
**Condition monitoring and diagnostics
of machines — Requirements for
qualification and assessment of
personnel —**

Part 7:

Thermography

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*Surveillance et diagnostic d'état des machines — Exigences relatives à
la qualification et à l'évaluation du personnel —*

Partie 7: Thermographie

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 108, *Mechanical vibration, shock and condition monitoring*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machine systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 18436-7:2008), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

ISO 18436 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel* —:

- *Part 1: Requirements for assessment bodies and the assessment process*
- *Part 2: Vibration condition monitoring*
- *Part 3: Requirements for training bodies and the training process*
- *Part 4: Field lubricant analysis*
- *Part 5: Lubricant laboratory technician/analyst*
- *Part 6: Acoustic emission*
- *Part 7: Thermography*
- *Part 8: Ultrasound*

The following part is planned:

- *Part 9: Condition monitoring specialists*

Introduction

Using thermography to monitor condition and diagnose faults in machinery is a key activity in predictive maintenance programmes for most industries. Other non-intrusive technologies including vibration analysis, acoustic emission, lubricant analysis, and motor current analysis are used as complementary condition analysis tools. Those in the manufacturing industry who have diligently and consistently applied these techniques have experienced a return on investment far exceeding their expectations. However, the effectiveness of these programmes depends on the capabilities of individuals who perform the measurements and analyse the data.

A programme, administered by an assessment body, has been developed to train and assess the competence of personnel whose duties require the appropriate theoretical and practical knowledge of machinery monitoring and diagnostics.

This part of ISO 18436 defines the requirements against which personnel in the non-intrusive machinery condition monitoring and diagnostics technologies associated with infrared thermography for machinery condition monitoring are to be qualified and the methods of assessing such personnel.

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Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel —

Part 7: Thermography

1 Scope

This part of ISO 18436 specifies the requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel who perform machinery condition monitoring and diagnostics using infrared thermography.

A certificate or declaration of conformity to this part of ISO 18436 will provide recognition of the qualifications and competence of individuals to perform thermal measurements and analysis for machinery condition monitoring using portable thermal imaging equipment. This procedure might not apply to specialized equipment or other specific situations.

This part of ISO 18436 specifies a three-category classification programme that is based on the technical areas delineated herein.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 13372, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Vocabulary*

ISO 13374 (all parts), *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Data processing, communication and presentation*

ISO 13379-1, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Data interpretation and diagnostics techniques — Part 1: General guidelines*

ISO 13381-1, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Prognostics — Part 1: General guidelines*

ISO 17359, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — General guidelines*

ISO 18434-1, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Thermography — Part 1: General procedures*

ISO 18436-1:2012, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel — Part 1: Requirements for assessment bodies and the assessment process*

ISO 18436-3, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel — Part 3: Requirements for training bodies and the training process*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 13372 apply.

4 Classification of personnel (thermography)

4.1 General

Individuals assessed as conforming to the requirements of this part of ISO 18436 shall be classified in one of three categories depending upon their qualifications. They shall have demonstrated the necessary skills in thermal condition monitoring for their category as indicated in [Annex A](#).

Personnel classified as Category II need to have all the knowledge and skills expected of personnel classified as Category I, while personnel classified as Category III need to have all the knowledge and skills expected of personnel classified as Category II.

4.2 Category I

Individuals classified as Category I are qualified to perform infrared thermography according to established and recognized procedures. Personnel classified as Category I shall be able to:

- a) apply a specified thermographic measurement technique;
- b) set up and operate the thermal imaging equipment for safe thermographic data collection;
- c) identify, prevent, minimize and control poor data acquisition and error sources;
- d) perform basic fault detection, severity assessment and diagnosis in accordance with established instructions;
- e) perform basic image post-processing (measurement tools, emissivity adjustments, span and scale adjustments, etc.);
- f) maintain a database of results and trends;
- g) verify the calibration of thermographic measurement systems;
- h) evaluate and report test results and highlight areas of concern.

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4.3 Category II

Individuals classified as Category II are qualified to perform infrared thermography according to established and recognized procedures. Personnel classified as Category II shall be able to:

- a) select the appropriate infrared thermography technique and understand its limitations;
- b) apply thermography theory and techniques, including measurement and interpretation of survey results;
- c) specify the appropriate hardware and software;
- d) perform advanced fault diagnoses;
- e) recommend appropriate field corrective actions;
- f) perform advanced image post-processing (image, trending, montage, subtraction, superimposition, statistical analysis, etc.);
- g) use generally recognized advanced techniques for infrared thermography and fault diagnosis in accordance with established procedures;
- h) prepare reports on equipment condition, fault diagnoses, corrective actions and the effectiveness of repairs;
- i) be aware of the use of alternative or supplementary condition monitoring technologies; and

- j) provide guidance to and supervise Category I personnel.

4.4 Category III

Individuals classified as Category III are qualified to perform infrared thermography according to established and recognized procedures. Personnel classified as Category III shall be able to:

- a) develop and establish thermographic programmes, write working procedures and instructions including determination of machines for periodic/continuous monitoring, frequency of testing, the use of advanced techniques;
- b) determine severity assessment, acceptance criteria and testing procedures for new, in-service and faulty equipment;
- c) interpret and evaluate codes, standards, specifications and procedures;
- d) designate the particular test methods, procedures and instructions to be used;
- e) perform prognostics for fault conditions;
- f) recommend appropriate types of thermodynamic (radiation-, convection-, conduction-based) corrective actions;
- g) recommend appropriate types of machinery engineering corrective actions;
- h) provide guidance to and supervise Category I and II personnel;
- i) recommend the use of alternative or supplementary condition monitoring technologies, and
- j) be able to manage condition monitoring programmes.

NOTE It is the employer's responsibility to ensure that Category III personnel have the necessary competency in the required management skills, for example creating budgets preparing cost justifications and managing personnel development.

5 Eligibility

5.1 General

Candidates should have a combination of education, training and experience to ensure that they understand the principles and procedures applicable to thermographic measurement and analysis.

It is advised that all candidates have their colour perception assessed by the Ishihara 24 plate test. A record of test results should be retained and presented to the assessment body upon request. In the event that a colour perception deficiency, indicated by misreading four or more of the 24 plates, is detected during the Ishihara test, a further "task specific" test is to be carried out by the employer to ascertain whether the detected colour perception deficiency affects the individual's ability to satisfactorily perform analysis of thermographic data using colour palettes. Failure to pass this test may require the candidate to use a monochrome palette. This "task specific" test, and any requirement to use a monochrome palette, is to be documented and a record of the test made available to the assessment body upon request.

5.2 Education

Candidates seeking classification do not need to provide evidence of formal education to establish eligibility. However, it is recommended that candidates for Category I and Category II have at least a secondary school graduate qualification or its equivalent. Category II and III candidates shall be able to manipulate simple algebraic equations, use a basic scientific calculator, and be familiar with the operation of personal computers. Successful completion of two or more years of mechanical technology

or mechanical engineering at an accredited college, university, or technical school is highly recommended for candidates seeking classification to Category III.

5.3 Training

5.3.1 Introduction

To be eligible to apply for assessment based on this part of ISO 18436, the candidates shall provide evidence of successful completion of training based on the requirements of [Annex A](#). The documents in the Bibliography should be used as the domain of knowledge for the training syllabus. Such training shall be compliant with the requirements of ISO 18436-3. The minimum duration of training is shown in [Table 1](#). Training should be in the form of lectures, demonstrations, practical exercises or formal training courses.

Qualification requirements shall be in accordance with this part of ISO 18436. Training time devoted to each subject shall be in accordance with [Annex A](#) and [Table 1](#). See [Annex B](#) for a non-exhaustive list of the topics and sub-topics to be covered.

Table 1 — Minimum duration of cumulative training (hours)

Category I	Category II	Category III
32	64	96

Training may be modularized into two or more subject areas covering general scientific principles and application-specific knowledge in order to allow for mutual recognition between non-destructive testing and condition monitoring assessment bodies.

5.3.2 Training for supplementary classification

A modular training course designed to cover those topics specific to thermography-based condition monitoring may be undertaken.

Such supplementary training courses shall cover the topics outlined in [Annex A](#) for subjects five (5) to eleven (11) inclusive. The duration of such training shall comply with the durations stated in [Annex A](#) for the relevant subject areas.

5.3.3 Additional training on machine knowledge

In addition to the training hours shown in [Table 1](#), candidates should attend machinery and component training, or equivalent on-the-job training, of at least a similar duration to that specified in [Table 1](#).

Such training shall be in addition to any formal education compliant with [5.2](#), inclusive of any college or university education. If undertaken, the additional training shall cover the design, manufacturing, installation, operation and maintenance principles of machines and components, the failure modes and mechanisms associated with each principle, and the typical thermodynamic behaviours associated with each mechanism. Such training shall be validated by verifiable records.

5.4 Experience

5.4.1 To be eligible to apply for assessment based on this part of ISO 18436, the candidate shall provide evidence to the assessment body of experience in the field of thermography-based machinery condition monitoring in accordance with [Table 2](#). Classification to Category II and Category III requires previous classification at the lower category.

Table 2 — Minimum cumulative practical, interpretation and programme management experience requirements (months)

Category I	Category II	Category III
12 months	24 months	48 months
NOTE The experience hours are based on 16 hours minimum per month of thermography-based machinery condition monitoring experience in accordance with Clauses 4 and 5.		

5.4.2 The minimum total experience durations specified (in months) are required to enable the acquisition of experience in all category criteria in accordance with ISO 18436-1 and [5.4.5](#).

5.4.3 Candidates shall keep verifiable documentary evidence of hours and nature of work for their thermography-based machinery condition monitoring experience in accordance with ISO 18436-1. Candidates for Categories I and II shall have this evidence validated by a Category II or III person or, in the absence of such a person, by the candidate's technical supervisor.

5.4.4 Candidates for Category III shall have this evidence validated by a Category III person or, in the absence of such a person, by the candidate's technical supervisor.

5.4.5 The validation process for all categories requires the signature of the validating person on the documentary evidence. The validating person should augment this validation process via oral assessment, accompanied task performance, report submission and review, procedure submission and review, or a combination thereof, in order to increase the confidence in the validation.

6 Examinations iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

6.1 Examination content

6.1.1 For each category, candidates shall be required to answer a fixed minimum number of multiple choice questions in a specified time duration as indicated by [Table 3](#).

6.1.2 Questions shall be of a practical nature, yet test the candidate on concepts and principles required to conduct infrared thermography for condition monitoring of machines.

6.1.3 The examination papers for Category I shall consist of a Part A – General Thermography (comprising a number of multiple choice questions) and a Part B – Practical Application. The Part B examination shall cover quality data acquisition, the recognition, prevention and control of error sources, and basic fault diagnosis. This examination may include both physical data acquisition tasks in addition to image interpretation.

6.1.4 The examination papers for Category II shall consist of a Part A – General Thermography (30 questions) and a Part B – Practical Application. The Part B examination shall cover diagnostics and image interpretation for condition monitoring of machines. This examination may include both physical data acquisition tasks in addition to image interpretation.

6.1.5 The examination papers for Category III shall consist of a Part A – General Thermography (30 questions) and a Part B – Practical Application. The Part B examination shall cover diagnostics and image interpretation, solution design, and solution verification. This examination may include both physical data acquisition tasks in addition to image interpretation. The image interpretation questions should be based on case histories requiring fault identification, solution recommendation, and a solution verification process. Part B may also include narrative and short answer questions. Some questions shall involve the interpretation of thermal images. Simple mathematical calculations using a basic scientific calculator may be required. A summary of common formulae may be provided along with the examination questions.

6.1.6 Examination content shall be proportionate with the training syllabus contained in [Annex A](#).

6.1.7 Assessment bodies may, at their discretion, make accommodations for candidates with conditions that may require some form of compensation.