

Designation: D3145 - 08

AnAmerican National Standard

Standard Test Method for Thermal Endurance of Electrical Insulating Varnishes by the Helical Coil Method¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3145; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This test method covers the determination of the thermal endurance of electrical insulating varnishes alone or in combinations with magnet wire insulation. Changes in the helical coil bond strength are used as the test criteria. The coils are made from bare aluminum or copper wire, or from film- or fiber-insulated magnet wire.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

Note 1—There is no similar or equivalent IEC standard.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. For a specific precautionary statement, see Section 7.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- D1711 Terminology Relating to Electrical Insulation
- D1932 Test Method for Thermal Endurance of Flexible Electrical Insulating Varnishes
- D2307 Test Method for Thermal Endurance of Film-Insulated Round Magnet Wire
- D2519 Test Method for Bond Strength of Electrical Insulating Varnishes by the Helical Coil Test
- D3251 Test Method for Thermal Endurance Characteristics of Electrical Insulating Varnishes Applied Over Film-

Insulated Magnet Wire

- D3850 Test Method for Rapid Thermal Degradation of Solid Electrical Insulating Materials By Thermogravimetric Method (TGA)
- D5423 Specification for Forced-Convection Laboratory Ovens for Evaluation of Electrical Insulation
- D6054 Practice for Conditioning Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing
- 2.2 International Electrotechnical Commission Publications:³
 - IEC 60216-1 Guide for the Determination of Thermal Endurance Properties of Electrical Insulation Materials (Part 1)

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions
- 3.1.1 For definitions of terms used in the test method, refer to Terminology D1711.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 bond strength, n—a measure of the force required to separate surfaces which have been bonded together.
- 3.2.2 *magnet wire*, *n*—a metal electrical conductor, covered with electrical insulation, for use in the assembly of electrical inductive apparatus such as coils for motors, transformers, generators, relays, magnets, etc.
- 3.2.2.1 *Discussion*—The electrical insulation is usually composed of a film covering formed from a magnet wire enamel applied over a bare conductor. In some specific applications, fibrous coverings, either taped or linear filament served, are also used as electrical insulation.
- 3.2.3 *varnish*, *electrical insulating*, *n* a liquid resin system that is applied to and cured on electrical components providing electrical, mechanical and environmental protection.
- 3.2.3.1 *Discussion*—There are two types of electrical insulating varnishes—solvent-containing and solventless. Solvent-containing types are solutions, dispersions or emulsions of a polymer or a mixture of polymers in a volatile, nonreactable

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D09 on Electrical and Electronic Insulating Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D09.01 on Electrical Insulating Varnishes, Powders and Encapsulating Compounds.

Current edition approved May 1, 2008. Published June 2008. Originally approved in 1973. Last previous edition approved in 2003 as D3145-03. DOI: 10.1520/D3145-08.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.