

SLOVENSKI STANDARD kSIST-TS FprCEN/TS 1329-2:2017

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Cevni sistemi iz polimernih materialov za (nizko- in visokotemperaturne) odvodne sisteme v zgradbah - Nemehčan polivinilklorid (PVC-U) - 2. del: Navodilo za ugotavljanje skladnosti

Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure - Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) - Part 2: Guidance for the assessment of conformity

Kunststoff-Rohrleitungssysteme zum Ableiten von Abwasser (niedriger und hoher Temperatur) innerhalb der Gebäudestruktur - Weichmacherfreies Polyvinylchlorid (PVC-U) - Teil 2: Empfehlungen für die Beurteilung der Konformität

Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour l'évacuation des eaux-vannes et des eaux usées (à basse et à haute température) à l'intérieur de la structure des bâtiments - Poly (chlorure de vinyle) non plastifié (PVC-U) - Partie 2: Guide pour l'évaluation de la conformité

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na splošno pipelines in general

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English Version

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This draft Technical Specification is submitted to CEN members for Vote. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 155.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (FprCEN/TS 1329-2:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 155 "Plastics piping systems and ducting systems", the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This document is currently submitted to the Vote on TS.

This document will supersede CEN/TS 1329-2:2012.

Compared to the previous version, this document has been up-dated according to the latest version of EN 1329-1.

EN 1329 consists of the following Parts, under the general title "Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure — Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U)":

- Part 1: Specifications for pipes, fittings and the system
- *Part 2: Guidance for the assessment of conformity* (the present document)

Introduction

Figures 1 and 2 are intended to provide general information on the concept of testing and organisation of those tests used for the purpose of the assessment of conformity. For each type of test, i.e. type test (TT), batch release test (BRT), process verification test (PVT) and audit test (AT), this part of EN 1329 details the applicable characteristics to be assessed and the frequency and sampling of testing.

A typical scheme for the assessment of conformity of materials (formulations), pipes, fittings, valves or assemblies by manufacturers is given in Figure 1.

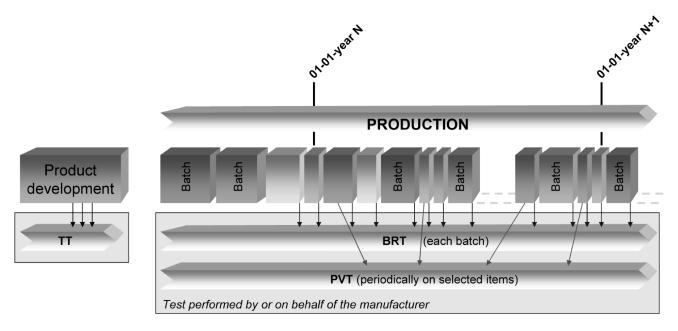


Figure 1 — Typical scheme for the assessment of conformity by a manufacturer

A typical scheme for the assessment of conformity of materials (formulations), pipes, fittings, valves or assemblies by manufacturers, including certification, is given in Figure 2.

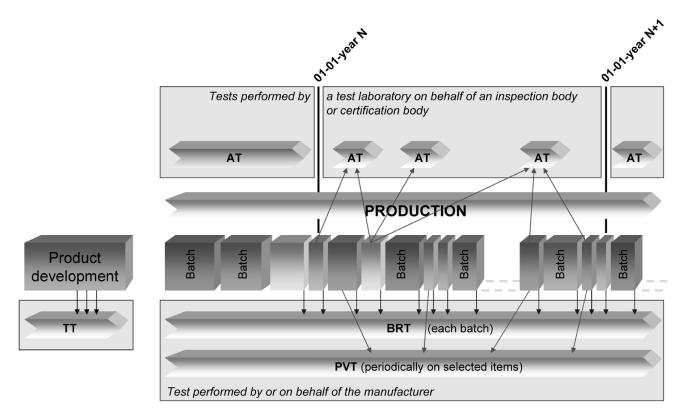


Figure 2 — Typical scheme for the assessment of conformity by a manufacturer, including certification

1 Scope

This document gives guidance for the assessment of conformity of materials (formulations), products and assemblies in accordance with EN 1329-1 intended to be included in the manufacturer's quality plan as part of the quality management system and for the establishment of certification procedures.

NOTE 1 It is advised that the quality management system conforms to or is no less stringent than the relevant requirements to EN ISO 9001 [2].

NOTE 2 If certification is involved, it is advised that the certification body is preferably compliant with EN ISO/IEC 17065 [6] or EN ISO/IEC 17021-1 [4], as applicable.

NOTE 3 In order to help the reader, a basic test matrix is given in Annex A.

In conjunction with EN 1329-1, this document is applicable to piping systems made of unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) intended to be used for the following purposes:

- for soil and waste discharge systems (low and high temperature) inside buildings (application area code "B");
- for soil and waste discharge systems (low and high temperature) for both inside buildings and buried in ground within the building structure (application area code "BD").

NOTE 4 This is reflected in the marking of products by "B" or "BD".

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1329-1, Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure — Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) — Part 1: Specifications for pipes, fittings and the system

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 1329-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

certification body

impartial body, governmental or non-governmental, possessing the necessary competence and responsibility to carry out certification of conformity according to given rules of procedure and management

Note 1 to entry: A certification body is preferably compliant with EN ISO/IEC 17065 [6].

3.2

inspection body

body, that performs inspection

Note 1 to entry: An inspection body can be an organization or part of an organization

[SOURCE: EN ISO/IEC 17020:2012 [3], definition 3.5]

Note 2 to entry: An inspection body is preferably compliant with EN ISO/IEC 17020 [3].

3.3

testing laboratory

laboratory which measures, tests, calibrates or otherwise determines the characteristics of the performance of materials and products

Note 1 to entry: In the context of this part of EN 1329, the materials and products can be subjected to type testing, batch release testing, process verification testing, audit testing and witness testing, as applicable.

Note 2 to entry: A testing laboratory is preferably compliant with EN ISO/IEC 17025 [5].

3.4

quality management system

part of a management system with regard to quality

[SOURCE: EN ISO 9000:2015 [1], definition 3.5.4]

Note 1 to entry: Requirements for quality management systems are given in EN ISO 9001 [2].

3.5

quality plan

document setting out the specific quality practices, resources and sequence of activities relevant to a particular product or range of products

3.6

type testing

TT

testing performed to prove that the material, product, joint or assembly is capable of conforming to the requirements given in the relevant standard

Note 1 to entry: The type test results remain valid until there is a change in the material or product or assembly provided that the process verification tests are done regularly.

3.7

batch release test

RRT

test performed by or on behalf of the manufacturer on a batch of materials or products, which needs to be satisfactorily completed before the batch can be released

3.8

process verification test

PVT

test performed by, or on behalf of the manufacturer on materials, products or joints or assemblies at specific intervals to confirm that the process continues to be capable of producing products which conform to the requirements given in the relevant standard

Note 1 to entry: Such tests are not required to release batches of materials or products; rather they are carried out as a measure of process control.

3.9

audit test

ΔΤ

test performed by a test laboratory on behalf of an inspection body or certification body to confirm that the material, product, joint or assembly continues to conform to the requirements given in the relevant standard and to provide information to assess the effectiveness of the quality management system

3.10

indirect test

IT

test performed by or on behalf of the manufacturer, different from that specified test for that particular characteristic, having previously verified its correlation with the specified test

3.11

witness test

WT

test accepted by an inspection or a certification body for type testing and/or audit testing, which is carried out by or on behalf of the manufacturer and supervised by a representative of the inspection or certification body, qualified in testing

3.12

material

generic term for formulations grouped by families, expressed by generic names, e.g. polypropylene, stainless steel, brass or EPDM

Note 1 to entry: Definition from the work done on harmonization of Drinking water in European Commission, Sub-group on Product Testing Procedures.

3.13

formulation

clearly defined homogenous mixture of base polymer with additives, i.e. anti-oxidants, pigments, stabilizers and others, at a dosage level necessary for the processing and the intended use of the final product

Note 1 to entry: the term "compound" is sometime used with similar meaning as "formulation".

3.14

material batch

clearly identified quantity of a given homogeneous formulation manufactured under uniform conditions and defined and identified by the formulation manufacturer

3.15

product

pipe or fitting of a clearly identified type intended to be a part of a piping system which the manufacturer puts on the market

3.16

product batch

clearly identified collection of products, manufactured consecutively or continuously under the same conditions, using the same materials and conforming to the same specification

Note 1 to entry: The production batch is defined and identified by the product manufacturer.