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**Physical and mechanical properties of  
wood — Test methods for small clear  
wood specimens —**

**Part 7:  
Determination of ultimate tensile  
stress perpendicular to grain**

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

*Propriétés physiques et mécaniques du bois — Méthodes d'essais sur  
échantillons de bois sans défauts —*

*Partie 7: Détermination de la contrainte de rupture en traction  
perpendiculaire aux fibres*

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Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11  
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47  
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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: [Foreword — Supplementary information](#).

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 218, *Timber*.

This first edition of ISO 13061-7 cancels and replaces ISO 3346:1975, which has been technically revised with regards to the sizes, moisture content of test pieces, and adjustment for moisture content.

ISO 13061 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Physical and mechanical properties of wood — Test methods for small clear specimens*:

- Part 1: Determination of moisture content for physical and mechanical tests
- Part 2: Determination of density for physical and mechanical tests
- Part 3: Determination of ultimate strength in static bending
- Part 4: Determination of modulus of elasticity in static bending
- Part 6: Determination of ultimate tensile stress parallel to grain
- Part 7: Determination of ultimate tensile stress perpendicular to grain

The following are under preparation:

- Part 5: Determination of strength in compression perpendicular to grain
- Part 10: Determination of impact bending strength
- Part 11: Determination of resistance to impact indentation
- Part 12: Determination of static hardness
- Part 13: Determination of radial and tangential shrinkage
- Part 14: Determination of volumetric shrinkage
- Part 15: Determination of radial and tangential swelling

- *Part 16: Determination of volumetric swelling*
- *Part 17: Determination of strength in compression parallel to grain*

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## Introduction

The main purpose of this International Standard is to establish the common international point of member countries of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), concerning testing methods for small clear wood specimens and general requirements for determining physical and mechanical properties of wood.

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# Physical and mechanical properties of wood — Test methods for small clear wood specimens —

## Part 7:

# Determination of ultimate tensile stress perpendicular to grain

## 1 Scope

This part of ISO 13061 specifies a method for the determination of ultimate tensile stress of wood perpendicular to grain of small clear specimens in the radial and tangential directions by measuring the breaking load applied statically perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of a test piece.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3129, *Wood — Sampling methods and general requirements for physical and mechanical testing of small clear wood specimens*

ISO 13061-1, *Physical and mechanical properties of wood — Test methods for small clear specimens — Part 1: Determination of moisture content for physical and mechanical tests*

ISO 13061-2, *Physical and mechanical properties of wood — Test methods for small clear specimens — Part 2: Determination of density for physical and mechanical tests*

ISO 24294, *Round and Sawn Timber — Vocabulary*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 24294 apply.

## 4 Principle

The ultimate tensile stress perpendicular to grain is determined by application of a gradually increasing load in the direction perpendicular to the grain of a test piece until failure.

## 5 Apparatus

**5.1 Testing machine** capable of ensuring constant rate of loading or of movement of the loading head and allowing measurement of the load to an accuracy of 1 %.

The grips of the testing machine shall be such that the load is applied perpendicular to its longitudinal axis of the test piece and shall prevent twisting of the test piece.

**5.2 Measuring instrument** capable of measuring the dimensions of the gauge portion of the test piece to the nearest 0,1 mm.

5.3 **Equipment for the determination of moisture content** in accordance with ISO 13061-1.

## 6 Preparation of test pieces

### 6.1 General

6.1.1 The sampling and preparation of test pieces shall be in accordance with ISO 3129.

6.1.2 The general direction of the wood grain in test pieces shall be perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the gauge portion. The gauge portion of the test piece shall have a rectangular or square cross-section with one dimension from 10 mm to 25 mm and the other from 20 mm to 50 mm. If the gauge portion is in the form of a right prism, its length shall be not less than 5 mm. If not, the radius of curvature between the ends shall not be less than 12 mm. The ends of the test pieces shall be so shaped as to ensure that the failure occurs within the gauge portion and to minimize stress concentration in the transition area. Use of test pieces with laminated ends is permitted.

### 6.2 Moisture content of test pieces

6.2.1 Test pieces can be tested in green or in air-dry condition.

6.2.2 The moisture content of test pieces tested in green condition shall be equal or exceed fibre saturation point (FSP).

6.2.3 Test pieces tested in air-dry condition shall be conditioned to a constant mass in an atmosphere with a relative humidity of  $(65 \pm 5) \%$  and a temperature of  $(20 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$ .

NOTE Constant mass is considered to be reached when the results of two successive weighing operations, carried out at an interval of 8 h, do not differ by more than 0,2 % of the mass of the test piece.

6.2.4 After preparation, the test pieces shall be stored under conditions, which ensure that their moisture content remains unchanged before testing.

## 7 Procedure

7.1 Measure the cross-sectional dimensions of the gauge portion of the test piece to an accuracy of 0,1 mm

7.2 Clamp the ends of the test piece between the grips of the testing machine at a distance of at least 10 mm from the centre of the gauge portion.

7.3 Carry out the test at a constant rate of loading or of movement of the loading head such the test piece shall fail in not less than 0,5 min and not more than 5 min from the beginning of application of the load. Read the maximum load to the accuracy specified in 5.1. Discard results obtained on test pieces, which fail outside the gauge portion.

NOTE Mechanical properties of wood depend on the speed of testing. Therefore, it is important to select the speed of testing appropriate for the purpose of the test program and include it in the report.

7.4 After the test has been completed, cut the gauge portion of the tested piece for the determination of moisture content and wood density according to ISO 13061-1 and ISO 13061-2, respectively



## 8 Calculations and expression of results

**8.1** The ultimate tensile stress perpendicular to grain,  $\sigma_{W \perp}$ , of each test piece in N/mm<sup>2</sup> (MPa), at a moisture content  $W$  at the time of test, shall be calculated using Formula (1):

$$\sigma_{W \perp} = \frac{P_{\max}}{bh} \quad (1)$$

where

$P_{\max}$  is the maximum load, in N;

$b$  and  $h$  are the cross-sectional dimensions of the gauge portion of the test piece, in mm.

The results shall be expressed to a precision of 0,1 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (MPa).

**8.2** When required, the ultimate stress,  $\sigma_{W \perp}$ , shall be adjusted to a 12 % moisture content using nationally or internationally recognized method.

NOTE An approximate adjustment of the ultimate tensile stress perpendicular to grain to 12 % moisture content can be done using Formula (2), which is valid for a moisture content of (12 ±5) %:

$$\sigma_{12} = \sigma_{W \perp} [1 + \alpha (W - 12)] \quad (2)$$

where

$\alpha$  is the correction factor for the moisture content, equal to 0,015;

$W$  is the moisture content of the wood, determined according to ISO 13061-1.

**8.3** The mean and the standard deviation of the results obtained for the individual test pieces in a sample shall be calculated to a precision of 0,1 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (MPa).

## 9 Test report

The test report shall include the following particulars:

- a) a reference to this part of ISO 13061, i.e. ISO 13061-7;
- b) details concerning sizes of the test pieces
- c) sampling details in accordance with ISO 3129;
- d) time to failure;
- e) test results and their statistical values calculated as specified in [Clause 8](#);
- f) moisture content and density of each test piece measured in accordance with ISO 13061-1 and ISO 13061-2, respectively;
- g) method and value of the coefficient used for the adjustment of the test results to a 12 % moisture content, if applicable;
- h) mode of failure;
- i) speed of testing;
- j) direction of application of the load to the test piece (radial or tangential);
- k) date when the test was carried out;