



# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 16217:2020

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**Kozmetika - Preskusne metode za zaščito pred soncem - Postopek s potopitvijo v vodo za določevanje vodoodpornosti**

Cosmetics - Sun protection test methods - Water immersion procedure for determining water resistance

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

Cosmétiques - Méthodes d'essai de protection solaire - Mode opératoire d'immersion dans l'eau pour la détermination de la résistance à l'eau

[SIST ISO 16217:2020](#)

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 16217:2020**

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**Cosmetics — Sun protection test  
methods — Water immersion  
procedure for determining water  
resistance**

*Cosmétiques — Méthodes d'essai de protection solaire — Mode  
opératoire d'immersion dans l'eau pour la détermination de la  
résistance à l'eau*

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 217, *Cosmetics*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

# Cosmetics — Sun protection test methods — Water immersion procedure for determining water resistance

## 1 Scope

This document specifies a procedure of water immersion for the in vivo determination of the water resistance of sunscreen products.

This document is applicable to products intended to be placed in contact with human skin including any component able to absorb, reflect or scatter UV rays and which, in addition, are designed to be less readily removed from the skin by water and/or during water immersion. It is intended to be read in conjunction with ISO 24444.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 24444:2019, *Cosmetics — Sun protection test methods — In vivo determination of the sun protection factor (SPF)*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

### 3.1

#### simulated swim test device

spa, whirlpool or similar device designed for water immersion

Note 1 to entry: For the purposes of this document, the simulated swim test device shall be in accordance with [Annex A](#).

### 3.2

#### individual water resistance sun protection factor

#### individual water resistance SPF

$SPF_{iwr}$

SPF determined after the water immersion step on each subject

Note 1 to entry:  $SPF_{iwr}$  is calculated by a simple division of  $MED_{ipi}$  by  $MED_{iui}$ .

### 3.3

#### static sun protection factor

#### static SPF

SPF without water resistance challenge

Note 1 to entry: This is determined in accordance with ISO 24444.

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### 3.4

#### post-water immersion sun protection factor

#### post-water immersion SPF

arithmetic mean of all valid  $SPF_{iwr}$  (3.2) values for the study

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed to one decimal place by truncation.

### 3.5

#### water resistance sun protection factor

#### water resistance SPF

$SPF_{wr}$

arithmetic mean of all valid  $SPF_{iwr}$  (3.2) values

## 4 Principle

### 4.1 Main steps

All of the test steps set out in ISO 24444 apply. [Clause 5](#) provides an additional step to be inserted in the test sequence described in ISO 24444:2019, 9.4. This water immersion step commences after the test products have been applied, following the dry-down period given in ISO 24444:2019, 9.4.10, and prior to the exposure to simulated sunlight given in ISO 24444:2019, 9.4.11 to 9.4.15. In all other respects, the principles and procedures of ISO 24444 apply. A tabulation of steps is set out in [Table 1](#).

**Table 1 — Main steps**

Test requirements	ISO 24444	This document
Terms and definitions	applicable	applicable
General principle	applicable	applicable
Test subjects	applicable	not applicable
Apparatus and materials	applicable	not applicable
Reference sunscreens	applicable	applicable
Test conditions	applicable	applicable
Water immersion procedure	> > > > > > >	applicable
Reversion to ISO 24444		< < < < < < < <
Procedure for UV exposure	applicable	not applicable
Subsequent procedure	applicable	not applicable

### 4.2 General principle

A controlled amount of sunscreen product(s) is applied to an area of each subject's skin, restricted to the back between the scapula line and the waist. The sunscreen test sample is challenged in situ when the test subject undertakes a period of water immersion in a simulated swim test device for a designated period of time. Following a further drying period, an area without any protection and the protected area are exposed to ultraviolet light using the same procedure as the static SPF test described in ISO 24444.

## 5 Test criteria

### 5.1 Selection of the test subjects

Participants are enrolled for the study in accordance with the criteria described in ISO 24444. At least 10 subjects shall be selected.

Since not all volunteers for static SPF testing are prepared to participate in water resistance testing, specific informed consent shall be obtained. The Declaration of Helsinki<sup>[3]</sup> is relevant to testing using



human subjects. Informed, written (signature) consent shall be obtained from all test subjects. The consent should include specific consent to participate in water resistance testing, including the length of time, since the temperature of the water is likely to become chilled during testing.

## 5.2 Test area

As per the requirements of ISO 24444, the individual product test sites and the unprotected test site shall be delineated within the region between the scapula line and the waist. Additionally, the test sites shall be configured such that they will be fully immersed when the test subject is located comfortably in the simulated swim test device.

## 5.3 Product application

The product shall be applied in accordance with the procedure set out in ISO 24444.

# 6 Water immersion procedure

## 6.1 Room conditions

The temperature of the swim immersion room shall be maintained in the range of 20 °C to 26 °C.

## 6.2 Water quality

The simulated swim test device shall be filled with standardized water as described in [Annex B](#).

The temperature of the water shall be maintained at  $(30 \pm 2)$  °C for the duration of the test period.

## 6.3 Immersion sequencing cycle

The following sequence of immersion and a rest period shall be followed:

- 20 min of immersion of the test subjects with water circulated for the full period;
- 5 min to 20 min drying time with no towelling permitted between immersion periods.

For 40 min water resistance, repeat this sequence two times.

For 80 min water resistance, repeat this sequence four times.

For extended water resistance times, repeat this process as appropriate.

At the conclusion of the final immersion period, allow the test subjects to dry in the air (with no towelling-off of the test sites) for at least 15 min. No water droplets shall be visible and additional drying time can be required prior to initiating any exposure, as described in ISO 24444:2019, 9.4.10.

## 6.4 Positioning of test subjects

The positioning of test subjects needs to take into account the various shapes of spa baths.

The positioning of the subject in the water immersion device shall be such that it minimizes the possibility of the subject touching the test areas on the back with the spa sides or another test subject, and is comfortable for the subject.

The subjects shall sit in a position such that water jets cannot impinge directly on the test sites.

The randomization of test sites shall be in accordance with [Annex D](#).