INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 8133

Third edition 2014-11-15

Hydraulic fluid power — Mounting dimensions for accessories for single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) compact series

Transmissions hydrauliques — Dimensions d'interchangeabilité des accessoires pour vérins, 16 MPa (160 bar) à simple tige, série compacte

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)



iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 8133:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b45d3bf3-7e31-4f9d-9449-8537b8d283e3/iso-8133-2014



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2014

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Coı	ntents	Page
Fore	eword	iv
Intro	oduction	v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	2
4	Mounting dimensions	2
5	Tolerances	2
6	Application instructions	2
	6.1 Installation	2
	6.2 Life spherical bearing	2
	6.3 Lubrication	3
7	Designation	3
8	Identification statement (reference to this International Standard)	3
Bibl	liography	16

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 131, Fluid power systems, Subcommittee SC 3, Cylinders.

ISO 8133:2014

This third edition cancelspand replaces the second sedition (ISO 818312006), which has been technically revised. 8537b8d283e3/iso-8133-2014

Introduction

In hydraulic fluid systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a liquid under pressure within an enclosed circuit.

One component of such systems is the fluid power cylinder. This is a device that converts power into linear mechanical force and motion. It consists of a movable element, i.e. a piston and piston rod, operating within a cylindrical bore.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Hydraulic fluid power — Mounting dimensions for accessories for single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) compact series

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the mounting dimensions required for interchangeability of accessories for 16 MPa [160 bar] compact cylinders conforming to ISO 6020-2. The accessories have been designed specifically for use with cylinders manufactured in accordance with ISO 6020-2, but this does not limit their application.

```
Note 1 bar = 0.1 \text{ MPa} = 10^5 \text{ Pa}; 1 MPa = 1 \text{ N/mm}^2.
```

This International Standard covers the following accessories, identified in accordance with ISO 6099:

- AP6 rod eye spherical, female thread (see Figure 1 and Table 1);
- AB5 clevis bracket, spherical eye, in angle (see <u>Figure 2</u> and <u>Table 2</u>);
- AA6-L pivot pin, spherical bearing, locking plate (see <u>Figure 3</u> and <u>Table 3</u>);
- AL6 locking plate for pivot pin (see <u>Figure 4</u> and <u>Table 4</u>);
- AP2 rod clevis, female thread (see <u>Figure 5</u> and <u>Table 5</u>);
- AP4 rod eye plain, female thread (see Figure 64 and Table 6);
- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b45d3bf3-7e31-4f9d-9449-
- AB2 eye bracket (see Figure 7 and Table 7); -8133-2014
- AB4 clevis bracket, straight (see <u>Figure 8</u> and <u>Table 8</u>);
- AA4-S pivot pin, plain (split pins) (see <u>Figure 9</u> and <u>Table 9</u>);
- AA4-R pivot pin, plain (rings) (see <u>Figure 10</u> and <u>Table 10</u>);
- AT4 trunnion bracket (see <u>Figure 11</u> and <u>Table 11</u>).

These accessories are used on hydraulic cylinders for mechanically transmitting the cylinder force. The design of these accessories is based on the maximum forces resulting from the specified internal diameters of the cylinders and pressures according to ISO 3320 and ISO 3322.

This International Standard only applies to the dimensional criteria of products manufactured in conformity with this International Standard; it does not apply to their functional characteristics.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 286-2, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — ISO code system for tolerances on linear sizes — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance classes and limit deviations for holes and shafts

ISO 2768-1, General tolerances — Part 1: Tolerances for linear and angular dimensions without individual tolerance indications

ISO 8133:2014(E)

ISO 2768-2, General tolerances — Part 2: Geometrical tolerances for features without individual tolerance indications

ISO 5598, Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary

ISO 6099, Fluid power systems and components — Cylinders — Identification code for mounting dimensions and mounting types

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 apply.

4 Mounting dimensions

The mounting dimensions for accessories are shown in Figures 1 to 11 and given in Tables 1 to 11.

5 Tolerances

- **5.1** Tolerances values are given in <u>Figures 1</u> to <u>11</u>.
- **5.2** Tolerances for other linear and angular dimensions shall be in accordance with the designation as described in ISO 2768-1.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

5.3 Geometrical tolerances shall be in accordance with the designation as described in ISO 2768-2.

NOTE All figures in this International Standard indicate tolerance requirements using the ISO code "ISO 2768-mk", as described in ISO 2768-1 and ISO 2768-2. ISO 8133:2014

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b45d3bf3-7e31-4f9d-9449-

8537b8d283e3/iso-8133-2014

6 Application instructions

6.1 Installation

- **6.1.1** A tolerance of f8 is recommended for plain bearing shafts (see ISO 286-2). A tolerance of h6 should be used for the shaft fitting the spherical plain bearing bore. In exceptional cases (for example where there are difficulties in cylinder installation), a tolerance of f7 can be used. In this instance, a case-hardened shaft is recommended because movement occurs between the shaft and the bearing bore and lubrication is needed. Lubrication can be carried out through the shaft.
- **6.1.2** The specified tilting angle of $\pm 3^{\circ}$ for the spherical bearing can still be obtained even after the clevis is in place next to the side faces of the spherical plain bearing's inner ring.
- **6.1.3** The rod clevis and the rod eye shall be screwed firmly against the piston rod shoulder before locking.

6.2 Life spherical bearing

- **6.2.1** The life of the spherical plain bearing is influenced by many factors, such as the specific load, angle of oscillation, type of lubricant, and frequency of lubrication.
- **6.2.2** The spherical plain bearings are designed to give an acceptable bearing life under normal operating conditions.
- **6.2.3** Where a constant unidirectional load is applied or other unusual operating conditions exist, consultation with the supplier is recommended.

6.3 Lubrication

- **6.3.1** Sufficient lubrication for the satisfactory performance of these accessories shall be provided.
- **6.3.2** The method and frequency of such lubrication depends on the particular operating conditions.
- **6.3.3** For maintenance-free mating parts, no additional lubrication is required.

7 Designation

Accessories conforming to this International Standard shall be designated by the mounting type identification in accordance with ISO 6099, followed by "ISO 8133", followed by a dash, followed by the type (size) from the relevant table.

EXAMPLE 1 A rod eye spherical, female thread of type 20 (*CN* = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AP6 ISO 8133 - 20

EXAMPLE 2 A clevis bracket, spherical eye, in angle of type 20 (*CF* = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AB5 ISO 8133 - 20

EXAMPLE 3 A pivot pin, spherical bearing, locking plate of type 20 (DK = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AA6-LISO 8133 - 20 Ceh STANDARD PREVIEW

EXAMPLE 4 A locking plate for pivot pin of type 20 (DK = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AL6 ISO 8133 - 20

ISO 8133:2014

EXAMPLE 5 A rod clevis, female thread of type 20 (CK = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AP2 ISO 8133 - 20

EXAMPLE 6 A rod eye plain, female thread of type 20 (*CK* = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

8537b8d283e3/iso-8133-2014

AP4 ISO 8133 - 20

EXAMPLE 7 An eye bracket of type 20 (*CK* = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AB2 ISO 8133 - 20

EXAMPLE 8 A clevis bracket, straight of type 20 (*CK* = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AB4 ISO 8133 - 20

EXAMPLE 9 A pivot pin plain (plain split pins) of type 20 (*EK* = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AA4-S ISO 8133 - 20

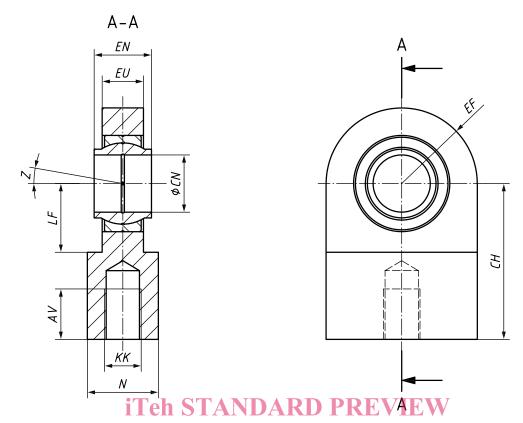
EXAMPLE 10 A trunnion bracket of type 20 (*CR* = 20) conforming to ISO 8133 is designated:

AT4 ISO 8133 - 20

8 Identification statement (reference to this International Standard)

It is strongly recommended to fabricators who elect to conform to this International Standard to use the following statement in test reports, catalogues, and sales literature when electing to comply with this International Standard:

"Cylinder accessory mounting dimensions conform to ISO 8133:2014, *Hydraulic fluid power* — *Mounting dimensions for accessories for single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) compact series.*"



NOTE A suitable locking device shall be used (standards.iteh.ai)

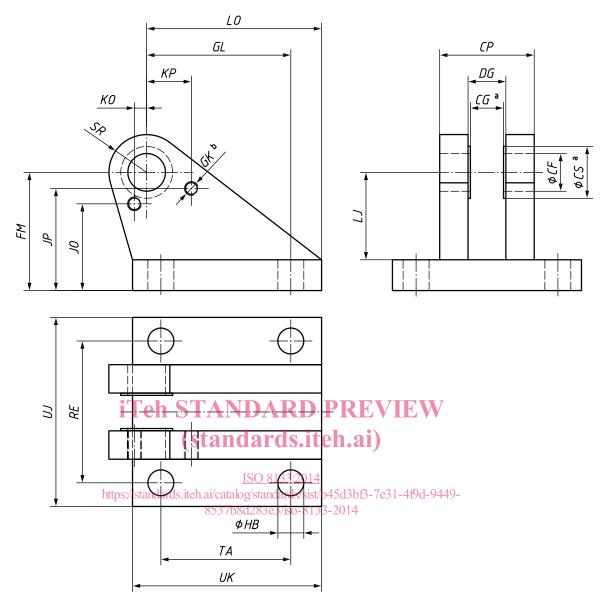
 $Figure \ 1-AP6-Rod\ eye\ spherical,\ female\ thread$

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b45d3bf3-7e31-4f9d-9449-

Table 1 — Dimensions of AP6 — Rod eye spherical, female thread

Dimensions in millimetres

Туре	Nominal force N	N max.	<i>KK</i> 6H	nom.	τοl. μm	nom.	tol. μm	EF max.	CH js13	AV min.	<i>LF</i> min.	EU max.	Tilting angle Z min.
12	8 000	19	M10 × 1,25	12	0 -8	10	0 -50	18	42	15	16	8,5	
16	12 500	22	M12 × 1,25	16		14		23	48	17	20	11,5	
20	20 000	28	M14 × 1,5	20	0 -10	16		28	58	19	25	13,5	
25	32 000	31	M16 × 1,5	25		20		33	68	23	30	18	
30	50 000	37	M20 × 1,5	30		22		41	85	29	35	20	
40	80 000	47	M27 × 2	40	0 -12	28		51	105	37	45	24	3°
50	125 000	57	M33 × 2	50		35		61	130	46	58	31	
60	200 000	69	M42 × 2	60	0 -15	44	0	80	150	57	68	39	
80	320 000	91	M48 × 2	80		55	-150	102,5	185	64	92	48	
100	500 000	110	M64 × 3	100	0 -20	70	0 -200	120	240	86	116	57	



- ^a Separate spacers are permitted to maintain *CG* and *CS* dimensions.
- b Tapped holes are required only when using a pivot pin with a locking plate.

Figure 2 — AB5 — Clevis bracket, spherical eye, in angle