INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC 19794-9

Second edition 2011-10-01 **AMENDMENT 2** 2015-08-01

Information technology — Biometric data interchange formats —

Part 9: **Vascular image data**

AMENDMENT 2: XML Encoding and iTeh STclarification of defects

> (Strechnologies de l'information — Formats d'échange de données biométriques —

ISO/IFC 19794-9:0011/April 2:2015 https://standards.iteh.avcatalog/standards/sist/a9d40et0-18e4-49d7-bdfb-066ac461 AMENDEMENT 2: Codage XML et précisions concernant les défauts



Reference number ISO/IEC 19794-9:2011/Amd.2:2015(E)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO/IEC 19794-9:2011/Amd 2:2015</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a9d40ef0-f8e4-49d7-bdfb-066ac4613449/iso-iec-19794-9-2011-amd-2-2015



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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <u>www.iso.org/directives</u>).

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ISO/IEC 19794-9:2011/Amd 2:2015

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

Amendment 2 to ISO/IEC 19794-9:2011 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, Information technology, Subcommittee SC 37, Biometrics.

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<u>ISO/IEC 19794-9:2011/Amd 2:2015</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a9d40ef0-f8e4-49d7-bdfb-066ac4613449/iso-iec-19794-9-2011-amd-2-2015

Information Technology — Biometric data interchange formats — Part 9: Vascular image data

Amendment 2: XML Encoding and clarification of defects

Insert the following text into introduction:

Additionally, this part of the ISO/IEC standard supports both binary and XML encoding, to support a spectrum of user requirements. With XML, this part will meet the requirements modern IT architectures. With binary encoding this part will also be able to be used in bandwidth or storage constrained environments. Annex C specifies the schema that XML encoded vascular image records must conform to, and Annex D provides an example of a valid XML encoded vascular image record.

Replace the existing text in clause "2– Conformance" with the following:

A binary data record conforms to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 if it satisfies all the format requirements with respect to its structure, data values, relationships among its fields, and with respect to relations between its fields and the underlying input that are specified throughout clause 8 of this part of ISO/IEC 19794.

An XML document conforms to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 if it satisfies the format requirements with respect to its structure, with respect to relations among its fields, and with respect to relations between its fields and the underlying input that are specified within Annex C of this part of ISO/IEC 19794. 066ac4613449/iso-icc-19794-9-2011-and-2-2015

A system that produces biometric data records is conformant to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 if all biometric data records that it outputs conform to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 (as defined above) as claimed in the Implementation Conformance Statement associated with that system. A system does not need to be capable of producing biometric data records that cover all possible aspects of this part of ISO/IEC 19794, but only those that are claimed to be supported by the system in the Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS).

A system that uses biometric data records is conformant to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 if it can read, and use for the purpose intended by that system, all biometric data records that conform to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 (as defined above) as claimed in the Implementation Conformance Statement associated with that system. A system does not need to be capable of using biometric data records that cover all possible aspects of this part of ISO/IEC 19794, but only those that are claimed to be supported by the system in an Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS).

Biometric data interchange format conformance tests conform to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 if they satisfy all of the normative requirements set forth in Annex A. Specifically, all Level-1, Level-2 and Level-3 tests shall use the assertions defined in Table A.2 of clause A.3 in conformity with the concept and rules set in ISO/IEC 19794-1:2011 AMD 1.

Implementations of this part of ISO/IEC 19794 tested according to the specified methodology shall be able to claim conformance only to those biometric data record (BDB) requirements specified in this part of ISO/IEC 19794 that are tested by the test methods established by this methodology.

Implementations of this part of ISO/IEC 19794 do not necessarily need to conform to all possible aspects of this part of ISO/IEC 19794, but only to those requirements that are claimed to be supported by the implementation in an implementation conformance statement (ICS), filled out in accordance with Annex A of ISO/IEC 19794-1:2011 AMD 1 and Table A.1 of clause A.2 of this part of ISO/IEC 19794.

Insert the following text in the appropriate alphabetical order of Clause "3-- Normative reference":

- http://www.w3.org/XML/Schema

Add the following row to Table 10 of ISO/IEC 19794-9:2011:

39 (0027 _{Hex})	XML-vascular-image	{iso(1) registration-authority(1) cbeff(19785) biometric-organization(0) jtc1-sc37(257) bdbs(0) XML-vascular-image(39)}
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Replace Table A.1 with the following table. This table, A.1, may extend over multiple pages:

uirement ID	ence in Base itandard	quirement ummary	Level		Applicability		r Support	orted Range	st Result
Req	Refer	α Ω Ω			Binary	XML	. N I	Supp	Te
R- 1	6.1	The quantities in all records and vascular biometric image elements (pixel data), if represented as multi- byte quantities, are represented in Ca big-endian format.	DAR ¹ ards	D Pl .iteh	REV Y .ai)	IE V N	Ţ	N/A	
R- 2	6.1	The order for transmission shall also be the most significant byte first and the least significant byte last. Within a byte, the order of transmission shall be the most significant bit first and the least significant bit last.	194–9:201 standards ec- 3© 794	<u>1/Amd 2</u> /sist/a9d4 -9 0 911-	<u>2015</u> 0ef0-f8e amd y 2-20	I-49d7-b)15 N	dfb-	N/A	N/T
R- 3	6.2	The scan sequence shall be raster scan order.	3C	O-1	Y	Ν		N/A	N/T
R- 4	7.1	The spatial sampling rate of the captured image shall be represented in terms of pixels per centimetre.	3C	O-1	Y	N		N/A	N/T
R- 5	7.2	The image shall have a dynamic range spanning at least 128 gray scale levels, allocating at least one byte (8 bits) per intensity value and providing at least 7 bits of useful intensity information.	1	М	Y	Y		N/A	
R- 6	7.5	The captured image shall be an orthographic projection of the body area being imaged.	3C	O-1	Y	Y		N/A	N/T
R- 7	7.6.2	If lossless compression is used the image data shall be compressed in accordance with the JPEG-LS lossless compression algorithm specified in ISO/IEC 14495 or the JPEG2000 compression algorithm specified in ISO/IEC 15444.	3C	0-1	Y	Y		N/A	N/T

uirement ID	ence in Base tandard	luirement ummary	Level	Status	Applicability		Support	orted Range	st Result
Requ	Refer S	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			Binary	XML	Ð	N/A N/A	Те
R- 8	7.6.3	If lossy compression is used the image shall be compressed in accordance with the JPEG compression algorithm specified in ISO/IEC 10918 or the JPEG2000 compression algorithm specified in ISO/IEC 15444.	3C	O-1	Y	Y		N/A	N/T
R- 9	7.6.4	Images captured with more than three sensing channels shall be stored in accordance with the JPEG2000 compression algorithm as specified in ISO/IEC 15444.	3C	O-1	Y	Y		N/A	N/T
R- 10	7.7	The location of human body used for imaging shall be specified in the format.	D ¹ P]	RĽV	IĘA	Y		N/A	
R- 11	7.7	The direction (left/right) of handreds and/or finger index (thumb, index, middle, ring, and little) shall be specified. ISO/IEC 19794-9:20	.iteh 1 1/Amd 2	.ai) M	Y	Y		N/A	
R- 12	8.2.1	The format identifier shall be recorded in four bytes. The format identifier shall consist of three characters "VIR" followed by a zero byte as a NULL string terminator.	-9-2011- 1	amd-2-2	015 Y	N		N/A	
R- 13	8.2.2	The number for the version of that part of ISO/IEC 19794 used for constructing the BDIR shall be placed in four bytes. This version number shall consist of three ASCII numerals followed by a zero byte as a NULL string terminator. The first and second character will represent the major version number and the third character will represent the minor revision number. Upon approval of a specification, the initial version number will be "020" – Version 2 revision 0.	1	М	Y	Ν		N/A	
R- 14	8.2.3	The length (in bytes) of the entire BDIR shall be recorded in four bytes.	1	М	Y	N			
R- 15	8.2.3	This count shall be the total length of the BDIR including the general record header and one or more representation records.	2	М	Y	N			

Table A.1 (continued) — Requirements of the Base Standard

ent ID	se Standard	Summary		Status	Applicability		port	Range	esult
Requirem	nce in Ba	uirement	Leve		Binary	XML	IUT Supi	Supported	Test Re
	Refere	Req			٢	z			
R- 17	8.2.4	The total number of representation records contained in the BDIR shall be recorded in two bytes. A minimum of one representation is required.	2	М	Y	Ν			
R- 18	8.2.5	As this part of ISO/IEC 19794 does not support certifications this field shall be 00Hex.	1	М	Y	Ν			
R- 19	8.3.2	The representation-length field denotes the length in bytes of the representation including the representation header fields,)A'R	DMPI	REV	IEV	7		
R- 20	8.3.2	This four-byte field shall contain the length in bytes of the vascular image.	2 2 2/94-9:201	M 1/Amd 2	.al) Y	Ν			
R- 21	8.3.3	The date and time field within a catalog representation header shall be 49/iso-i stated in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). The capture date and time field shall consist of 9 bytes. Its value shall be encoded in the form given in ISO/IEC 19794-1.	standards ec-19794 1	/sist/a9d4 -9-2011- M	0ef0-f8e4 amd-2-20 Y	I-49d7-b)15 Ү	dfb-		
R- 22	8.3.4	The capture device technology ID shall be encoded in one byte. This field shall indicate the class of capture device technology used to acquire the captured biometric sample. A value of 00Hex indicates unknown or unspecified technology. See Table 4 for the list of possible values.	1	М	Y	Ν			
R- 23	8.3.5	The capture device vendor identifier shall identify the biometric organization that owns the product that created the BDIR. The capture device algorithm vendor identifier shall be encoded in two bytes carrying a CBEFF biometric organization identifier (registered by IBIA or other approved registration authority). A value of all zeros shall indicate that the capture device vendor is unreported.	1	0	Y	Y			

Table A.1 (continued) — Requirements of the Base Standard

uirement ID	ence in Base tandard	quirement ummary	Level		A 111-1-111-1-1	Applicability	- Support	orted Range	st Result
Requ	Refere	Ω Υ C			Binary	XML	5	Suppo	Te
R- 24	8.3.6	The capture device type identifier shall identify the product type that created the BDIR. It shall be assigned by the registered product owner or other approved registration authority. A value of all zeros shall indicate that the capture device type is unreported.	1	0	Y	Y			
R- 25	8.3.6	If the capture device vendor identifier is 0000Hex, then also the capture device type identifier shall be 0000Hex.	2	о	Y	Ν			
R- 26	8.3.7.1	This field is followed by the number of 5-byte Quality Blocks reflected by its value.	D ¹ Pl	REV	IĘM	N			
R- 27	8.3.7.1	A value of zero (0) means that no attempt was made to assign a quality score. In this case, no Quality Blocks are present 9794-9:20	.iteh 2	.ai)	Y	Ν			
R- 28	8.3.7.2	Quality score as idefined in SO/IECd 29794-1, shall be a quantitative-19794 expression of the predicted verification performance of the biometric sample.	s/sist/a9d4 -9-2011- 3C	0ef0-f8e amd-2-2 O-1	4-49d7-b 015 Y	dfb- Y		N/A	N/T
R- 29	8.3.7.2	An entry of 255 shall indicate a failed attempt to calculate a quality score. This value of Quality Score is harmonized with ISO/IEC 19784-1, where 255 is -1.	1	ο	Y	Y			
R- 30	8.3.7.3	Quality Algorithm Vendor ID shall be registered with IBIA or other approved registration authority as a CBEFF biometric organization.	3C	O-1	Y	Y		N/A	N/T
R- 31	8.3.7.3	A value of all zeros shall indicate that the value for this field is unreported.	1	0	Y	Y			
R- 32	8.3.7.4	Quality Algorithm ID may be optionally registered with IBIA or other approved registration authority as a CBEFF Product Code. Refer to CBEFF product registry procedures in ISO/IEC 19785-2. A value of all zeros shall indicate that the value for this field is unreported.	1	0	Y	Y			

Table A.1	(continued) —	Requirements	of the Base	Standard
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uirement ID	ence in Base tandard	auirement ummary		Status	Applicability		- Support	orted Range	set Docult
Requ	Refere	Ω Ω Θ			Binary	XMIL	LNI	Suppo	Te
R- 33	8.3.9	These two fields specify the horizontal and vertical image size in pixels, in two bytes for each field.	1	М	Y	Y			
R- 34	8.3.10	This field represents the number of bits per pixel in a gray scale image or the number of bits per color component per pixel in an RGB image.	1	М	Y	Y			
R- 35	8.3.11	This field is a mandatory field specifying the position, direction, and properties of the object. The first two bits specify the direction of organ (toward the left or the right).	1	М	Y	Y		N/A	
R- 36	8.3.12	The unit is degree normalized to 16- bit signed integer as (unsigned short) round (65536*(angle%360) /360).	DAR 1 ards	D Pl o .iteh	REV Y .ai)	IE V	7		
R- 37	8.3.13	This two-byte field specifies whether the image is monochromelof color 19 and how the image has been ai/catalog compressed if applicable 4613449/iso-i	194-9:201 standards ec-19794	<u>1/Amd 2</u> /sist/a9d4 -9-2011-	<u>2015</u> 0ef0-f8e4 amd-2-2(I-49d7-b)15	dfb-		
R- 38	8.3.14	The type of illumination shall be categorized based on the wavelength of illumination source; that is, the wavelength of visible illumination is in the range of 400 nm through 750 nm, the wavelength of NIR is in the range of 750 nm through 5,000 nm, and the wavelength of MIR is in the range of 5,000 nm through 25,000 nm.	1	0	Y	Y		N/A	
R- 39	8.3.15	If the background has been processed and set to monotone, then this field shall have the value $IMAGE_BACKGROUND_MONO$ (01_{Hex}) ; otherwise this field shall have the value $IMAGE_BACKGROUND_UNDEF$ (00_{Hex}) .	1	М	Y	Y		N/A	
		This field specifies the scan resolution in the horizontal direction in ppcm. If the horizontal scan							

Μ

1

Υ

Y

Table A.1 (continued) — Requirements of the Base Standard

N/A

R- 40

8.3.16

resolution is not specified, this field

shall contain the value H_SCAN_RES_UNDEF= 0

(0000_{Hex}).

uirement ID	ence in Base tandard	quirement ummary	Level	Level	-	Applicability	r Support	orted Range	st Result
Requ	Refere Si	Ke			Binary	XML	IUI	Suppo	Te
R- 41	8.3.17	This field specifies the scan resolution in the vertical direction in ppcm. If the vertical scan resolution is not specified, this field shall contain the value V_SCAN_RES_UNDEF= 0 (0000 Hex).	1	М	Y	Y		N/A	
R- 42	8.3.18	The first byte specifies y distance and the second byte x distance. For example, 0304Hex means an aspect ratio of 3:4. If this field is undefined (0000Hex), the default aspect ratio is assumed which is 1:1.	1	M	Y	Y		N/A	
R- 43	8.4.1	The size of this section shall be kept as small as possible, augmenting the image data stored in the standard image data section. More than one extended data area 20 may be present for each vascular dard representation c4613449/iso-iec-19794	iteh 3C 1/Amd 2 s/sist/a9d4 -9-2011	.ai) 0-1 2015 0ef0-f8e amd-2-2	Y 4-49d7-b 015	Y dfb-		N/A	N/T
R- 44	8.4.1	The extended data for each vascular representation shall immediately follow the standard image data for that vascular representation and shall begin with the Extended Data Block Length field.	1	М	Y	Y			
R- 45	8.4.2.1	All vascular records shall contain the extended data block length. This field will signify the existence of extended data. A value of all zeros (0000 Hex) will indicate that there is no extended data and that the file will end or continue with the next vascular representation. A nonzero value will indicate the length of all extended data starting with the next byte.	2	М	Y	Y			

Table A.1 (continued) — Requirements of the Base Standard