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Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High Temperature or High Pressure Service and Other Special Purpose Applications¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 193/A 193M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification² covers alloy and stainless steel bolting material for pressure vessels, valves, flanges, and fittings for high temperature or high pressure service, or other special purpose applications. The term *bolting material* as used in this specification covers bars, bolts, screws, studs, stud bolts, and wire. Bars and wire shall be hot-wrought. The material may be further processed by centerless grinding or by cold drawing. Austenitic stainless steel may be carbide solution treated or carbide solution treated and strain-hardened. When strain hardened austenitic steel is ordered, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that Appendix X1 is thoroughly understood.
- 1.2 Several grades are covered, including ferritic steels and austenitic stainless steels designated B5, B8, and so forth. Selection will depend upon design, service conditions, mechanical properties, and high temperature characteristics.

Note 1—The committee formulating this specification has included fifteen steel types that have been rather extensively used for the present purpose. Other compositions will be considered for inclusion by the committee from time to time as the need becomes apparent.

Note 2—For grades of alloy-steel bolting material suitable for use at the lower range of high temperature applications, reference should be made to Specification A 354A354.

Note 3—For grades of alloy-steel bolting material suitable for use in low temperature applications, reference should be made to Specification A 320/A 320MA320/A320M.

- 1.3 Nuts for use with this bolting material are covered in Section 14.
- 1.4 Supplementary Requirements S1 through <u>\$10\$S14</u> are provided for use when additional tests or inspection are desired. These shall apply only when specified in the purchase order.
- 1.5 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable *M* specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.
- 1.6 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

A153/A153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware

A194/A194M Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts for Bolts for High Pressure or High Temperature Service, or Both A320/A320M Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting for Low-Temperature Service

A354 Specification for Quenched and Tempered Alloy Steel Bolts, Studs, and Other Externally Threaded Fasteners

A788/A788M Specification for Steel Forgings, General Requirements

A962/A962M Specification for Common Requirements for Bolting Intended for Use at Any Temperature from Cryogenic to the Creep Range

B695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel

B696 Specification for Coatings of Cadmium Mechanically Deposited

B766 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Cadmium

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

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³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials
- E21 Test Methods for Elevated Temperature Tension Tests of Metallic Materials
- E112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size
- E139 Test Methods for Conducting Creep, Creep-Rupture, and Stress-Rupture Tests of Metallic Materials
- E 150 Recommended Practice for Conducting Creep and Creep-Rupture Tension Tests of Metallic Materials Under Conditions of Rapid Heating and Short Times⁴
- E 151 Recommended Practice for Tension Tests of Metallic Materials at Elevated Temperatures With Rapid Heating and Conventional or Rapid Strain Rates⁴
- E292 Test Methods for Conducting Time-for-Rupture Notch Tension Tests of Materials
- E328 Test Methods for Stress Relaxation for Materials and Structures
- E566 Practice for Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Sorting of Ferrous Metals
- E709 Guide for Magnetic Particle Testing
- E606 Practice for Strain-Controlled Fatigue Testing
- F1940 Test Method for Process Control Verification to Prevent Hydrogen Embrittlement in Plated or Coated Fasteners
- F1941 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings on Threaded Fasteners (Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN/UNR))
- 2.2 ANSI Standards: B1.1Screw Threads
 - B18.2.1 Square and Hex Bolts and Screws
 - B18.2.3.1M Metric Hex Cap Screws
 - B18.3 Hexagon Socket and Spline Socket Screws
 - B18.3.1M Metric Socket Head Cap Screws
 - 2.3 AIAG Standard:⁶
 - AIAG B-5 02.00 Primary Metals Identification Tag Application Standard

3. General Requirements and Ordering Information

- 3.1 The inquiry and orders shall include the following, as required, to describe the desired material adequately:
- 3.1.1 Heat-treated condition (that is, normalized and tempered, or quenched and tempered, for the ferritic materials, and carbide solution treated (Class 1), carbide solution treated after finishing (Class 1A), and carbide solution treated and strain-hardened (Classes 2, 2B and 2C), for the austenitic stainless steels; Classes 1B and 1C apply to the carbide solution-treated nitrogen-bearing stainless steels; Class 1D applies to material carbide solution treated by cooling rapidly from the rolling temperature),
 - 3.1.2 Description of items required (that is, bars, bolts, screws, or studs),
 - 3.1.3 Nuts, if required by purchaser, in accordance with 14.1,
 - 3.1.4 Supplementary requirements, if any, and
 - 3.1.5Special requirements, in accordance with 7.3, 7.5.1, 11.2,
 - 3.1.5 Special requirements, in accordance with 7.1.5.1, 7.2.6, 9.1, 14.1, and 15.1, and 16.1.
- 3.2 Coatings—Coatings are prohibited unless specified by the purchaser (See Supplementary Requirements S13 and S14). When coated fasteners are ordered the purchaser should take special care to ensure that Appendix X2 is thoroughly understood.

4. Common Requirements

4.1 Material and fasteners supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A 962/A 962MA962/A962M. These requirements include test methods, finish, thread dimensions, marking, certification, optional supplementary requirements, and others. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification A 962/A 962MA962/A962M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between this specification and Specification A 962/A 962MA962/A962M, this specification shall prevail.

5. Manufacture (Process)

- 5.1 The steel shall be produced by any of the following processes: open-hearth, basic-oxygen, electric-furnace, or vacuum-induction melting (VIM). The molten steel may be vacuum-treated prior to or during pouring of the ingot or strand casting.
 - 5.2 Quality—See Specification A 962/A 962MA962/A962M for requirements.

6. Discard

6.1 A sufficient discard shall be made to secure freedom from injurious piping and undue segregation.

7. Heat Treatment

7.1Ferritic steels shall be properly heat treated as best suits the high temperature characteristics of each grade. Immediately after rolling or forging, the bolting material shall be allowed to cool to a temperature below the cooling transformation range. The

⁴ Withdrawn.

⁵ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

⁶ Available from Automotive Industry Action Group (AIAG), 26200 Lahser Rd., Suite 200, Southfield, MI 48033, http://www.aiag.org.

materials which are to be furnished in the liquid-quenched condition shall then be uniformly reheated to the proper temperature to refine the grain (a group thus reheated being known as a quenching charge) and quenched in a liquid medium under substantially uniform conditions for each quenching charge. Use of water quenching is prohibited for any ferritic grade when heat treatment is part of the fastener manufacturing process. This prohibition does not apply to heat treated bar or to fasteners machined therefrom. The materials that are to be furnished in the normalized or air-quenched condition shall be reheated to the proper temperature to refine the grain and cooled uniformly in air to a temperature below the transformation temperature range. The material, whether liquid-quenched or normalized, shall then be uniformly reheated for tempering. The minimum tempering temperature shall be as specified in Table 2

7.1 Ferritic Steels

7.1.1 Ferritic steels shall be allowed to cool to a temperature below the cooling transformation range immediately after rolling or forging. Materials to be liquid quenched shall then be uniformly reheated to the proper temperature to refine the grain (a group thus reheated being known as a *quenching charge*), quenched in a liquid medium under substantially uniform conditions for each quenching charge, and tempered. Materials to be normalized and tempered or air-quenched and tempered shall be reheated to the proper temperature to refine the grain, cooled uniformly in air to a temperature below the transformation temperature range and tempered. The minimum tempering temperature shall be as specified in Tables 2 and and Table 33.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements (Composition, percent)^A

Type		Ferritic Steels									
Grade			B5				B6 and B6X				
Description			5% Chromium				12 %	Chromium			
UNS Designation						S41000 (410)					
			Range		Product Variation Over or Under ^B	1,	Rang	е	Product \ Over or \		
Carbon			0.10 min	en s	0.01 under	ras	0.08-	-0.15	0.01 ove	r	
Manganese, max			1.00		0.03 over		1.00		0.03 ove	r	
Phosphorus, max			0.040		0.005 over		0.040	1	0.005 ov	er	
Sulfur, max			0.030		0.005 over		0.030		0.005 ov	er	
Silicon			1.00 max	<	0.05 over		1.00	max	0.05 ove	r	
Chromium			4.0-6.0		0.10		11.5-	13.5	0.15		
Molybdenum			0.40-0.65				V .V.				
Type						Ferri	itic Stee	els			
Grade			B7, B7M A STM A 102 / A 102 M A 08 a			08a	B16				
Description			Chromium-Molybdenum ^C			0572	Chromium-Molybdenum-Vanadium				
nups://standards	ten ayca	talog/stano	Product Variation,			2-83/3-	Product Variation,			Variation	
			Range		Over or Under ^B		Range		Over or Under ^B		
Carbon	0.37-0.4		0.37-0.4				0.36-0.47		0.02		
Manganese	0.65-1		0.65-1.1				0.45-0.70		0.03		
Phosphorus, max	0.035		0.035	0.005 over			0.035		0.005 over		
Sulfur, max	0		0.040 0.		0.005 over		0.040		0.005 over		
Silicon			0.15-0.35		0.02		0.15-0.35		0.02		
Chromium	(0.75-1.20		0.05		0.80-	-1.15	0.05		
Molybdenum			0.15–0.25		0.02		0.50-0.65		0.03		
Vanadium							0.25-0.35		0.03		
Aluminum, max % ^E	Ξ					0.015					
Туре				Αι	ustenitic Steels, FCI	asses 1, 1A	, 1D, ar	nd 2			
Grade	B8, B8A		B8C, B8CA			B8M, E	B8M, B8MA, B8M2, B8M3			B8P, B8PA	
UNS Designation	S30400 (304)			S34700 (347)		S31600	S31600 (316)		S30500		
	Range	Product Varia Over or Unde		Range	Product Variation, Over or Under ^B	Range		Product Variation, Over or Under ^B	Range	Product Variation Over or Under ^B	
Carbon, max	0.08	0.01 over		0.08	0.01 over	0.08		0.01 over	0.12	0.01 over	
Manganese, max	2.00	0.04 over		2.00	0.04 over	2.00		0.04 over	2.00	0.04 over	
Phosphorus, max	0.045	0.010 over		0.045	0.010 over	0.045		0.010 over	0.045	0.010 over	
Sulfur, max	0.030	0.005 over		0.030	0.005 over	0.030		0.005 over	0.030	0.005 over	
Silicon, max	1.00	0.05 over		1.00	0.05 over	1.00		0.05 over	1.00	0.05 over	
Chromium	18.0-20.0	0.20		17.0-19.0	0.20	16.0-1	8.0 (0.20	17.0-19.0	0.20	
Nickel	8.0-11.0	0.15		9.0-12.0	0.15	10.0-1		0.15	11.0-13.0	0.15	
Molybdenum						2.00-3	.00 (0.10			
Columbium +				10 x carbon							
tantalum				content, min	;						

TABLE 1 Continued

		IABLE						
Туре		Auster	nitic Steels, F Classes 1A,	1B, 1D, and 2				
Grade	B8N, B8NA		B8MN, B8MNA		B8MLCuN, I	B8MLCuNA		
UNS Designation	S30451 (304N)		S31651 (316N)		S31254			
	Range	Product Variation, Over or Under ^B	Range	Product Variation Over or Under ^B		Product Variation, Over or Under ^B		
Carbon, max	0.08	0.01 over	0.08	0.01 over	0.020	0.005 over		
Manganese, max	2.00	0.04 over	2.00	0.04 over	1.00	0.03 over		
Phosphorus, max	0.045	0.010 over	0.045	0.010 over	0.030	0.005 over		
Sulfur, max Silicon, max	0.030 1.00	0.005 over 0.05 over	0.030 1.00	0.005 over 0.05 over	0.010 0.80	0.002 over 0.05 over		
Chromium	18.0–20.0	0.20	16.0–18.0	0.20	19.5–20.5	0.20		
Nickel	8.0–11.0	0.15	10.0–13.0	0.15	17.5–18.5	0.15		
Molybdenum			2.00-3.00	0.10	6.0-6.5	0.10		
Nitrogen	0.10-0.16	0.01	0.10-0.16	0.01	0.18-0.22	0.02		
Copper					0.50-1.00			
Туре				Austenitic St	eels ^F , Classes 1, 1A	, and 2		
Grade				B8T, B8TA				
UNS Designation				S32100 (321)			
				Range		Product Variation, Over or Under ^B		
Carbon, max				0.08		0.01 over		
Manganese, max			2.00		0.04 over			
Phosphorus, max			0.0			0.010 over		
,	Sulfur, max			0.030		0.005 over		
Silicon, max				1.00		0.05 over		
Chromium Nickel				17.0–19.0 9.0–12.0		0.20 0.15		
Titanium				5 x (C + N) r	0.05 under			
Nitrogen				0.10 max	IIII, 0.70 IIIAX	···		
Туре		(Https:/		tenitic Steels ^F , Clas	ses 1C and 1D			
Grade		B8R, B8RA	4.1		B8SA			
UNS Designation		S20910	ument l	S218	\			
OTTO Designation		020010	Product Varia			Product Variation,		
		Range	Over or Unde		ge	Over or Under ^B		
Carbon, max		0.06	0.01 over	0.10		0.01 over		
Manganese stand		0 4.0-6.0 dards/sis	t/e66e30.05-c353	-4aca-857.0=		1/as 0.06 a193-a193m-08a		
Phosphorus, max		0.045	0.005 over	0.06		0.005 over		
		0.030	0.005 over	0.03 3.5-		0.005 over		
Silicon		1.00 max 20.5–23.5	0.05 over 0.25		4.5 –18.0	0.15 0.20		
Chromium Nickel		11.5–13.5	0.25	8.0-		0.10		
Molybdenum		1.50–3.00	0.10					
Nitrogen		0.20-0.40	0.02		-0.18	0.01		
Columbium + tantalu	ım	0.10-0.30	0.05					
Vanadium		0.10-0.30	0.02					
Туре			Auste	enitic Steels ^F , Class	es 1, 1A and 1D			
Grade B8LN, B8LNA			B8MLN, B8ML			NA		
UNS Designation		S30453		S316	653			
		Range	Product Varia Over or Unde		ge	Product Variation, Over or Under ^B		
Carbon, max		0.030	0.005 over	0.03	0	0.005 over		
Manganese	Manganese 2.00		0.04 over			0.04 over		
Phosphorus, max 0.045		0.010 over 0.045			0.010 over			
Sulfur, max 0.030			0.005 over 0.030		0.005 over			
Silicon 1.00			0.05 over 1.00			0.05 over		
		18.0–20.0 8.0–11.0	0.20 0.15		–18.0 –13.0	0.20 0.15		
			11.15	1()()	- 1.5 U	V 15		
Molybdenum Nitrogen		0.10-0.16	0.13	2.00	-3.00 -0.16	0.10 0.01		

^A The intentional addition of Bi, Se, Te, and Pb is not permitted.

^B Product analysis—Individual determinations sometimes vary from the specified limits on ranges as shown in the tables. The several determinations of any individual element in a heat may not vary both above and below the specified range.

^C Typical steel compositions used for this grade include 4140, 4142, 4145, 4140H, 4142H, and 4145H.

^D For bar sizes over 3½ in. [90 mm], inclusive, the carbon content may be 0.50 %, max. For the B7M grade, a minimum carbon content of 0.28 % is permitted, provided

that the required tensile properties are met in the section sizes involved; the use of AISI 4130 or 4130H is allowed.

E Total of soluble and insoluble.

F Classes 1 and 1D are solution treated. Classes 1, 1B, and some 1C (B8R and B8S) products are made from solution treated material. Class 1A (B8A, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8TA, B8LNA, B8MLNA, B8NA, and B8MNA) and some Class 1C (B9RA and B8SA) products are solution treated in the finished condition. Class 2 products are solution treated and strain hardened.

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ASTM A193/A193M-08a

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TABLE 2 Mechanical Requirements — Inch Products

Grade	Diameter, in.	Minimum Tempering Temperature, °F	Tensile Strength, min, ksi	Yield Strength, min, 0.2 % offset, ksi	Elongation in 4D, min, %	Reduction of Area min, %	ı, max
		Ferritic Steel	S				
B5 4 to 6 % chromium B6	up to 4, incl	1100	100	80	16	50	
13 % chromium B6X	up to 4, incl	1100	110	85	15	50	
13 % chromium B7	up to 4, incl	1100	90	70	16	50	26 HRC
Chromium-molybdenum	2½ and under	1100	125	105	16	50	321 HB or 35 HRC
	over 2½ to 4	1100	115	95	16	50	321 HB or 35 HRC
	over 4 to 7	1100	100	75	18	50	321 HB or 35 HRC
B7M ^A Chromium-molybdenum	4 and under	1150	100	80	18	50	235 HB or 99 HRB
	over 4 to 7	1150	100	75	18	50	235 BHN or 99 HRB
B16 Chromium-molybdenum-vanadium	2½ and under	1200	125	105	18	50	321 HB or
	over 21/2 to 4	1200	110	95	17	45	35 HRC 321 HB or
	over 4 to 8	1200	100	85	16	45	35 HRC 321 HB or 35 HRC
Grade, Diameter, in.	Heat Treatment ^B		els	Strength, min, 0.2 % offset, ksi		duction Area, nin %	Hardness, max
Classes 1 and 1D; B8, B8M, B8P,	carbide solution treated	7 tuotomilo Gio	75	30	30	50 22	23 HB ^C or 96 HR
B8LN, B8MLN, all diameters Class 1: B8C, B8T, all diameters Class 1A: B8A, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8TA, B8LNA, B8MLNA, B8NA, B8MNA	carbide solution treated carbide solution treated in the finis condition		1975 M-08a 375 aca-8	00	30 See 30/astr	50 22	23 HB ^C or 96HR 92 HB or 90 HRI
B8MLCuNA, all diameters Classes 1B and 1D: B8N, B8MN, and	carbide solution treated		80	35	30	40 22	23 HB ^C or 96 HF
	carbide solution treated		100	55	35	55 2	71 HB or 28 HR
· ·	carbide solution treated in the finis condition	hed	100	55	35	55 2	71 HB or 28 HR
Classes 1C and 1D: B8S, all diameters	carbide solution treated		95	50	35	55 2	71 HB or 28 HR
Classes 1C: B8SA,	carbide solution treated in the finis	hed	95	50	35	55 2	71 HB or 28 HR
Class 2: B8, B8C, B8P, B8T, and B8N, ^D	carbide solution treated and strain hardened		125	100	12	35 3	21 HB or 35 HR
4 and under over ³ / ₄ to 1, incl			115	80	15	35 3	21 HB or 35 HR
over 1 to 11/4 , incl over 11/4 to 11/2 , incl			105 100	65 50	20 28	35 3	21 HB or 35 HR 21 HB or 35 HR 21 HB or 35 HR
Class 2: B8M, B8MN, B8MLCuN ^D			110	95	15		21 HB or 35 HR
34 and under over 34 to 1 incl	hardened		100	80	20	45 3	21 HB or 35 HR
Over 1 to 1 1/4, incl			95	65	25		21 HB or 35 HR