
**Information technology —
Telecommunications and information
exchange between systems — MAC/PHY
standard for ad hoc wireless network to
support QoS in an industrial work
environment**

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

(standards.iteh.ai)
*Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange
d'information entre systèmes — Norme MAC/PHY pour un réseau ad
hoc sans fil qui supporte QoS dans un environnement de travail
industriel*

ISO/IEC 24771:2014

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-c118542a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014>

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

[ISO/IEC 24771:2014](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-c118542a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-c118542a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014>



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO/IEC 2014

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions, and abbreviations	2
3.1	Terms and definitions.....	2
3.2	List of Abbreviations	3
4	Overview	7
4.1	Characteristics	7
4.1.1	Ad-hoc network.....	7
4.1.2	Quality of Service.....	7
4.1.3	Binary CDMA technology.....	7
4.2	Components of network.....	7
4.2.1	Station.....	8
4.2.2	Resources.....	8
4.3	Functional overview	8
4.3.1	Network synchronization	9
4.3.2	Data transmission.....	9
4.3.3	Security.....	10
4.3.4	Power management.....	11
4.3.5	Master handover	11
4.4	Summary of operations.....	11
4.4.1	Broadcasting during the beacon period.....	11
4.4.2	Random access during the contention period	11
4.4.3	Exclusive access during the allocation period.....	11
4.5	Summary of states.....	12
4.5.1	Establishing the network.....	12
4.5.2	Associating with the network	12
4.5.3	Security membership and key establishment.....	12
4.5.4	Data transfer.....	12
4.5.5	Master handover	12
4.5.6	Disassociating from the network	13
4.5.7	Terminating the network	13
5	Inter-layer interfaces	14
5.1	Summary.....	14
5.2	General format of management primitives.....	14
5.2.1	MLME-GET.request and PLME-GET.request.....	15
5.2.2	MLME-GET.confirm and PLME-GET.confirm	16
5.2.3	MLME-SET.request and PLME-SET.request	16
5.2.4	MLME-SET.confirm and PLME-SET.confirm	16
5.3	MLME SAP	17
5.3.1	Reset	18
5.3.2	Scan.....	19
5.3.3	Startup of network	21
5.3.4	Synchronization	22
5.3.5	Association.....	24
5.3.6	Disassociation.....	27
5.3.7	Key request.....	29
5.3.8	Key distribution.....	31
5.3.9	Security management.....	34
5.3.10	Master handover	38
5.3.11	Data request	40
5.3.12	Network node data probe.....	42
5.3.13	Stream creation, modification, termination.....	44

5.3.14	Channel state.....	48
5.3.15	Remote scan.....	50
5.3.16	Network parameter modification.....	53
5.3.17	Adjustment of power.....	55
5.3.18	Power saving.....	56
5.4	MAC management.....	58
5.4.1	MAC PIB master group.....	58
5.4.2	MAC PIB attributes group.....	59
5.4.3	MAC PIB authentication group.....	59
5.4.4	MAC PIB association group.....	59
5.4.5	MAC PIB network security group.....	60
5.5	MAC SAP.....	60
5.5.1	MAC-ASYNC-DATA.request.....	61
5.5.2	MAC-ASYNC-DATA.confirm.....	62
5.5.3	MAC-ASYNC-DATA.indication.....	62
5.5.4	MAC-ISOCH-DATA.request.....	63
5.5.5	MAC-ISOCH-DATA.confirm.....	63
5.5.6	MAC-ISOCH-DATA.indication.....	64
5.6	PHY specification.....	64
5.6.1	PD-SAP.....	64
5.6.2	PLME-SAP.....	74
5.6.3	Physical layer enumerated description.....	79
6	Mac frame format.....	81
6.1	Overview.....	81
6.2	General format of MAC frames.....	81
6.2.1	Frame header.....	82
6.2.2	Frame body.....	85
6.3	Frame formats.....	86
6.3.1	Beacon.....	86
6.3.2	Acknowledgement.....	88
6.3.3	Command.....	89
6.3.4	Data (stream or non-stream).....	90
6.3.5	RTS (Request To Send).....	90
6.3.6	CTS (Clear To Send).....	91
6.4	Information block.....	91
6.4.1	Station UID.....	92
6.4.2	Station name.....	92
6.4.3	Station type.....	92
6.4.4	Network synchronization.....	92
6.4.5	Capabilities.....	93
6.4.6	Maximum supported time slot.....	93
6.4.7	Maximum transmit power.....	94
6.4.8	Resource allocation.....	94
6.4.9	New master notification.....	95
6.4.10	Sleep state notification.....	95
6.4.11	Vendor specific.....	95
6.5	Command block.....	95
6.5.1	Network management.....	97
6.5.2	Stream management.....	99
6.5.3	Power management.....	103
6.5.4	Key management.....	104
6.5.5	Security management.....	105
6.5.6	Vendor specific.....	105
6.5.7	Other.....	106
7	MAC feature description.....	110
7.1	Network formation and association.....	110
7.1.1	Channel scanning.....	110
7.1.2	Network ID.....	111
7.1.3	Association.....	111

7.1.4	Disassociation.....	111
7.1.5	Master handover	112
7.2	Media access	112
7.2.1	Code assignment	112
7.2.2	Inter-frame space	112
7.2.3	Access during the contention period	113
7.2.4	Access during the allocation period	113
7.3	Synchronization	114
7.3.1	Superframe synchronization	114
7.3.2	Beacon generation.....	115
7.3.3	Beacon reception	115
7.3.4	Synchronization	115
7.4	Resource allocation.....	115
7.4.1	Transmission of synchronous data	115
7.4.2	Asynchronous data transmission	117
7.5	Fragmentation and defragmentation	117
7.6	Acknowledgement and retransmission.....	118
7.6.1	No acknowledgement	118
7.6.2	Immediate acknowledgement.....	118
7.6.3	Delayed acknowledgement	118
7.6.4	Implicit acknowledgement	118
7.6.5	Retransmission	118
7.7	Power saving.....	119
7.7.1	Saving power in a connected state	119
7.7.2	Sleep state	119
7.8	Dynamic channel management.....	119
7.8.1	Channel state probe	119
7.8.2	Remote Channel state probe	119
7.8.3	Frequency channel change.....	120
7.9	MAC parameters	120
8	Security.....	121
8.1	Security mechanisms	121
8.1.1	Security membership and key establishment.....	121
8.1.2	Key transport.....	121
8.1.3	Data encryption	121
8.1.4	Data integrity	121
8.1.5	Beacon integrity protection	122
8.1.6	Command integrity protection.....	122
8.1.7	Freshness protection	122
8.2	Security modes	122
8.2.1	Security mode 0	122
8.2.2	Security mode 1	122
8.2.3	Security mode 2	123
8.3	Security Support	123
8.3.1	Changes in the network group data key.....	123
8.3.2	Joining a secure network.....	123
8.3.3	Secure frame generation.....	124
8.3.4	Secure frame reception	124
8.3.5	Retransmission detect	125
8.3.6	Key selection.....	125
8.4	Key management protocol.....	128
8.4.1	Key distribution protocol	128
8.4.2	Key request protocol	130
8.5	CCM mode	131
8.5.1	Overview	131
8.5.2	Nonce	131
8.5.3	Inputs	132
9	General specifications	135
9.1	General requirements.....	135

9.1.1	Operating frequency range	135
9.1.2	PHY layer timing	136
9.1.3	Receive-to-transmit turnaround time	137
9.1.4	Transmit-to-receive turnaround time	137
9.1.5	Channel switch time	137
9.1.6	Maximum frame size	137
9.2	PHY Protocol Data Unit (PDU) format	137
9.2.1	General format	137
9.2.2	Preamble	138
9.2.3	PHY Header	139
9.2.4	PHY payload	140
9.3	Modulation and coding	141
9.3.1	Spreading code	141
9.3.2	QPSK modulation	142
9.3.3	Constant envelope coding	142
9.3.4	Modulation methods for PHY PDU	145
9.3.5	Data rate	146
9.3.6	QPSK Modulation and constellation	146
9.4	PHY layer constants and PHY PIB attribute	147
9.5	Transmitter specification	147
9.5.1	Error vector magnitude (EVM) definition	147
9.5.2	EVM calculated values	148
9.5.3	Transmitter power spectrum mask	148
9.5.4	Signal waveform filter	149
9.5.5	Error tolerance for carrier frequency	149
9.5.6	Transmitter data rate	149
9.5.7	Synchronization	149
9.5.8	Transmitter response time	150
9.5.9	RF carrier suppression	150
9.5.10	Transmit power	150
9.6	Receiver specifications	150
9.6.1	Error rate criteria	150
9.6.2	Receiver sensitivity	151
9.6.3	Maximum input power	151
9.6.4	Receiver Energy detection (ED)	151
9.6.5	Clear channel assessment (CCA)	151
9.6.6	Received CCA performance	151
9.6.7	Received Signal Strength Index	151
9.6.8	Link Quality Index (LQI)	152
Annex A (informative)	Example scheduler and admission control	153
A.1	Scheduling algorithm	153
A.2	Admission control Algorithm	154

List of Figures

FIGURE 1 - NETWORK	8
FIGURE 2 - SUPERFRAME.....	9
FIGURE 3 - PROTOCOL STACK CONFIGURATION.....	14
FIGURE 4 - TRANSMISSION ORDER.....	81
FIGURE 5 - FORMAT OF MAC FRAME	82
FIGURE 6 - NON-SECURE MAC FRAME BODY FORMAT	82
FIGURE 7 - SECURE MAC FRAME BODY FORMAT.....	82
FIGURE 8 - FORMAT OF FRAME CONTROL FIELDS	82
FIGURE 9 - FORMAT OF STREAM ID FIELD	84
FIGURE 10 - NON-SECURE BEACON FRAME FORMAT.....	86
FIGURE 11 - SECURE BEACON FRAME FORMAT	87
FIGURE 12 - IMMEDIATE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FRAME FORMAT	88
FIGURE 13 - DELAYED ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FRAME PAYLOAD FORMAT.....	89
FIGURE 14 - FORMAT OF RECORD FOR STREAM-M	89
FIGURE 15 - NON-SECURE COMMAND FRAME FORMAT	89
FIGURE 16 - COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	90
FIGURE 17 - FORMAT OF SECURE COMMAND FRAME.....	90
FIGURE 18 - NON-SECURE DATA FRAME FORMAT	90
FIGURE 19 - SECURE DATA FRAME FORMAT	90
FIGURE 20 - RTS FRAME FORMAT.....	91
FIGURE 21 - CTS FRAME FORMAT	91
FIGURE 22 - INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT.....	92
FIGURE 23 - STATION UID INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT	92
FIGURE 24 - STATION NAME INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT.....	92
FIGURE 25 - STATION TYPE INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT.....	92
FIGURE 26 - NETWORK SYNCHRONIZATION INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT.....	92
FIGURE 27 - CAPABILITY INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT.....	93
FIGURE 28 - CAPABILITY FIELD FORMAT.....	93
FIGURE 29 - MAXIMUM SUPPORT TIMESLOT INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT	93
FIGURE 30 - MAXIMUM TRANSMIT POWER INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT	94
FIGURE 31 - RESOURCE ALLOCATION INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT	94
FIGURE 32 - RESOURCE ALLOCATION BLOCK FORMAT	94
FIGURE 33 - NEW MASTER NOTIFICATION INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT	95
FIGURE 34 - SLEEP STATE NOTIFICATION INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT.....	95
FIGURE 35 - VENDOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION ELEMENT FORMAT	95
FIGURE 36 - COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	96
FIGURE 37 - ASSOCIATE REQUEST COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT.....	97
FIGURE 38 - ASSOCIATION RESPONSE COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	97
FIGURE 39 - DISASSOCIATION REQUEST PAYLOAD FORMAT	98
FIGURE 40 - MASTER HANDOVER COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	99
FIGURE 41 - RESOURCE ALLOCATION REQUEST COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	100
FIGURE 42 - RESOURCE ALLOCATION REQUEST RECORD FORMAT	100
FIGURE 43 - RESOURCE ALLOCATION RESPONSE COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT.....	100
FIGURE 44 - RESOURCE ALLOCATION MODIFICATION COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT.....	101
FIGURE 45 - RESOURCE ALLOCATION MODIFICATION REQUEST RECORD FORMAT	101
FIGURE 46 - RESOURCE ALLOCATION TERMINATION COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	102
FIGURE 47 - DELAYED ACKNOWLEDGEMENT RESYNCHRONIZATION COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT.....	102
FIGURE 48 - DELAYED ACKNOWLEDGEMENT RESYNCHRONIZATION COMMAND RECORD FORMAT.....	102
FIGURE 49 - SLEEP STATE REQUEST COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	103
FIGURE 50 - SLEEP STATE RESPONSE COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT.....	103
FIGURE 51 - ACTIVATION INDICATION COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT.....	104
FIGURE 52 - TRANSMIT POWER ADJUSTMENT COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	104
FIGURE 53 - KEY REQUEST COMMAND FORMAT	104
FIGURE 54 - REQUEST KEY RESPONSE COMMAND FORMAT	104

FIGURE 55 - REQUEST KEY RESPONSE COMMAND FORMAT	105
FIGURE 56 - REQUEST KEY RESPONSE COMMAND FORMAT	105
FIGURE 57 - VENDOR SPECIFIC SECURITY INFORMATION FORMAT	105
FIGURE 58 - VENDOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION ELEMENT FORMAT	106
FIGURE 59 - STATION INFORMATION REQUEST COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	106
FIGURE 60 - STATION INFORMATION RESPONSE COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	106
FIGURE 61 - STATION INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT	106
FIGURE 62 - DATA QUERY COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	107
FIGURE 63 - CHANNEL STATE REQUEST COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	107
FIGURE 64 - CHANNEL STATE RESPONSE COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	107
FIGURE 65 - REMOTE CHANNEL SCAN REQUEST COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	108
FIGURE 66 - REMOTE CHANNEL SCAN RESPONSE COMMAND BLOCK FORMAT	108
FIGURE 67 - CHANNEL INFORMATION BLOCK FORMAT	108
FIGURE 68 - APPLICATION SPECIFIC COMMAND FORMAT	109
FIGURE 69 - ASSOCIATION PROCESS	111
FIGURE 70 - INTER-FRAME SPACE IN THE ALLOCATED TIME SLOTS	114
FIGURE 71 - SUPERFRAME SYNCHRONIZATION	114
FIGURE 72 - STREAM CONNECTION PROCESS FOR SYNCHRONIZED DATA TRANSMISSION	116
FIGURE 73 - MESSAGE FLOW OF KEY DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN THE MASTER AND A STATION	129
FIGURE 74 - MESSAGE FLOW OF THE KEY DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN STATIONS	130
FIGURE 75 - MESSAGE FLOW OF KEY REQUEST BETWEEN A STATION AND A KEY ORIGINATOR	131
FIGURE 76 - CCM NONCE FORMAT	132
FIGURE 77 - SECURE BEACON FRAME FORMAT	132
FIGURE 78 - FORMAT OF SECURE COMMAND FRAME	132
FIGURE 79 - SECURE DATA FRAME FORMAT	133
FIGURE 80 - CCM INTEGRITY CODE GENERATION BLOCK	133
FIGURE 81 - INTEGRITY BLOCK B ₀	133
FIGURE 82 - INTEGRITY BLOCK B ₁	133
FIGURE 83 - INTEGRITY BLOCK B ₂ , ..., B _N	134
FIGURE 84 - DATA ENCRYPTION BLOCK	134
FIGURE 85 - ENCRYPTION BLOCK	134
FIGURE 86 - OPERATING FREQUENCY CHANNELS AT 2.4-2.4835GHZ AND 5.725-5.825GHZ	135
FIGURE 87 - PHY PROTOCOL DATA UNIT (PDU) FORMAT	137
FIGURE 88 - PREAMBLE FORMAT	138
FIGURE 89 - PHY HEADER	139
FIGURE 90 - LFSR GENERATING THE (15,10) SHORTENED HAMMING CODE	139
FIGURE 91 - LFSR CIRCUIT GENERATING THE HEC	140
FIGURE 92 - SCRAMBLER BLOCK DIAGRAM	141
FIGURE 93 - QPSK MODULATION	142
FIGURE 94 - RATE1 BLOCK DIAGRAM	143
FIGURE 95 - RATE2 BLOCK DIAGRAM	143
FIGURE 96 - RATE3 BLOCK DIAGRAM	144
FIGURE 97 - RATE4 BLOCK DIAGRAM	145
FIGURE 98 - PREAMBLE MODULATION	145
FIGURE 99 - HEADER MODULATION	145
FIGURE 100 - PAYLOAD MODULATION	146
FIGURE 101 - SIGNAL CONSTELLATION- OF QPSK	146
FIGURE 102 - ERROR VECTOR CALCULATION	148
FIGURE 103 - TRANSMIT POWER SPECTRUM MASK	149
FIGURE 104 - TRANSMITTER RF RESPONSE TIME	150

ITih STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)
ISO/IEC 24771:2014
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c5472b2-cdb-4f57-82a9-118547a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014

List of Tables

TABLE 1 - GENERAL MANAGEMENT PRIMITIVE OVERVIEW	15
TABLE 2 - MLME/PLME GENERAL MANAGEMENT PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	15
TABLE 3 - MLME PRIMITIVE SUMMARY	17
TABLE 4 - MLME-RESET PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	18
TABLE 5 - MLME-SCAN PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	19
TABLE 6 - PICONETDESCRIPTION ELEMENTS	19
TABLE 7 - MLME-START PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	21
TABLE 8 - MLME-SYNCH PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	22
TABLE 9 - MLME-ASSOCIATE.PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	24
TABLE 10 - MLME-DISASSOCIATE PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	27
TABLE 11 - MLME-REQUEST-KEY PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	29
TABLE 12 - MLME-DISTRIBUTE-KEY PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	31
TABLE 13 - MLME-MEMBERSHIP-UPDATE PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	34
TABLE 14 - MLME-SECURITY-ERROR PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	34
TABLE 15 - MLME-SECURITY-MESSAGE PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	35
TABLE 16 - MLME-MASTER-HANDOVER PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	38
TABLE 17 - MLME-MASTER-INFO PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	40
TABLE 18 - MLME-PROBE PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	42
TABLE 19 - MLME-CREATE-STREAM, MLME-MODIFY-STREAM, MLME-TERMINATE-STREAM PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	44
TABLE 20 - MLME-CHANNEL-STATUS PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	48
TABLE 21 - MLME-REMOTE-SCAN PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	50
TABLE 22 - REMOTE PICONETDESCRIPTION ELEMENTS	51
TABLE 23 - MLME-NETWORK-PARM-CHANGE PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	53
TABLE 24 - MLME-TX-POWER-CHANGE PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	55
TABLE 25 - MLME-SLEEP PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	56
TABLE 26 - MAC PIB MASTER GROUP PARAMETERS	58
TABLE 27 - MAC PIB ATTRIBUTE GROUP PARAMETERS	59
TABLE 28 - MAC PIB AUTHENTICATION GROUP PARAMETERS	59
TABLE 29 - MAC PIB ASSOCIATION GROUP PARAMETERS	60
TABLE 30 - MAC PIB NETWORK SECURITY GROUP PARAMETERS	60
TABLE 31 - MAC SAP PRIMITIVE SUMMARY	61
TABLE 32 - MAC-ASYNC-DATA AND MAC-ISOCH-DATA PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	61
TABLE 33 - PD-SAP PRIMITIVES	64
TABLE 34 - PD-SAP PARAMETERS	65
TABLE 35 - PLME-SAP PRIMITIVES	74
TABLE 36 - PLME-SAP PRIMITIVE PARAMETERS	74
TABLE 37 - PHYSICAL LAYER ENUMERATED VALUES	79
TABLE 38 - FRAME TYPES	83
TABLE 39 - USAGE CODES BY FRAME TYPE	86
TABLE 40 - BEACON FRAME BODY	87
TABLE 41 - SETTING THE CONTROL FIELD OF THE NON-SECURE BEACON FRAME	87
TABLE 42 - SETTING THE CONTROL FIELD OF THE SECURE BEACON FRAME	88
TABLE 43 - SETTING THE CONTROL FIELD OF THE BEACON FRAME	88
TABLE 44 - INFORMATION BLOCKS	91
TABLE 45 - COMMAND TYPES	96
TABLE 46 - ORDER OF PREFERENCE WHEN COMPARING CAPABILITY	99
TABLE 47 - MAC LAYER PARAMETERS	120
TABLE 48 - KEY SELECTION	125
TABLE 49 - CENTER FREQUENCIES OF CHANNELS AT 2.4GHZ AND 5.8GHZ	136
TABLE 50 - PHY LAYER TIMING PARAMETERS AT 2.4GHZ AND 5.8GHZ	136
TABLE 51 - INTERFRAME SPACE PARAMETER	136
TABLE 52 - CAZAC SEQUENCE	138

TABLE 53 - FORWARD ERROR CORRECTION	139
TABLE 54 - CONSTANT ENVELOPE CODING	140
TABLE 55 - DATA RATE ACCORDING TO MODULATION TYPE	146
TABLE 56 - PHY LAYER CONSTANTS	147
TABLE 57 - PIB CHARACTERISTICS GROUP PARAMETERS.....	147
TABLE 58 - TRANSMIT PSD LIMITS.....	149
TABLE 59 - TRANSMIT POWER	150

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[ISO/IEC 24771:2014](#)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-c118542a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014>

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](http://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-e118542a53d4/iso-iec-24771-2014)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology, SC 6, Telecommunications and information exchange between systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 24771:2009), which has been technically revised.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[ISO/IEC 24771:2014](#)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-c118542a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014>

Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — MAC/PHY standard for ad hoc wireless network to support QoS in an industrial work environment

1 Scope

This International Standard defines a protocol for the physical layer (PHY) and the data link layer in order to construct a reliable and high-speed data transmission network between devices on industrial sites such as factories and plants. This network specification provides a standardized protocol to provide a framework for various industrial devices to establish a simple, low-cost, energy-efficient, and high-speed network between them. In order to fulfill the service requirements of the factories and large plants, this network specification is designed to enable devices to establish a network by themselves without help of any infrastructure and reliably exchange various kinds of data, including real-time audio and video data, between them. In addition to high transmission rates, Quality of Service (QoS) for multimedia data - such as video - is also provided.

The devices mentioned in this International Standard refer to equipment that is and can be used in industrial sites such as factories and automated assembly lines. Such devices include PLC (Programmable Logic Controller), and CNC (Computerized Numerical Controller) and manufacturing robots. However, beyond such conventional devices, devices mentioned in this International Standard include personal IT devices that workers may carry and use while working, including cellular phones, personal industrial digital assistants (PDA), and laptop PCs.

[ISO/IEC 24771:2014](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-c118542a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-c118542a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014>

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 9797-1, *Information technology — Security techniques — Message Authentication Codes (MACs) — Part 1: Mechanisms using a block cipher*

ISO/IEC 18033-3, *Information technology — Security techniques — Encryption algorithms — Part 3: Block ciphers*

3 Terms and definitions, and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1.1

Access control

control process to prevent unauthorized use of resources or bandwidth

3.1.2

Ad-hoc network

network that is spontaneously formed usually without system installation

NOTE Such networks are mainly characterized by time and space limitations.

3.1.3

Association

service used to connect authorized devices in the network

3.1.4

Authentication

device verification process allowing devices within the network to connect to one another

3.1.5

Camellia

128-bits secure block algorithm defined in the ISO/IEC 18033-3 standard

3.1.6

Coverage area

territory over which two devices can achieve acceptable quality and performance while exchanging data

3.1.7

Dissociation

service used in an established network

3.1.8

Frame

format of bits in a data exchange

3.1.9

K

prefix indicating multiplication by 1024

3.1.10

K μ s

unit of 1024 μ s

3.1.11

k

prefix indicating multiplication by 1000

3.1.12

Logical Channel

data link channel sitting distinctly above the physical layer

3.1.13

Master

station that manages the network by periodically transmitting a beacon frame

3.1.14**MAC Management Protocol data Unit
MMPDU**

data unit exchanged between two media access control apparatuses in order to implement the media access control management protocol

3.1.15**MAC Protocol data Unit
MPDU**

data unit exchanged between two media access control apparatuses by means of utilizing the physical layer services

3.1.16**MAC Service data Unit
MSDU**

data unit transmitted between media access control service access points

3.1.17**Mobile Device**

device that utilizes communication networks while in motion

3.1.18**Portable Device**

station that is normally portable but must be in a fixed location in order to link to the communication network

3.1.19**SEED**

128-bits secure block algorithm defined in the ISO/IEC 18033-3 standard

3.1.20**Slave**

station in the network other than the master

ISO/IEC 24771:2014

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc4fe2b2-e1b1-4557-82a9-c118542a53de/iso-iec-24771-2014>

3.1.21**Station**

device that can operate according to this International Standard

3.2 List of Abbreviations

AES	advanced encryption standard
ARQ	automatic repeat request
ARQN	automatic repeat request N
ASN.1	abstract symbol notation 1
BER	bit error rate
CAP	contention access period
CBC	cipher block chaining
CBC-MAC	cipher block chaining-message authentication code
CCA	clear channel assessment