



Designation: D 4877 – 98

## Standard Test Method for Polyurethane Raw Materials: Determination of APHA Color in Isocyanates<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 4877; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This test method measures the color of clear liquids. It is applicable only to materials whose color-producing bodies have light-absorption characteristics similar to those of the standards used.<sup>2</sup> (See Test Method D 1209 and Note 1.)

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. For specific hazards statements see 7.1 and Note 2.*

NOTE 1—Although this test method and ISO 6271-1981 differ in some details, data obtained using either are technically equivalent.

### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:

- D 883 Terminology Relating to Plastics<sup>3</sup>
- D 1193 Specification for Reagent Water<sup>4</sup>
- D 1209 Test Method for Color of Clear Liquids (Platinum-Cobalt Scale)<sup>5</sup>
- D 5386 Test Method for Color of Liquids Using Tristimulus Colorimetry<sup>5</sup>

#### 2.2 ISO Standards:

- ISO 6271-1981 Clear Liquids—Estimation of Color by the Platinum Cobalt Scale<sup>6</sup>

### 3. Terminology

3.1 For definitions of terms used in this test method see Terminology D 883.

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.22 on Cellular Plastics.

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<sup>2</sup> See Standard Methods for the Examination of Water, Sewage, and Industrial Wastes, AM. Public Health Assn., 1015 15th St. NW Washington, DC 20005.

<sup>3</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.01.

<sup>4</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 11.01.

<sup>5</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 06.04.

<sup>6</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute, 11 W. 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

### 4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The color of the material to be tested is compared to a series of platinum cobalt color standards, designated by mg of Pt/mL of standard solution. The results are reported as the color standard, which best matches the sample (Note 2).

NOTE 2—Color of liquids also can be measured by visible spectroscopy and the results converted to any of several color scales. These results can be converted to the APHA scale by appropriate manipulations, as for example in Test Method D 5386.

### 5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method can be used for research or for quality control to characterize isocyanates used in polyurethane products.

5.2 For toluene diisocyanate, results from this test method may relate to reactivity or performance in polyurethane systems.

### 6. Apparatus

- 6.1 *Nessler Tubes*, matched, 100-mL tall-form.

### 7. Reagents and Materials

7.1 *Purity of Reagents*—Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that all reagents conform to the specifications of the Committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society where such specifications are available.<sup>7</sup> Other grades may be used, provided it is first ascertained that the reagent is of sufficiently high purity to permit its use without lessening the accuracy of the determination.

7.2 *Purity of Water*—Unless otherwise indicated, references to water shall be understood to mean reagent water as defined by Type IV or better of Specification D 1193.

7.3 *Cobaltous Chloride Hexahydrate* ( $\text{CoCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ).

7.4 *Concentrated Hydrochloric Acid* (sp. gr. 1.19).

<sup>7</sup> *Reagent Chemicals, American Chemical Society Specifications*, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC. For suggestions on the testing of reagents not listed by the American Chemical Society, see *Analar Standards for Laboratory Chemicals*, BDH Ltd., Poole, Dorset, U.K., and the *United States Pharmacopeia and National Formulary*, U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. (USPC), Rockville, MD.