



Designation: D4699 – 03(Reapproved 2008)

Standard Test Method for Vibratory Packing Density of Large Formed Catalyst and Catalyst Carrier Particles¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4699; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of the vibratory packing density of formed catalyst and catalyst carrier particles that will not break up significantly under test conditions. For the purpose of this test, catalyst particles are defined as extrudates, spheres or formed pellets greater than 4.8 mm ($\frac{3}{16}$ in.).

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

[D3766 Terminology Relating to Catalysts and Catalysis](#)

[E177 Practice for Use of the Terms Precision and Bias in ASTM Test Methods](#)

[E456 Terminology Relating to Quality and Statistics](#)

[E691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—See Terminology [D3766](#).

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 A known sample of environmentally equilibrated formed catalyst or catalyst carrier particles is vibrated in a

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [D32](#) on Catalysts and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [D32.02](#) on Physical-Mechanical Properties.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

graduated cylinder. The vibratory packing density is determined for a specified drying condition.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method is used for measuring the vibratory packing density of formed particles used in fixed bed reactors, driers, and so forth.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Graduated Cylinder*, capacity 2000-mL.

6.2 *Vibratory Plate*.³

6.3 *Desiccator*, with a desiccant grade molecular sieve such as 4A.

6.4 *Balance* having a sensitivity of 1.0 g.

6.5 *Balance* having a sensitivity of 0.1 g.

6.6 *Drying Oven*.

7. Procedure

7.1 Equilibrate test sample to laboratory environment for 4 h.

7.2 Pour between 1000 to 2000 mL of the test specimen carefully into a tared beaker and weigh to the nearest 1 g. Record as W .

7.3 Separately weigh to the nearest tenth of a gram about 100 g of additional test sample, W_f , that will be used for moisture loss. Heat this sample at $400 \pm 15^\circ\text{C}$ for not less than 3 h. Normally, this treatment can take place in air; however, in the case of materials that might react with air at elevated temperature (such as prerduced catalysts) the heat treatment should take place in an inert atmosphere. After heating, cool the test sample in a desiccator or other suitable container to eliminate the possibility of moisture adsorption prior to weighing. Weigh the sample to the nearest tenth of a gram, W_H .

³ The sole source of supply of the Syntron Vibrating Machine, Model V-2-B with Power Pulse Controller, known to the committee at this time is FMC Technologies, 57 Cooper Ave., Homer City, PA 15748–9234. If you are aware of alternative suppliers, please provide this information to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee¹, which you may attend.