

Designation: D 4842 – 90 (Reapproved 2001)

Standard Test Method for Determining the Resistance of Solid Wastes to Freezing and Thawing¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 4842; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers procedures for determining material losses produced by repeated freezing and thawing of solid waste specimens. It also covers the visual observation of the disintegration of solid specimens.

1.2 This test method intends that the material used in the procedure be physically, chemically, and biologically representative, hence it does not address problems as a result of the inhomogeneity of specimens.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards: ²

- C 305 Practice for Mechanical Mixing of Hydraulic Cement Pastes and Mortars of Plastic Consistency
- D 2216 Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock <u>ASTM D48</u>

3. Significance and Use a catalog/standards/sist/6235d2dc

3.1 This test method is intended for the evaluation of the freezing and thawing resistance of monolithic, solid, solidified/ stabilized wastes under the testing conditions of this test method.

3.2 This test method may be used for the comparison of freezing and thawing resistance of wastes.

3.3 Data tabulated in the charts shown in Figs. 1-3 may be used to observe irregularities caused by inhomogeneity of specimens or comparison of mass loss-cycle relations of different wastes, or both, as well as to measure method-related weight losses such as matrix dissolution.

4. Apparatus

4.1 *Disposable Molds*, 44-mm inside diameter by 74-mm in length.

4.2 *Balance or Scale*, with a capacity at least 50 % greater than the weight of the specimen and beaker, and a sensitivity of 0.01 g.

4.3 Drying Oven, a thermostatically controlled drying oven capable of maintaining a temperature of $60 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C; to be used for drying moisture specimen and for the solids content determination.

4.4 Freezing Cabinet, capable of maintaining $-20 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C.

4.5 *Refrigerator*, capable of maintaining + $4 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C.

4.6 *Moisture Chamber*, a suitably covered container capable of maintaining a temperature of $20 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C and maintain 95 % relative humidity, for preconditioning and thawing specimens. 4.7 *Beakers*, 400-mL size (narrow type), to store sample and to collect particulates.

4.8 Tongs, to handle samples.

5. Sample Preparation

5.1 *Specimen Size*— 44-mm diameter by 74-mm in length. 5.1.1 Specimens may be cut to size from larger samples.

5.1.2 Specimens can also be molded in disposable plastic molds. When molding specimens refer to Practice C 305 (see 2.1).

NOTE 1—Practice C 305 refers to pastes and mortars. Molding materials with different consistency may require modifications and may result in different precision.

5.2 Condition samples that are not molded for this test in the moisture chamber for a period of seven days.

5.2.1 Samples molded for this test have to be cured in the moisture chamber for a period of 28 days.

6. Procedure

6.1 Select one specimen for moisture content determination.6.2 Determine moisture content of specimen in accordance

with Test Method D 2216 but revised to use a temperature of $60^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}$ C (see 2.1).

6.3 Select three specimens for testing and three for control and mark them respectively.

6.4 Weigh specimens (to the nearest 0.01 g).

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¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D34 on Waste Management and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D34.01.06 on Analytical Methods.

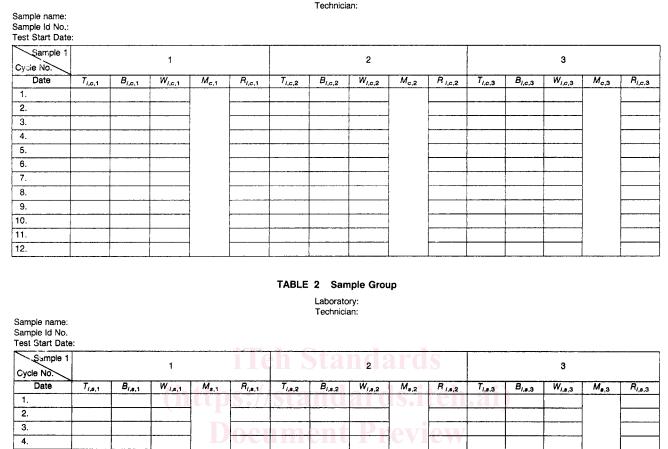
Current edition approved May 25, 1990. Published July 1990.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

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TABLE 1 Control Group

Laboratory:



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Sample name:

6.5 Place each specimen into a tared beaker, dried in accordance with Test Method D 2216, and weighed to the nearest 0.01 g. Cover the beaker with a watch glass or plastic wrap.

6.6 Place the three beakers with testing specimens in a freezing cabinet. Maintain temperature at -20 ± 3 °C for 24 h.

6.7 Store the three beakers with the control specimens in the moisture chamber at 20° C for 24 h.

6.8 Remove the specimens from the freezing cabinet and the moisture chamber.

6.8.1 To the frozen specimens add 240 mL of distilled chilled water. This water shall be at a temperature of $4 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C.

6.8.2 To the control specimens, add 240 mL of room temperature water. This water shall be at a temperature of $20 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C.

6.8.3 Place a watch glass or plastic wrap on the beakers and store the water covered specimens at $20 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C for 23 h.

TABLE 3 Relative Weight Loss

Laboratory: Technician:

Sample Id No .: Test Start Date: Cycle No. R_{I.s} R_{i,c} Č, s, Observations 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. Ī