

Designation: B477 - 97 (Reapproved2008)

# Standard Specification for Gold-Silver-Nickel Electrical Contact Alloy<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B477; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

#### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers 75 % gold-22 % silver-3 % nickel alloy tubing, rod, wire, strip, and sheet material for sliding electrical contacts.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to become familiar with all hazards including those identified in the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this product/material as provided by the manufacturer, to establish appropriate safety and health practices, and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

B476 Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Precious Metal Electrical Contact Materials

E384 Test Method for Knoop and Vickers Hardness of Materials

#### 3. Manufacture

- 3.1 Raw materials shall be of such quality and purity that the finished product will have the properties and characteristics prescribed in this specification.
- 3.2 The material shall be finished by such operations (cold working, heat treating, annealing, turning, grinding, or pickling) as are required to produce the prescribed properties.

#### 4. Chemical Composition

4.1 Material produced under the specification shall meet the requirements of chemical composition prescribed in Table 1.

#### 5. Mechanical and Electrical Requirements

- 5.1 The contract or order may specify ultimate tensile strength and elongation, microhardness (Knoop or Vickers), or a combination of these mechanical properties as temper criterion. If the contract or order does not specify a temper criterion, then the criterion for temper designation will be ultimate tensile strength and elongation.
- 5.2 Mechanical properties shall conform to the listings of Table 2.
  - 5.3 All test specimens shall be full size when practical.
- 5.4 All tests are to be conducted at room temperature, about 68°F (20°C).

#### 6. General Requirements

- 2.6.1 Specification B476 shall apply to all materials produced to this specification.
- 6.2 *Microhardness*, when performed, shall be in accordance with Test Method E384.

#### 7. Inspection and Testing

- 7.1 Material furnished under this specification shall be inspected by the manufacturer as listed below:
  - 7.1.1 Visual inspection at  $10 \times$ ,
  - 7.1.2 Temper test (hardness or tensile),
  - 7.1.3 Dimensional tests, and
- 7.1.4 Spectrographic or chemical analysis when indicated by the purchase order.
- 7.2 The purchaser shall perform such tests as are required to verify the quality of material procured under this specification.

#### 8. Keywords

8.1 contacts; electrical contact alloy; gold alloy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B02 on Nonferrous Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B02.05 on Precious Metals and Electrical Contact Materials.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

#### **TABLE 1 Chemical Composition**

Element	Weight Percent
Gold	74.2–75.8
Silver	21.4-22.6
Nickel	2.6-3.4
Selected base metals (lead, antimony, bismuth, tin, arsenic, cadmium, germanium, thallium, gallium, sulfur)	0.01 max, total
Total all base metal impurities (including above selected base metals)	0.2 max
Total noble metal impurities	0.1 max

#### **TABLE 2 Mechanical Properties**

Note 1—Wire 0.004 to 0.060-in. (0.1 to 1.5-mm) diameter and strip 0.003 to 0.030 (0.08 to 0.8 mm) thick except as noted.

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Properties	Α	B <sup>A</sup>	С	D
Ultimate tensile strength,	40	50	70	65
min, ksi Elongation in 2 in. (51 mm), %	10 min	8 min	1 to 10	1 to 13
Knoop hardness, 110-g load (50 g under 0.005 in. (0.13 mm) thick)	85 to 115	120 to 160	160 to 215	150 to 200

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Wire 0.004 to 0.020-in. (0.1 to 0.5-mm) diameter.

## iTeh Standards

(Nonmandatory Information)

### X1. TYPICAL PROPERTY VALUES

X1.1 Table X1.1 contains a list of typical property values which are useful for engineering calculations in electrical 97(2008) contact design and application.

#### **TABLE X1.1 Typical Property Values**

	Temper				
	A	В	С	D	
Resistivity, Ω-cmil/ft		73		73	
µΩ-cm		12.1		12.1	
Density, g/cm <sup>3</sup>	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	
Solidus temperature, deg C	927	927	927	927	
Linear coefficient of thermal expansion per deg C (23-100 C)		$14.8 \times 10^{-6}$		$14.8 \times 10^{-6}$	
Thermal EMF vs platinum (0–100 C) μV/deg C		-3		-3	
Softening voltage, mV		100		100	
Melting voltage, mV		340		340	
Fatigue strength (rotating-bending) at 10 <sup>8</sup> stress reversals					
psi		35 000		35 000	
MPa		240		240	
Modulus of elasticity in tension:					
psi		$12 \times 10^{6}$		$12 \times 10^{6}$	
MPa		82 700		82 700	
Proportional limit					
ksi		35	50	45	
MPa		240	345	310	
Brinell hardness (15 kg load):					
Wire or rod 0.061 to 0.187 in. (1.53 to 4.8 mm) dia				120-165	