

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 771-2:2011+A1:2015

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Specifikacija za zidake - 2. del: Apneno peščeni zidaki

Specification for masonry units - Part 2: Calcium silicate masonry units

Festlegungen für Mauersteine - Teil 2: Kalksandsteine

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Spécifications pour éléments de maçonnerie - Partie 2: Eléments de maçonnerie en silico-calcaire (standards.iteh.ai)

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Specification for masonry units - Part 2: Calcium silicate masonry units

Spécifications pour éléments de maçonnerie - Partie 2: Eléments de maçonnerie en silico-calcaire Festlegungen für Mauersteine - Teil 2: Kalksandsteine

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 10 March 2011 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 11 January 2015.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 771-2:2011+A1:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 125 "Masonry", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes A EN 771-2:2011 A.

This document includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 2015-01-11.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags 🗗 🐴.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports (A) the basic requirements for construction works of the EU Construction Products Regulation (Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) (A).

A For relationship with EU Regulation/Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This European Standard also takes into account the general rules for reinforced and unreinforced masonry in Eurocode 6.

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EN 771, Specification for masonry units consists of: of: log/standards/sist/68af84ef-579a-47d7-a35b-e62a705f72c6/sist-en-771-2-2011a1-2015

- Part 1: Clay masonry units
- Part 2: Calcium silicate masonry units
- Part 3: Aggregate concrete masonry units (Dense and light-weight aggregates)
- Part 4: Autoclaved aerated concrete masonry units
- Part 5: Manufactured stone masonry units
- Part 6: Natural stone masonry units

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the characteristics and performance requirements of calcium silicate masonry units for which the main intended uses are inner walls, outer walls, cellars, foundations and external chimney masonry.

This European Standard is intended to apply to all calcium silicate masonry units, including those of an overall nonrectangular parallelepiped shape, specially shaped and accessory units.

It defines the performance related to e.g. strength, density and dimensional accuracy, measured according to the corresponding test methods contained in separate European Standards.

It provides for the (AVCP) (4) assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) (4) of the product to this European Standard. The marking requirement for products covered by this document is also included.

This European Standard does not specify standard sizes for calcium silicate masonry units, nor standard work dimensions and angles of specially shaped and accessory units.

It does not cover units with more than 60 % volume of voids, nor products made from shale as a major raw material.

It does not cover storey height panels.

It does not cover units intended for use as a damp proof course, nor units with an incorporated thermal insulation material bonded to the faces of the unit susceptible to be exposed to fire, nor chimney flue units.

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2 Normative references <u>SIST EN 771-2:2011+A1:2015</u>

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The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 772-1, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 1: Determination of compressive strength

EN 772-2, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 2: Determination of percentage area of voids in aggregate concrete masonry units (by paper indentation)

EN 772-9, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 9: Determination of volume and percentage of voids and net volume of clay and calcium silicate masonry units by sand filling

EN 772-13, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 13: Determination of net and gross dry density of masonry units (except for natural stone)

EN 772-16:2011, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 16: Determination of dimensions

EN 772-18:2011, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 18: Determination of freeze-thaw resistance of calcium silicate masonry units

EN 772-20, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 20: Determination of flatness of faces of aggregate concrete, manufactured stone and natural stone masonry units

EN 772-21, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 21: Determination of water absorption of clay and calcium silicate masonry units by cold water absorption

EN 1052-3, Methods of test for masonry — Part 3: Determination of initial shear strength

EN 1745, Masonry and masonry products — Methods for determining thermal properties

EN 13501-1, Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

EN ISO 12572, Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of water vapour transmission properties (ISO 12572:2001)

Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

masonry unit

preformed component intended for use in masonry construction

3.2

calcium silicate masonry unit

masonry unit made predominantly from lime and siliceous materials, hardened by high pressure steam

3.3

shale

fine grained sedimentary rock, finely laminated and consisting of mainly quartz and clay minerals

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3.4

co-ordinating size

(standards.iteh.ai) size of the co-ordinating space allocated to a masonry unit including allowances for joints and tolerances

3.5

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https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/68af84ef-579a-47d7-a35bwork size

size of a masonry unit specified for its manufacture, to which the actual size conforms within permissible deviations

3.6

actual size

size of a masonry unit as measured

3.7

regular shaped masonry unit

masonry unit with an overall rectangular parallelepiped shape

3.8

specially shaped masonry unit

masonry unit which is not a rectangular parallelepiped

3.9

accessory unit

masonry unit which is shaped to provide a particular function, e.g. to complete the geometry of the masonry

NOTE It may be obtained by cutting a large unit.

3.10

interlocking feature

shaped matched projections and indentations on masonry units

EXAMPLE Tongue and groove systems.

3.11

hole

formed void which may or may not pass completely through a masonry unit

3.12

perforation

formed void which passes completely through a masonry unit

3.13

cell

formed void which does not pass through a masonry unit

3.14

frog

depression formed in one or both bed faces of a unit, the total volume of all such depressions which does not exceed a certain limit of the overall volume of the unit, i.e. length × width × height

3.15

recess

depression or indentation in one or more surfaces of a masonry unit

EXAMPLE Mortar pocket, rendering keyway.

3.16

shell

peripheral material between the hole(s) and the outer surfaces of a masonry unit

3.17 (standards.iteh.ai)

web

solid material between the holes in a masonry unit2:2011+A1:2015

normalized compressive strength of masonry units

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compressive strength of masonry units converted to the air dry compressive strength of an equivalent 100 mm wide and 100 mm high masonry unit

NOTE See procedure given in EN 772-1.

3.19

mean compressive strength of masonry units

arithmetic mean of the compressive strengths of masonry units

3.20

characteristic compressive strength of masonry units

compressive strength corresponding to the 5 % fractile of the compressive strength of masonry units

3.21

declared value

value that a manufacturer is confident of achieving, bearing in mind the precision of the test and the variability of the manufacturing process

3.22

Category I masonry units

units with a declared compressive strength with a probability of failure to reach it not exceeding 5 %

NOTE This may be determined via the mean or characteristic value.

3.23

Category II masonry units

units not intended to comply with the level of confidence of Category I units

3.24

combined thickness of webs and shells

sum of the thicknesses of the shells and webs from one face or header of a masonry unit to the opposite face or header respectively along whichever path, via the formed voids, gives the smallest value, expressed as a percentage of the unit width or length respectively

3.25

grip hole

hole in a masonry unit to enable it to be more readily grasped and lifted by hand or machine

3.26

product group

products from one manufacturer having common values for one or more characteristics

3.27

consignment

shipment from the supplier



3.28

protected masonry iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

masonry (walls, columns or partitions) which is protected against water penetration and is not in contact with soil and ground water

Note 1 to entry: It can either be masonry in external walls which is protected, (e.g. by a layer of suitable render or by cladding), or it can be the inner leaf of a cavity wall or it can be an internal wall-th may or may not be loadbearing.

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3.29

unprotected masonry

masonry (walls, columns or partitions) which may be exposed to rain, freeze/thaw and/or may be in contact with soil and ground water without a suitable protection

Note 1 to entry: It can either be masonry in external walls which is fully unprotected, or which is intended to be provided by a limited protection (e.g. by a thin layer of render). It may or may not be loadbearing.

4 Materials and manufacture

Calcium silicate masonry units are produced predominantly from a mixture of lime and natural siliceous materials (sand, crushed or uncrushed siliceous gravel or rock or a mixture thereof), hardened by high pressure steam.

Calcium silicate masonry units produced with a majority of other siliceous materials are permitted if these materials have no deleterious effect on the properties of the product. The presence of such a material shall be declared.

5 Requirements for calcium silicate masonry units

5.1 General

The requirements and properties specified in this European Standard shall be defined in terms of the test methods and other procedures referred to in this European Standard.

It should be noted that the test methods are not always applicable to specially shaped and accessory units as defined in 3.8. and 3.9.

The conformity criteria given in the following subclauses relate to \square product type determination \square (see 8.2) and, when relevant, to consignment testing (see Annex A). For the compressive strength of Category I units, use a 50 % fractile (p = 0.50) for mean values and a confidence level of 95 %.

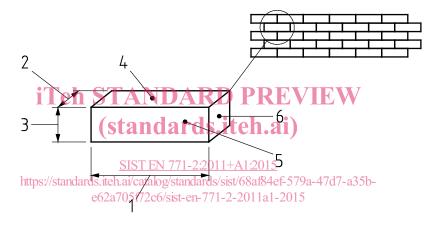
For production evaluation, the manufacturer shall define the conformity criteria in the factory production control documentation (see 8.3).

5.2 Dimensions and tolerances

5.2.1 Dimensions

The dimensions of a calcium silicate masonry unit shall be declared in mm for length, width and height, in that order. They shall be given in terms of work size.

NOTE In addition the co-ordinating size may be given. See Figure 1.



Key

- 1 Length 3 Height 5 Face 2 Width 4 Bed 6 Header
- NOTE This relates to the normal use of the masonry unit in the wall.

Figure 1 — Dimensions and surfaces

When a specified number of calcium silicate masonry units is sampled from a consignment in accordance with Annex A and tested in accordance with EN 772-16, the tolerances shall be indicated as in 5.2.2.1. The determination of length, width and height shall be by one measurement taken approximately in the centre of each specimen (EN 772-16:2011, 7.1, procedure d)). When there is a need to exclude irregular surfaces (tongues and grooves, grip holes, etc.) in providing the dimension, EN 772-16:2011 procedure e) shall be used.

Dimensions and tolerances of accessory units need only be declared by the manufacturer, if the accessory units are placed on the market as individual products and do not form part of a customised consignment. When a specified number of accessory units is sampled from a consignment in accordance with Annex A, dimensions and tolerances shall be as given in Annex C.

5.2.2 Dimensional tolerances

5.2.2.1 Tolerances

The dimensional tolerance category shall be declared in accordance with Table 1. The actual deviations for the mean length, width and height and the actual deviations for individual length, width and height shall not be greater than the permissible deviations as specified in Table 1 for the declared dimensional tolerance category.

Actual deviations for the mean are differences between declared work sizes and the mean measured values. Actual deviations for individual values are differences between the mean measured values and the measured individual values.

These dimensional tolerances shall not apply to the direction perpendicular to a treated face of a sliced, fractured or structured unit.

Table 1 — Dimensional tolerance categories and tolerances for calcium silicate masonry units (in millimetres)

Dimensions	Dimensional tolerance categories for calcium silicate masonry units				
Dimensions	T1	T2	Т3	Tm	
Mean height of sample	work size height	work size height ± 1	_	7	
Mean length of sample		work size length	work size length ± 2	V	
Mean width of sample	work size width ± 2 SIST	. 0		函 a deviation in mm	
Individual height http	mean height of a sample ± 205f7	threan heightiof 20 sample ±71,0-20		35b- declared by the manufacturer (may be closer or wider than the	
Individual length	mean length of sample ± 2	mean length of sample ± 2	work size length ± 3	other categories) 🔄	
Individual width	mean width of sample ± 2	mean width of sample ± 2	work size width ± 3		
Flatness of bed faces	_		1,0		
Plane parallelism of bed faces	<u> </u>	_	1,0		

5.2.2.2 Flatness of bed faces

When calcium silicate masonry units are sampled from a consignment in accordance with Annex A and tested in accordance with EN 772-20, the deviation from flatness of the bed faces shall not exceed the declared value.

5.2.2.3 Plane parallelism of bed faces

When calcium silicate masonry units are sampled from a consignment in accordance with Annex A and tested in accordance with EN 772-16:2011 by procedure d), the deviation from plane parallelism shall not exceed the declared value.

5.3 Configuration

When relevant to the uses, for which calcium silicate masonry units are put on the market, the configuration shall be declared. The declaration may be made by reference to one or another of the groups defined in

EN 1996-1-1 or EN 1996-1-2 and/or it may include one or more items such as those in the following list, as relevant:

- shape and features, including the direction of perforations (by means of a drawing or illustration, when relevant);
- volume of all formed voids as a percentage of the length × width × height of the unit;
- volume of the largest of any formed voids as a percentage of the length × width × height of the unit;
- volume of grip holes as a percentage of the length × width × height of the unit;
- thickness of webs;
- thickness of shells;
- combined thickness of webs and shells from face to face:
- combined thickness of webs and shells from header to header;
- area of voids on a bed face as a percentage of the length × width of the unit.

The total volume of frogs shall not exceed 20 % of the overall volume of the unit, i.e. length × width × height.

Each declared value shall be stated as either an upper limit or a lower limit/or as a range of values. When calcium silicate masonry units are sampled from a consignment in accordance with Annex A and tested in accordance with EN 772-16, EN 772-9 and EN 772-2, the mean value derived from measurements of the test sample shall be within the range or limit declared.

5.4 **Dry density** SIST EN 771-2:2011+A1:2015 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/68af84ef-579a-47d7-a35b-e62a705f72c6/sist-en-771-2-2011a1-2015

5.4.1 Gross dry density

The manufacturer shall declare a minimum and a maximum value for the gross dry density. The manufacturer may declare the gross dry density class according to D.2.

When a specified number of calcium silicate masonry units is sampled from a consignment in accordance with Annex A and tested and in accordance with EN 772-13, the mean gross density shall comply with this declared values or declared density class.

Individual values of the sample shall not be out of the declared range of the declared values or the corresponding range of the declared density class by more than 100 kg/m^3 for units with a declared gross dry density greater than 900 kg/m^3 or by more than 50 kg/m^3 for units with a declared gross dry density less than or equal to 900 kg/m^3 .

5.4.2 Net dry density

If necessary for the intended use the manufacturer shall declare a minimum and a maximum value for the net dry density. When a specified number of calcium silicate masonry units is sampled from a consignment in accordance with Annex A and tested in accordance with EN 772-13, the mean net dry density shall comply with this declared values.

In addition, the manufacturer may declare the minimum and maximum individual values of net dry density.