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Bi-directional grid connected power converters - Part 1: General requirements (IEC 62909-1:2017)

Bi-direktionale netzgekoppelte Leistungsumrichter - Teil 1: Allgemeine Anforderungen (IEC 62909-1:2017) iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Convertisseurs de puissance connectés aux réseaux bidirectionnels - Partie 1: Exigences générales (IEC 62909-1:2017)

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Rectifiers. Convertors. Stabilized power supply

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en SIA

Bi-direktionale netzgekoppelte Leistungsumrichter -Teil 1: Allgemeine Anforderungen (IEC 62909-1:2017)

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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

EN IEC 62909-1:2018

European foreword

The text of document 22E/182/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62909-1, prepared by SC 22E "Stabilized power supplies" of IEC/TC 22 "Power electronic systems and equipment" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 62909-1:2018.

The following dates are fixed:

•	latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2018-08-02
•	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2021-02-02

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Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu,

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60038 (mod)	2009	IEC standard voltages	EN 60038 ¹	2011
IEC 60146-2	1999	Semiconductor converters - Part 2: Self-commutated semiconductor converters including direct d.c. converters	EN 60146-2	2000
IEC 61000-3-2	2014	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits - Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input curren ≤ 16 A per phase)	EN 61000-3-2 t	2014
IEC 61000-3-12	2011 https://stan	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-12: Limits - Limits for harmonic b18- currents produced by equipment 1-2018 connected to public low-voltage systems with input current > 16 A and ≤ 75 A per phase	EN 61000-3-12 4297-a58b-	2011
IEC 61727	2004	Photovoltaic (PV) systems - Characteristic of the utility interface	S-	-
IEC 62109-1	2010	Safety of power converters for use in photovoltaic power systems - Part 1: General requirements	EN 62109-1	2010
IEC 62040-3	2011	Uninterruptible power systems (UPS) - Part 3: Method of specifying the performance and test requirements	EN 62040-3	2011
IEC 62477-1	2012	Safety requirements for power electronic converter systems and equipment -	EN 62477-1	2012
+A1	2016	Part 1: General	+A11 +A1	2014 2017

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¹ The title of EN 60038 is "CENELEC standard voltages".

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Bi-directional gridi-donnected power converters EVIEW Part 1: General requirements tandards.iteh.ai)

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

BI-DIRECTIONAL GRID-CONNECTED POWER CONVERTERS -

Part 1: General requirements

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 62909-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 22E: Stabilized power supplies, of IEC technical committee 22: Power electronic systems and equipment.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
22E/182/FDIS	22E/183/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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This publication is to be read in conjunction with IEC 62477-1:2012. It follows the structure of IEC 62477-1:2012 and supplements or modifies its corresponding clauses. Wherever the term "PECS" appears in the cited clauses, it needs to be replaced by "GCPC".

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A list of all parts in the IEC 62909 series, published under the general title *Bi-directional grid connected power converters*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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INTRODUCTION

The solution to global warming and fossil fuel depletion requires an expansion of renewable energy and the spread of distributed energy resources, with the new infrastructure containing micro-grids and smaller-scale nano-grids. Nano-grid systems are especially suited to increasing energy-usage efficiency and reducing power consumption of homes by combining and optimally controlling energy storage with generators.

In order to optimize the power consumption within the nano-grid of a home, it is necessary to supply the electricity its residents require by combining and optimizing an electricity generator with rechargeable energy storage. Independent generators and battery storage units are already on the market; but, for such new systems, development has just started. Although power generation sources and storage batteries are generally expensive, the tendency of that is still more remarkable in the early stage in which a market is formed. For stable growth of a market, extendibility, compatibility, and robustness of such system are especially important. If a connecting interface is standardized and compatibility is insured, many products can be put onto the market and their prices can be kept at a proper level. If a new standard is utilized for product certification, their broad acceptance can be earlier and greater. From the above viewpoint, it is necessary to promptly advance standardization of bi-directional grid-connected power converter (GCPC) which combined the source of power generation and the storage battery. This part of IEC 62909 provides common general requirements independent of special characteristics of individual applications.

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BI-DIRECTIONAL GRID-CONNECTED POWER CONVERTERS -

Part 1: General requirements

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62909 specifies general aspects of bi-directional grid-connected power converters (GCPC), consisting of a grid-side inverter with two or more types of DC-port interfaces on the application side with system voltages not exceeding 1 000 V AC or 1 500 V DC. In special cases, a GCPC will have only one DC-port interface, which is connected to a bidirectional energy-storage device. This document includes terminology, specifications, performance, safety, system architecture, and test-case definitions. The "system architecture" defines interaction between the inverter and converters. Requirements which are common, general, and independent of special characteristics of individual generators and bi-directional storages are defined.

This document does not cover uninterruptible power supply (UPS) systems, which fall under the scope of IEC 62040 (all parts). Requirements for internal and external digital communication might be necessary; the interface requirements including communication with distributed energy resources are provided in a future part of IEC 62909. All EMC requirements are defined by reference to existing IEC standards. External communication requirements are out of scope of this document.

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NOTE The control signal from the grid is not defined in this document.

2 Normative references SIST EN IEC 62909-1:2018 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/346e5291-ab18-4297-a58b-

03e02166d298/sist-en-iec-62909-1-2018

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IEC 60038:2009, IEC standard voltages

IEC 60146-2:1999, Semiconductor converters – Part 2: Self-commutated semiconductor converters including direct d.c converters

IEC 61000-3-2:2014, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 3-2: Limits — Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current \leq 16 A per phase)

IEC 61000-3-12:2011, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 3-12: Limits — Limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and \leq 75 A per phase

IEC 61727:2004, Photovoltaic (PV) systems – Characteristics of the utility interface

IEC 62109-1:2010, Safety of power converters for use in photovoltaic power systems – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 62040-3:2011, Uninterruptible power systems (UPS) – Part 3: Method of specifying the performance and test requirements

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IEC 62477-1:2012, Safety requirements for power electronic converter systems and equipment – Part 1: General IEC 62477-1:2012/AMD1:2016

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

Table 1 provides an alphabetical cross-reference listing of terms.

Table 1 - Alphabetical list of terms

Term	Term number	Term	Term number	Term	Term number
basic insulation	3.1	bi-directional grid connected power converter	3.19	protective equipotential bonding	3.38
basic protection	13.2 e 1	grid-independent operation	3.20	protective impedance	3.39
bi-directional inverter	3.3	(Stgrid Isolation C.S.1	tes ₁₂₁ a1	protective screening	3.40
DC-connection interface	3.4 https://standar	gridside linterface 2909 ds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist		protective separation ab18-4297-a58b-	3.41
DC-port interface	3.5	03e021(hot2)0gist-en-iec-(529(3)23-20	8 reinforced insulation	3.42
DC/DC converter	3.6	installation	3.24	routine test	3.43
decisive voltage class	3.7	live part	3.25	sample test	3.44
double insulation	3.8	mains supply	3.26	SELV	3.45
distributed energy resources	3.9	modulation index	3.27	simple separation	3.46
DVC Ax	3.10	nominal operation voltage range	3.28	start-up maximum current	3.47
enclosure	3.11	non-mains supply	3.29	supplementary insulation	3.48
enhanced protection	3.12	PE conductor	3.30	system	3.49
extra low voltage	3.13	PELV	3.31	system voltage	3.50
fault protection	3.14	power electronic converter	3.32	touch current	3.51
fire enclosure	3.15	power factor	3.33	type test	3.52
functional insulation	3.16	protective class I	3.34	withstand voltage	3.53
grid	3.17	protective class II	3.35	working voltage	3.54
grid connection	3.18	protective class III	3.36		
		protective earthing	3.37		

3.1 basic insulation

insulation applied to hazardous live parts to provide basic protection against electric shock