

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD kSIST FprEN 1096-4:2015

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Steklo v stavbah - Steklo z nanosi - 4. del: Ovrednotenje skladnosti/standard za proizvod

Glass in building - Coated glass - Part 4: Evaluation of conformity / Product standard

Glas im Bauwesen - Beschichtetes Glas - Teil 4: Konformitätsbewertung / Produktnorm

Verre dans la construction - Verre à couche - Partie 4: Evaluation de la conformité / Norme de produit

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: FprEN 1096-4

ICS:

81.040.20 Steklo v gradbeništvu Glass in building

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**kSIST FprEN 1096-4:2015** 

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

# FINAL DRAFT FprEN 1096-4

May 2015

ICS 81.040.20

Will supersede EN 1096-4:2004

#### **English Version**

# Glass in building - Coated glass - Part 4: Evaluation of conformity / Product standard

Verre dans la construction - Verre à couche - Partie 4: Evaluation de la conformité / Norme de produit Glas im Bauwesen - Beschichtetes Glas - Teil 4: Konformitätsbewertung / Produktnorm

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for unique acceptance procedure. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 129.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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FIGH STANDARD PREVIEW

#### **Foreword**

This document (FprEN 1096-4:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 129 "Glass in building", the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This document is currently submitted to the Unique Acceptance Procedure.

This document will supersede EN 1096-4:2004.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are the following:

- a) The standard has been revised to fulfil the requirements of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 (Construction Product Regulation), modified by Regulations (EU) No 157/2014, (EU) No 568/2014 and (EU) No 574/2014;
- b) The tolerance on emissivity is reduced to +0,01 for coated glass with a declared normal emissivity lower than 0,10;
- c) The solar factor, g, is listed within the spectrophotometric characteristics to be declared in the Declaration of Performances (DoP);
- d) The durability/conformity assessment is listed within the characteristics to be declared in the DoP;
- e) The mechanical resistance shall be given in the DoP by the characteristic bending strength of the glass substrate.

EN 1096, Glass in building - Coated glass, consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: Glass in building Coated glass Part 1: Definitions and classification
- Part 2: Glass in building Coated glass Part 2: Requirements and test methods for class A, B and S coatings
- Part 3: Glass in building Coated glass Part 3: Requirements and test methods for class C and D coatings
- Part 4: Glass in building Coated glass Part 4: Evaluation of conformity/Product standard
- Part 5: Glass in building coated glass Part 5: Test method and classification for the Self-cleaning performances of coated glass surfaces

This document contains other aspects of importance for trade.

Note: Due to fact that the EC has not yet been able to confirm the financial commitment for the New Approach Consultants' work in 2015, there are currently no New Approach Consultants in place for 2015. Therefore the provisions of CEN-CENELEC Guide 15 cannot be met.

This shall not prevent the processing of draft standards nor the offering of harmonized standards to the European Commission. In particular, draft standards can be sent to vote without Consultant assessment.

This note will be removed from the Foreword of the finalized publication.

#### 1 Scope

This European Standard covers the evaluation of conformity and the factory production control of coated glass for use in buildings.

NOTE For glass products with electrical wiring or connections for, e.g. alarm or heating purposes, other directives, e.g. Low Voltage Directive, may apply.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 356, Glass in building - Security glazing - Testing and classification of resistance against manual attack

EN 410, Glass in building - Determination of luminous and solar characteristics of glazing

EN 673, Glass in building - Determination of thermal transmittance (U value) - Calculation method

EN 1063, Glass in building - Security glazing - Testing and classification of resistance against bullet attack

EN 1096-1:2012, Glass in building - Coated glass - Part 1: Definitions and classification

EN 1096-2:2012, Glass in building - Coated glass - Part 2: Requirements and test methods for class A, B and S coatings

EN 1096-3:2012, Glass in building - Coated glass - Part 3. Requirements and test methods for class C and D coatings

FprEN 1096-5:2015, Glass in building – Coated glass – Part 5: Test method and classification for the self-cleaning performances of coated glass surfaces

EN 12600, Glass in building - Pendulum test - Impact test method and classification for flat glass

EN 12758, Glass in building - Glazing and airborne sound insulation - Product descriptions and determination of properties

EN 12898, Glass in building - Determination of the emissivity

EN 13501-1, Fire classification of construction products and building elements – Part 1: Classification using test data from reaction to fire tests

EN 13501-2, Fire classification of construction products and building elements – Part 2: Classification using data from fire resistance tests, excluding ventilation services

EN 13501-5, Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 5: Classification using data from external fire exposure to roofs tests

EN 13541, Glass in building - Security glazing - Testing and classification of resistance against explosion pressure

prEN 16612, Glass in building - Determination of the load resistance of glass panes by calculation and testing

#### 3 Terms, definitions and symbols

#### 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 1096-1, EN 1096-2 and EN 1096-3 and the following apply:

#### 3.1.1

#### factory production control

#### **FPC**

documented, permanent and internal control of production in a factory, in accordance with this standard

Note 1 to entry: See also Annexes A and B.

#### 3.1.2

#### product-type

set of representative performance levels or classes of a construction product, in relation to its essential characteristics, produced using a given combination of raw materials or other elements in a specific production process

#### 3.1.3

#### essential characteristic

characteristic of the construction product which relate to the basic requirements for construction works

Note 1 to entry: Basic requirements for construction work are given in the regulation (EU) No 305/2011, Annex I.

#### 3.1.4

#### performance of a construction product

performance related to the relevant essential characteristics, expressed by level or class, or in a description

#### 3.1.5

#### level

result of the assessment of the performance of a construction product in relation to its essential characteristics, expressed as a numerical value

#### 3.1.6

#### class

a range of levels, delimited by a minimum and a maximum value, of performance of a construction product

#### 3.1.7

#### type testing

#### TT

determination of the performance of a product (characteristic, durability), on the basis of either actual tests or other procedures (such as conventional, standardised, tabulated or general accepted values, standardised or recognised calculation methods, test reports when made available, ...), in accordance with this European Standard and that demonstrates compliance with this European Standard

#### 3.1.8

#### test report

document that covers the results of tests undertaken on a representative sample of the product from production or on a prototype design of the product

#### 3.1.9

#### product description

document that details the relevant parameters, e.g. process conditions, structure, etc., for defining a product that complies with the standard and that includes specific reference(s) to characteristics that are modified by the production process

#### 3.1.10

#### product family

group of products determined by the manufacturer, which is made with similar components and method of coating deposition and which is tested for FPC using the same test method

#### 3.1.11

#### significant change

variation in performance beyond the permitted tolerance for the characteristic and which is not covered by substitution rules

#### 3.2 Symbols

 $\epsilon$  and  $\epsilon'$  normal emissivity of both sides of a coated glass

ε<sub>i</sub> emissivity of a test specimen measured during factory production control

τ<sub>V</sub> light transmittance

 $\rho_V$  and  $\rho_V$ ' light reflectance of both sides of a coated glass

τ<sub>e</sub> energy transmittance

 $\rho_e$  and  $\rho_e$ ' energy reflectance of both sides of a coated glass

g solar factor

d subscript indicating that the value is a declared value

m subscript indicating that the value is a determined value obtained by measurement, calculation

or other means

#### 4 Requirements

#### 4.1 Product description

For conformity purposes, the coated glass manufacturer is responsible for the preparation and maintenance of a product description. This description shall describe the product and/or product family.

Disclosure of the product description shall be at the discretion of the coated glass manufacturer or his agent except in the case of regulatory requirements.

The product description shall contain at least the following:

- a reference to EN 1096-1, EN 1096-2, EN 1096-3, EN 1096-4 and when relevant FprEN 1096-5:2015, and all other standards with which the manufacturer claims compliance,
- the type of coating, i.e. online, off-line,
- the method of coating deposition, e.g. chemical-vapour deposition, sputtering, etc.
- the materials making up the layer(s) of the coating,
- · the order of stacking of the layers,
- the glass substrates,
- the classification of the coated glass.

NOTE The product description may include an identity card (see EN 1096-1:2012, Annex A).

The layers may be listed either in full, i.e. chemical composition, or by a manufacturer's code.

Product families shall be defined in terms of the above product description taking into account the criteria for demonstrating equivalence of coatings (see EN 1096-2:2012, Annex F and EN 1096-3:2012, Annex B).

The substitution of materials and/or components shall maintain the conformity with the product description. The substituting materials and/or components can be added to the product family and also the product description when compliance has been demonstrated.

#### 4.2 Determination of the characteristic's performances

#### 4.2.1 Characteristic of coated glass

#### 4.2.1.1 General

The characteristics of coated glass, listed in Table 1, are in general those of the glass substrate and can be found in the appropriate product standard (see 4.2.1.2). Since they are not changed significantly by the coating process, they shall be used for coated glass.

For glass substrates covered by European specifications, generally accepted values, declared values, or calculated values of the characteristics listed in Table 1 shall be used.

If glass panes are used which are not covered by harmonized European Specifications (as defined in regulation EU305/2011), it shall be demonstrated that those glasses have a chemical composition and a mechanical stability over time equivalent to the requirements of the relevant standard listed.

Certain coated glasses can be toughened or heat strengthened. These final products should comply with the appropriate product standard and the performance of the coated glass should be determined on the final product in accordance with EN 1096–2:2012, Annex A or EN 1096–3:2012, Annex A.

Characteristic **Symbol** Unit kg/m<sup>3</sup> Density ρ HK <sub>0,1/20</sub> Hardness (Knoop hardness in accordance with ISO 9385) Dimensionless GPa Young's modulus Ε Poisson's ratio Dimensionless μ MPa Characteristic bending strength fg,k Resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials Κ Specific heat capacity J/(kg.K) С  $K^{-1}$ Coefficient of linear expansion  $\alpha_{l}$ Thermal conductivity λ W/(m.K)Mean refractive index to visible radiation n Dimensionless

Table 1 —Characteristics of glass substrates

#### 4.2.1.2 Glass panes used as substrates for the production of coated glass

The glass substrates listed in EN 1096-1:2012, Clause 5, may be used for the production of coated glass.

#### 4.2.2 Determination of characteristics of coated glass

#### 4.2.2.1 General

If the coated glass manufacturer wishes to claim that any performance characteristic is independent of the production equipment used, then the factory production control system shall be in accordance with this document including his specific process control conditions.

The information supplied with the incoming glass may be used for the characteristics listed in 4.2.2.3 to 4.2.2.11, as the coating process does not alter the values.

#### 4.2.2.2 Safety in the case of fire - Resistance to fire

Fire resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 13501-2.

NOTE EN 15998 specifies the testing methodology to be used for glass products that are claiming fire resistance.

#### 4.2.2.3 Safety in the case of fire - Reaction to fire

Reaction to fire shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 13501-1.

#### 4.2.2.4 Safety in the case of fire - External fire performance (for roof coverings only)

Where the manufacturer wishes to declare external fire performance (e.g. when subject to regulatory requirements), the product shall be tested and classified in accordance with EN 13501-5.

#### 4.2.2.5 Safety in use - Bullet resistance: shatter properties and resistance to attack

Bullet resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 1063.

#### 4.2.2.6 Safety in use - Explosion resistance: impact behaviour and resistance to impact

Explosion resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 13541.

#### 4.2.2.7 Safety in use - Burglar resistance: shatter properties and resistance to attack

Burglar resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 356.

## 4.2.2.8 Safety in use - Pendulum body impact resistance: shatter properties (safe breakability) and resistance to impact

Pendulum body impact resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 12600.

### 4.2.2.9 Safety in use - Mechanical resistance: Resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials

The resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials is a generally accepted value. That value is given in the standards for the appropriate glass substrate (see 4.2.1.2)

## 4.2.2.10 Safety in use - Mechanical resistance: Resistance against wind, snow, permanent load and/or imposed loads of the glass unit

The mechanical resistance is a characteristic value. The value to be declared is the characteristic bending strength, as defined in the standards for the appropriate glass substrate.

As long as on the concerned construction or building site prEN 16612 is not applicable for the design then the current method of determining mechanical resistance in the country of destination shall be applied.