

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 7973:2016

01-marec-2016

Žito in mlevski žitni proizvodi - Določanje viskoznosti moke - Metoda z amilografom (ISO 7973:1992)

Cereals and milled cereal products - Determination of the viscosity of flour - Method using an amylograph (ISO 7973:1992)

Getreide und gemahlene Getreideerzeugnisse - Bestimmung der Viskosität von Mehl -Amylograph-Verfahren (ISO 7973:1992) DARD PREVIEW

Céréales et produits de mouture des céréales - Détermination de la viscosité de la farine - Méthode utilisant un amylographe (ISO 7973:1992)16

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ICS:

67.060 Žita, stročnice in proizvodi iz Cereals, pulses and derived products njih

SIST EN ISO 7973:2016

en



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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English Version

Cereals and milled cereal products - Determination of the viscosity of flour - Method using an amylograph (ISO 7973:1992)

Céréales et produits de mouture des céréales -Détermination de la viscosité de la farine - Méthode utilisant un amylographe (ISO 7973:1992) Getreide und gemahlene Getreideerzeugnisse -Bestimmung der Viskosität von Mehl - Amylograph-Verfahren (ISO 7973:1992)

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iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a **CEN member into its own language and** notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

The text of ISO 7973:1992 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34 "Food products" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 7973:2015 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 338 "Cereal and cereal products" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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The text of ISO 7973:1992 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 7973:2015 without any modification.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 7973

First edition 1992-12-01

Cereals and milled cereal products — Determination of the viscosity of flour — Method using an amylograph

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Céréales et produits de mouture des céréales — Détermination de la viscosité de la farine — Méthode utilisant un amylographe

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Reference number ISO 7973:1992(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the member.

International Standard ISO 7973 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, Agricultural food products, Sub-Committee SC 4, Cereals and pulses. <u>SIST EN ISO 7973:2016</u>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdf6fa95-f135-4c54-9ff3-This International Standard takes into account <u>Standard</u> <u>No is126 of the 6</u> International Association for Cereal Science and Technology (ICC).

Annex A forms an integral part of this International Standard. Annexes B and C are for information only.

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Cereals and milled cereal products — Determination of the viscosity of flour — Method using an amylograph

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method using an amylograph for determining the viscosity of a suspension of flour in water, in which the starch is gelatinized by heating, in order to assess the conditions of gelatinization of the flour and so judge whether there is any alpha-amylase activity.

This method is applicable to wheat and rye flour and also to wheat and rye grain.

NOTES

ISO 3093:1982, Cereals - Determination of falling number.

Definition 3

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following definition applies.

3.1 amylograph viscosity: Maximum viscosity •reached by a suspension of flour and water which is (standards. gelatinized by heating under the conditions set out in this International Standard.

1 This International Standard has been prepared on the basis of the Brabender-type amylograph It is expressed as an arbitrary unit: amylograph unit (AU) 7073-2016

2 This method applies strictly to an amylograph and not st-en-iso to a viscograph, since an amylograph possesses the following characteristics:

- it is possible to change the torque-measuring head;
- the heating coils are located around the bowl of the apparatus and at the bottom;
- there is no cooling rod for lowering the gel temperature.

Normative references 2

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 712:1985, Cereals and cereal products - Determination of moisture content (Routine reference method).

4 Principle

Preparation of a suspension of flour in water, followed by recording of the viscosity of the suspension which is heated at a constant rate from 30 °C to the temperature corresponding to the moment at which viscosity starts to decrease, having reached its maximum (approximately 95 °C).

The increase in viscosity due to gelatinization of the starch is dependent upon the increase in temperature, the mechanical action of stirring and the activity of alpha-amylase already present or added to the flour.

Reagent 5

5.1 Distilled water, or water of equivalent purity.

Apparatus 6

Usual laboratory equipment and, in particular, the following.