# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Second edition 2014-09-01

# Rolling bearings — Balls —

Part 1: Steel balls

Roulements — Billes —

Partie 1: Billes de roulement en acier

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword – Supplementary information.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 4, *Rolling bearings*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Ball bearings*.

#### ISO 3290-1:2014

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3290-1:2008), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates Technical Corrigendum 3ISO 13290-1:2008/Cor.1:2009. In particular, "material", specified in <u>Clause 6</u> of the first edition, has been deleted.

ISO 3290 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Rolling bearings* — *Balls*:

- Part 1: Steel balls
- Part 2: Ceramic balls

## **Rolling bearings** — Balls —

## Part 1: Steel balls

## 1 Scope

This part of ISO 3290 specifies requirements for finished steel balls for rolling bearings.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1132-1, Rolling bearings — Tolerances — Part 1: Terms and definitions

ISO 4288, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Rules and procedures for the assessment of surface texture RD PREVIEW

ISO 5593, Rolling bearings — Vocabulary (Standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 12181-1, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Roundness — Part 1: Vocabulary and parameters of roundness ISO 3290-1:2014

ISO 15241, Rolling bearings — Symbols for physical augusticies

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 1132-1, ISO 5593, and the following apply.

#### 3.1

#### ball gauge

amount by which the mean diameter of ball lot should differ from the nominal ball diameter, this amount being one of an established series

Note 1 to entry: Each ball gauge is a whole multiple of the ball gauge interval established for the ball grade in question.

Note 2 to entry: A ball gauge, in combination with the ball grade and nominal diameter, is considered as the most exact ball size specification to be used by a customer for ordering purposes.

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.09, modified — Notes 1 and 2 to entry have been added.]

#### 3.2

#### ball gauge interval

absolute difference of two consecutive ball gauges

#### 3.3

#### ball grade

specific combination of dimensional, form, surface roughness and sorting tolerances for balls

Note 1 to entry: Ball grade is identified by the letter G and a number, e.g. G 20.

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.08, modified — Note 1 to entry has been added.]

### 3.4

ball lot

definite quantity of balls manufactured under conditions presumed uniform and which is considered as an entity

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.05]

#### 3.5

#### ball subgauge

amount, of an established series of amounts, which is the nearest to the actual deviation from the ball gauge of a ball lot

Note 1 to entry: Each ball subgauge is a whole multiple of the ball subgauge interval established for the ball grade in question.

Note 2 to entry: The ball subgauge, in combination with the nominal ball diameter and the ball gauge, is used by ball manufacturers to denote the mean diameter of a ball lot and is not generally used by customers for ordering purposes.

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.11, modified — Notes 1 and 2 to entry have been added.]

### 3.6

#### ball subgauge interval

absolute difference of two consecutive ball subgauges iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

#### 3.7

## deviation from spherical ball surface standards.iteh.ai)

various types of deviation from the perfect spherical ball surface, uniformly or non-uniformly distributed and repeated around the ball surface ISO 3290-1:2014

Note 1 to entry: The deviations to which limits can be attributed are 58646e0-deca-4e16-afa8-

f496dc77fe1d/iso-3290-1-2014

- deviation from spherical form,
- surface defect,
- surface roughness, and
- waviness.

#### 3.7.1

#### deviation from spherical form

radial distance between the smallest circumscribed sphere and the greatest inscribed sphere, with their centres common to the least squares sphere centre

Note 1 to entry: This definition supersedes ISO 5593:1997, 05.06.03.

#### 3.7.2

#### surface defect

element, irregularity, or group of elements and irregularities of the real surface, unintentionally or accidentally caused during manufacture, storage, handling or use of the surface

Note 1 to entry: These types of element or irregularity differ considerably from those constituting the surface roughness and are not considered during the measurement of the surface roughness.

Note 2 to entry: The limits for surface defects are not specified in this part of ISO 3290.

### 3.7.3

#### surface roughness

surface irregularities with relatively small spacings, which usually include irregularities resulting from the method of manufacture being used and/or other influences

Note 1 to entry: These irregularities are considered within the limits that are conventionally defined, e.g. within the limits of the sampling length.

#### 3.7.4

#### waviness

surface irregularities of random or periodical deviation from the ideal spherical form

Note 1 to entry: Waviness shall be evaluated by default as velocity amplitude.

Note 2 to entry: In practice, the waviness components are separated from the real surface by a waviness analyser (filters).

#### 3.8

#### deviation of a ball lot from ball gauge

difference between the mean diameter of a ball lot and the sum of the nominal ball diameter and the ball gauge

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.10]

#### 3.9

#### hardness

<rolling bearings> measure of resistance to penetration as determined by a specific test method

Note 1 to entry: For steel balls, such a test method is generally the Rockwell hardness test.

#### 3.10

mean ball diameter ISO 3290-1:2014

arithmetical mean of the largest and the smallest of the single diameters of a ball

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.03]

#### 3.11

#### mean diameter of ball lot

arithmetical mean of the mean diameters of the largest ball and the smallest ball in a ball lot

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.06]

#### 3.12

#### nominal ball diameter

diameter value which is used for the general identification of a ball size

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.01]

#### 3.13

#### single ball diameter

distance between two parallel planes tangential to the actual surface of a ball

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.02]

#### 3.14

#### variation of ball diameter

difference between the largest and the smallest of the single diameters of a ball

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.04]

#### 3.15

#### variation of ball lot diameter

difference between the mean diameters of the largest ball and the smallest ball in a ball lot

[SOURCE: ISO 5593:1997, 05.04.07]

## 4 Symbols

For the purposes of this document, the symbols given in ISO 15241 and the following apply.

The symbols (except those for tolerances) and the values given in <u>Tables 1</u> to <u>3</u> denote nominal dimensions unless specified otherwise.

$D_{\rm W}$	nominal ball diameter
D <sub>wm</sub>	mean ball diameter
D <sub>wmL</sub>	mean diameter of ball lot
$D_{\rm WS}$	single ball diameter
G	ball grade
Ra	arithmetical mean deviation of surface texture (see ISO $4287^{[1]}$ )
S	ball gauge iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
$V_{DwL}$	variation of ball lot diameter (standards.iteh.ai)
V <sub>Dws</sub>	variation of ball diameter
$\Delta_{RSw}$	<u>ISO 3290-1:2014</u> deviation from spherical form. https://standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/358646e0-deea-4e16-afa8-
$\Delta_S$	deviation of a ball lot from the ball gauge
NOTE	$\Delta_S = D_{\rm wmL} - (D_{\rm w} + S)$

### **5** Requirements

### 5.1 Ball size

The preferred nominal ball diameters are given in <u>Table 1</u> and, where applicable, the corresponding inch sizes are given for reference purposes only.

### 5.2 Quality of geometry and surface

Requirements for:

- variation of ball diameter (see <u>Table 2</u>);
- deviation from spherical form (see <u>Table 2</u>);
- waviness (see Note 1);
- surface roughness see (<u>Table 2</u>);
- surface appearance and defects (see Note 2).

Measurement of surface roughness shall be carried out in accordance with ISO 4288.

NOTE 1 Limits and measuring methods for waviness are subject to agreement between the customer and supplier.

NOTE 2 Local defects originating from machining and handling are subject to agreement between the customer and supplier.

#### 5.3 Sorting accuracy and ball gauges

<u>Table 3</u> comprises the applicable values for

- variation of ball lot diameter,
- gauge interval,
- preferred gauges,
- subgauge interval, and
- subgauges.

#### 5.4 Hardness

Hardness values and the measuring method shall be agreed upon between the customer and supplier.

#### **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** Dimensions and tolerances (standards.iteh.ai)

#### 6.1 General

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#### <u>ISO 3290-1:2014</u>

The preferred nominal ball diameters are given in <u>Table 1</u> Tolerances for form and surface roughness are given in <u>Table 2</u>. Sorting tolerances and ball gauges are given in <u>Table 3</u>.

#### 6.2 Shortened formats for nominal diameter identification

#### 6.2.1 Metric option

For purchasing and other general administrative purposes, some users optionally identify nominal metric ball diameters with only three digits following the decimal comma.

This option does not identify the diameter with adequate precision for manufacturing purposes and the full long diameter values given in <u>Table 1</u> with four or five digits following the decimal comma to precisely identify the size shall always be used for gauge and subgauge sorting purposes to avoid any possibility of ambiguity.

#### 6.2.2 Imperial option

For purchasing and other general administrative purposes, some users optionally continue to identify nominal ball diameters with imperial exact fraction or decimal sizes which carry no risk of ambiguity. Metric equivalents are sometimes also shown but not used as the primary administrative identifier.

If this option is applied, gauge and subgauge diameter tolerances in micrometres shall be added to the imperial nominal reference size or its exact metric equivalent with four or five digits following the decimal comma according to <u>Table 1</u> of this International Standard for sorting purposes during manufacturing procedures.

<b>Nominal ball diameter</b> <i>D</i> <sub>w</sub>	Corresponding inch size (reference)	
mm	in	
0,3	—	
0,396 88	1/64	
0,4	—	
0,5	—	
0,508	1/50	
0,6	—	
0,635	1/40	
0,68	—	
0,7	—	
0,793 75	1/32	
0,8	—	
1	_	
1,190 62	3/64	
<sup>1,2</sup> <sub>1,5</sub> <b>Feh STAND</b>	ARD PREVIE	W
1,587 5 <b>(standa</b>	rds.itehai)	
1,984 38	5/64	
2 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/s 2,381 25 f496dc77fe	<u>3290-1:2014</u> tandards/sist/358646e0-deea-4e1 1 d/iso-3290- 3 <b>23</b> 24	6-afa8-
2,5	_	
2,778 12	7/64	
3	_	
3,175	1/8	
3,5	_	
3,571 88	9/64	
3,968 75	5/32	
4	_	
4,365 62	11/64	
4,5	_	
4,762 5	3/16	
5	-	
5,159 38	13/64	
5,5		
5,556 25	7/32	
5,953 12	15/64	
6	-	
6,35	1/4	
6,5	_	
6,746 88	17/64	

### Table 1 — Preferred nominal ball diameters

	Nominal ball diameter	Corresponding inch size
	mm	in
	7	_
	7,143 75	9/32
	7,5	_
	7,540 62	19/64
	7,937 5	5/16
	8	_
	8,334 38	21/64
	8,5	_
	8,731 25	11/32
	9	_
	9,128 12	23/64
	9,5	_
	9,525	3/8
	9,921 88	25/64
iT	el <sup>10</sup> STANDARI	<b>D PREVIEW</b>
	10,318 75	13/32
	10,5 <b>Standar US.</b>	IICII.al)_
	11 <u>ISO 3290-1:</u> 2	<u>—</u>
https://st	and 1113 12 5 i/catalog/standards/	sist/358646e0 <b>7/dt6</b> -4e16-afa8-
	11,5 $\frac{1496dc}{161d}$	90-1-2014
	11,509 38	29/64
	11,906 25	15/32
	12	_
	12,303 12	31/64
	12,5	—
	12,7	1/2
	13	_
	13,493 75	17/32
	14	_
	14,287 5	9/16
	15	_
	15,081 25	19/32
	15,875	5/8
	16	—
	16,668 75	21/32
	17	—
	17,462 5	11/16
	18	-
	18,256 25	23/32

 Table 1 (continued)