

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014

01-maj-2014

## Prerekvizitni programi za varnost živil - 4. del: Proizvodnja embalaže za živila

Prerequisite programmes on food safety -- Part 4: Food packaging manufacturing

Programmes prérequis pour la sécurité des denrées alimentaires - Partie 4: Fabrication des emballages destinés aux denrées alimentaires

(standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO/TS 22002-4:2013

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/93771511-e262-4171-

9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014

ICS:

55.020 Pakiranje in distribucija blaga Packaging and distribution of

na splošno goods in general

67.040 Živilski proizvodi na splošno Food products in general

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014 en

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-42014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/93771511-e262-4171-9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014 SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

ISO/TS 22002-4

First edition 2013-12-15

# Prerequisite programmes on food safety —

Part 4: **Food packaging manufacturing** 

Programmes prérequis pour la sécurité des denrées alimentaires —

iTeh STPartie 4: Fabrication des emballages alimentaires (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/93771511-e262-4171-9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014



# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/93771511-e262-4171-9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014



### COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2013

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents			Page
Forew	ord		iv
Introduction			v
1	Scope	е	1
2		native references	
3		is and definitions	
4	Generic PRPs		4
_	4.1	Establishment	4
	4.2	Layout and workspace	
	4.3	Utilities	
	4.4	Waste disposal	
	4.5	Equipment suitability, cleaning and maintenance	7
	4.6	Management of purchased materials and services	8
	4.7	Measures for prevention of contamination	
	4.8	Cleaning	10
	4.9	Pest control	
	4.10	Personnel hygiene and facilities	
	4.11	Rework	
	4.12	Withdrawal procedures	
	4.13	Storage and transport Food packaging information and customer communication	14
	4.14	Food packaging information and customer communication	15
	4.15	Food defence and bioterrorism	15
Annex	A (inf	Food defence and bioterrorism (standards, iteh.ai) formative) Comparison of food packaging design and development relevant ite	ms16
Bibliography <u>SIST-TS-ISO/TS-22002-4-2014</u>			
		<u>0101-10 100/10 22002-7,2017</u>	

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/93771511-e262-4171-9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 34, Food products, Subcommittee SC 17, Management systems for food safety.

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014

 $ISO/TS\,22002\,consists\,of\,the\,following parts; under the general title \textit{Prerequisite-programmes}\,on\,food\,safety: \\9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014$ 

- Part 1: Food manufacturing
- Part 2: Catering
- Part 3: Farming
- Part 4: Food packaging manufacturing

The following part is under preparation:

Part 5: Transport and storage

This Technical Specification is based on

- BS PAS 223:2011,<sup>[1]</sup> and
- EN 15593:2008.[2]

# Introduction

ISO 22000 sets out specific food safety requirements for organizations in the food chain. One such requirement is that organizations establish, implement and maintain prerequisite programmes (PRP) to assist in controlling food safety hazards (ISO 22000:2005, 7.2). In addition to addressing the requirements of ISO 22000:2005, 7.2, this Technical Specification includes communication requirements from ISO 22000:2005, 5.6.

This part of ISO/TS 22002 is intended to be used to support management systems designed to meet the requirements specified in ISO 22000, and sets out the detailed requirements for those programmes.

This part of ISO/TS 22002 does not duplicate requirements given in ISO 22000 and is intended to be used in conjunction with ISO 22000, e.g. the effectiveness of measures taken according to this Technical Specification to protect against contamination of the food packaging are intended to be reviewed.

Intended use of the food packaging needs to be fully understood so that any food safety hazard can be identified and addressed through appropriate food packaging design, which is covered in this Technical Specification under communication in 4.14 (Food packaging information and customer communication) in combination with clauses/subclauses in ISO 22000 as shown in Annex A.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/93771511-e262-4171-9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014 SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/93771511-e262-4171-9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014

# Prerequisite programmes on food safety —

# Part 4:

# Food packaging manufacturing

WARNING — The text of this Technical Specification assumes that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced people, for whose use it has been produced. This Technical Specification does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application. Compliance with this Technical Specification does not in itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

# 1 Scope

This Technical Specification specifies requirements for establishing, implementing and maintaining prerequisite programmes (PRPs) to assist in controlling food safety hazards in the manufacture of food packaging.

This Technical Specification is applicable to all organizations, regardless of size or complexities that manufacture food packaging and/or intermediate products. This Technical Specification is not designed or intended for use in other parts or activities of the food supply chain.

NOTE 1 The organization producing its own food packaging (e.g. self-blowing of bottles and forming/filling/sealing of aseptic cartons/pouches) can decide whether or not this Technical Specification should be applied.

Food packaging manufacturing organizations are diversel in nature, and not all of the requirements specified in this Technical Specification apply to an individual organization. Each organization is required to conduct a documented food safety hazard analysis that includes each requirement. Where exclusions are made or alternative measures are implemented, these need to be justified by the food safety hazard analysis.

This Technical Specification is not a Management system Standard, and is intended to be used by food packaging manufacturing organizations wishing to implement PRPs in such a way as to address the requirements specified in ISO 22000.

This Technical Specification is intended to be used in conjunction with ISO 22000.

NOTE 2 For the purpose of this Technical Specification, the term food includes beverages.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 22000, Food safety management systems — Requirements for any organization in the food chain

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 22000 and the following apply.

#### 3.1

#### certificate of analysis

#### **COA**

document that indicates results of specific tests or analysis, which may include test methodology, performed on a defined amount of material or product

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 22002-1:2009, 3.14, modified — The domain/subject has been deleted and the text of the definition has been changed.]

#### 3.2

#### cleaning

removal of soil, dirt, solvents, grease or lubricant, ink residues or other objectionable matter

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 22002-1:2009, 3.5, modified — The domain has been deleted and the text of the definition has been changed.]

#### 3.3

#### contaminant

any biological or chemical agent, foreign matter or other substance not intentionally added to the product which may compromise food safety

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 22002-1:2009, 3.2]

#### 3.4

#### contamination

introduction or occurrence of a contaminant in the product PREVIEW

Note 1 to entry: In the context of this Technical Specification, "contamination" may also refer to the impurities in the materials used in, or a decomposition or reaction product formed during, the production process, which might compromise food safety.

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 22002-1:2009, 3.1, modified] catalog/standards/sist/93771511-e262-4171-

9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014

#### 3.5

# declaration of compliance

DOC

document that confirms conformance to specifications or regulations

Note 1 to entry: This is sometimes referred to as a certificate of conformance (CoC).

#### 3.6

#### establishment

any building or area in which raw materials, intermediate products, chemicals or food packaging are handled, and the surroundings under the control of the same management

#### 3.7

## food packaging

any product to be used for containment, protection, handling, delivery, storage, transport and presentation of food

Note 1 to entry: Food packaging may have direct or indirect contact with the food.

- Direct food contact surfaces or materials are in contact (i.e. physically touching the food or in contact with the headspace) or will be in contact with the food during normal use of the food packaging.
- Indirect food contact surfaces or materials are not in direct contact with the food during normal use of the food packaging, but there is the possibility for substances to be transferred into the food.

The classification of the food packaging as direct or indirect food contact should be part of the hazard analysis.

#### 3.8

#### food packaging hazard

biological, chemical or physical agent in food packaging, or condition of use, with the potential to cause an effect in the food leading to adverse health effects

#### 3.9

#### food packaging withdrawal

removal of non-conforming food packaging from any part of the food supply chain because the food packaging does not meet specified food safety standards or requirements

EXAMPLE Any part of the food supply chain includes trade warehouses, distribution centres or customer operations and warehouses.

#### 3.10

#### hygiene

set of measures taken to ensure the food safety of a product that might otherwise become hazardous or harmful

#### 3.11

#### incident

event that might potentially compromise the food safety of a material or product

#### 3.12

#### intermediate product

product that is not yet food packaging and will undergo further processing or transformation by the organization iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

#### 3.13

# (standards.iteh.ai)

# migration

transfer of substances from an external source to food

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22002-4;2014

EXAMPLE Examples of external sources are packaging material and environment.

## 9317-394bd60d2e8e/sist-ts-iso-ts-22002-4-2014

#### 3.14

## outsourcing

any activity subcontracted by an organization to an external organization

#### 3.15

#### packaging

any kind of product or material used to hold and protect food packaging during shipping, transport and storage

#### 3.16

#### rework

reuse of internal scrap of certain production into material with the same composition

#### 3.17

#### risk

probability of the occurrence of a hazard and the severity of its outcome

#### 3.18

#### safety

condition of a product being free from unacceptable hazards

### 3.19

#### set-off

transfer of substances from one surface of a material or from the surface of a contiguous surface, to the food contact surface through direct contact between the surfaces caused by the stacking or reeling of the material(s)