facing

functional or decorative surface layer with a thickness of less than 3 mm, e.g. paper, plastic film, fabric or metal foil, which is not considered as separate thermal insulation layer to be added to the thermal resistance of the product

3.1.7

coating

functional or decorative surface layer with a thickness of less than 3 mm usually applied by painting, spraying, pouring or trowelling, which is not considered as separate thermal insulation layer to be added to the thermal resistance of the product

3.1.8

composite insulation product

product which can be faced or coated made from two or more layers bonded together by chemical or physical adhesion consisting of at least one factory made thermal insulation material layer

3.1.9

multi-layered insulation product

product which can be faced or coated made from two or more layers of a thermal insulation material from the same European Standard, which are bonded together horizontally by chemical or physical adhesion.

3.2 Symbols, units and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the following symbols and units apply.

α_{p}	is the practical sound absorption coefficient	-
$\alpha_{\sf W}$	is the weighted sound absorption coefficient	-
b	is the width	mm
d	is the thickness	mm
d_{N}	is the nominal thickness of the product	mm
$\Delta \varepsilon_{b}$	is the relative change in width	%
$\Delta \varepsilon_{d}$	is the relative change in thickness	%
$\Delta \varepsilon_{I}$	is the relative change in length	%
$\Delta \varepsilon_s$	is the relative change in flatness	mm/m
k	is a factor related to the number of test results	_
l	is the length	mm
λ	is the thermal conductivity	$W/(m \cdot K)$
λ _{90/90}	is a 90 % fractile with a confidence level of 90 % for the thermal conductivity	W/(m⋅K)
λ_{D}	is the declared thermal conductivity	W/(m⋅K)
λ_{i}	is one test result of thermal conductivity	W/(m⋅K)
λ_{mean}	is the mean thermal conductivity 13167:2013+A1:2015	W/(m⋅K)
λ _U	https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7cb7983d-4038-4a62-97a5- Is the design thermal conductivity se162/45/6/4/sist-en-13167-2013a1-2015	W/(m⋅K)
μ	is the water vapour diffusion resistance factor	-
N	is the number of test results	-
P_d	is the deformation under point load	mm
R _{90/90}	is a 90 $\%$ fractile with a confidence level of 90 $\%$ for the thermal resistance	m²⋅K/W
R _D	is the declared thermal resistance	m²·K/W
R _i	is one test result of thermal resistance	m²⋅K/W
R _{mean}	is the mean thermal resistance	m²·K/W
R _U	is the design thermal resistance	m²·K/W
S _b	is the deviation from squareness of the edge on length and width	mm/m
S _d	is the deviation from squareness of the edge on thickness	mm/m
S _{max}	is the deviation from flatness	mm
^s R	is the estimate of the standard deviation of the thermal resistance	m²·K/W
sλ	is the estimate of the standard deviation of the thermal conductivity	W/(m⋅K)
σ_{b}	is the bending strength	kPa
σ_{c}	is the compressive stress	kPa

is the compressive strength	kPa
is the tensile strength perpendicular to faces	kPa
is the tensile strength parallel to faces	kPa
is the long term water absorption by partial immersion	kg/m²
is the short term water absorption	kg/m²
is the compressive creep	mm
is the total thickness reduction at time t	mm
is the water vapour resistance	m²⋅h⋅Pa/mg
	is the tensile strength perpendicular to faces is the tensile strength parallel to faces is the long term water absorption by partial immersion is the short term water absorption is the compressive creep is the total thickness reduction at time <i>t</i>

AP	is the symbol of the declared level of practical sound absorption coefficient			
AW	is the symbol of the declared level of weighted sound absorption coefficient			
BS	Is the symbol of the declared level for bending strength			
$CC(i_1/i_2/y) \sigma_c$	is the symbol of the declared level for compressive creep			
CS(Y)	is the symbol of the declared level for compressive strength			
DS(N)	is the symbol of the declared value for dimensional stability in normal condition			
DS(70,-)	is the symbol of the declared value for dimensional stability at specified temperature			
DS(23,90) DS (70,90)	oris the symbol of the declared value for dimensional stability under specified temperature and relative humidity conditions			
MU	is the symbol of the declared value for water vapour diffusion resistance factor			
PL(P)	is the symbol of the declared level for penetration under point 16ad 7a5-			
TR	is the symbol of the declared level for tensile strength perpendicular to faces			
WL(P)	is the symbol of the declared level for long term water absorption by partial immersion			
WS	is the symbol of the declared level for short term water absorption			
Z	is the symbol of the declared value for water vapour resistance			
Abbreviated terms used in this standard:				

- CG is Cellular Glass
- A1) PTD is Product Type Determination (previously named ITT for Initial Type Test) (A)
- FPC is Factory Production Control

- RtF is Reaction to Fire
- A1 AVCP is Assessment and Verification of Constancy of Performance (previously named attestation of conformity)
- is Declaration of Performance DoP
- ThIB is Thermal Insulation for Buildings
- is Verification of Constancy of Performance (previously named evaluation of conformity) (And VCP

4 Requirements

4.1 General

Product properties shall be assessed in accordance with Clause 5. To comply with this standard, products shall meet the requirements of 4.2, and the requirements of 4.3 as appropriate.

NOTE Information on additional properties is given in Annex D.

For multi-layered products, additional requirements are given in Annex C.

One test result for a product property is the average of the measured values on the number of test specimens given in Table 5.

4.2 For all applications

4.2.1 Thermal resistance and thermal conductivity

Thermal resistance and thermal conductivity shall be based upon measurements carried out in accordance with EN 12667 or EN 12939 for thick products.

The thermal resistance and thermal conductivity shall be determined in accordance with Annex A and declared by the manufacturer according to the following:

- the reference mean temperature shall be 10 °C;
- the measured values shall be expressed with three significant figures;
- for products of uniform thickness, the declared thermal resistance, R_D , shall always be declared. The thermal conductivity, λ_D , shall be declared where possible. Where appropriate, for products of non-uniform thickness (i.e. for sloped and tapered products) only the thermal conductivity, λ_D , shall be declared products) only the thermal conductivity, λ_D , shall be declared products only the thermal conductivity, λ_D , shall be declared products only the thermal conductivity, λ_D , shall be declared products only the thermal conductivity, λ_D , shall be declared products only the thermal conductivity.
- the declared thermal resistance, R_D , and thermal conductivity, λ_D , shall be given as limit values representing at least 90 % of the production, determined with a confidence level of 90 %;
- the statistical value of thermal conductivity, $\lambda_{90/90}$, shall be rounded upwards to the nearest 0,001 W/(m·K) and declared as λ_D in levels with steps of 0,001 W/(m·K);
- the declared thermal resistance, R_D , shall be calculated from the nominal thickness, d_N , and the corresponding thermal conductivity, $\lambda_{90/90}$, unless measured directly;
- the statistical value of thermal resistance, $R_{90/90}$, when calculated from the nominal thickness, d_N , and the corresponding thermal conductivity, $\lambda_{90/90}$, shall be rounded downwards to the nearest 0,05 m²·K/W, and declared as R_D in levels with steps of 0,05 m²·K/W;
- the statistical value of thermal resistance, $R_{90/90}$, for those products for which only the thermal resistance is measured directly, shall be rounded downwards to the nearest 0,05 m²·K/W, and declared as R_D in levels with steps of 0,05 m²·K/W;
- NOTE λ_U and R_U (design values) may be determined with reference to EN ISO 10456.