

Designation: D 5081 – 90 (Reapproved 1999)<sup>€1</sup>

# Standard Test Method for Aggregate Layer Hiding Power<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 5081; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\epsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

 $\epsilon^1$  Note—Editorially switched from English dominant to SI dominant.

## 1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method measures the quantity of aggregate needed to provide an opaque layer under laboratory conditions. Aggregate size Numbers 1 through 8, as listed in Classification D 448, may be tested.
- 1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- C 702 Practice for Reducing Field Samples of Aggregate to Testing Size<sup>2</sup>
- D 75 Practice for Sampling Aggregates<sup>3</sup>
- D 448 Classification for Sizes of Aggregate for Road and Bridge Construction<sup>3</sup>
- D 1079 Terminology Relating to Roofing, Waterproofing, and Bituminous Materials<sup>4</sup>

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms used in this test method, see Terminology D 1079.

## 4. Significance and Use

4.1 One of the functions of a roofing aggregate is to shield the roofing membrane from sunlight that may be destructive to the roofing membrane. This test method measures the quantity of gravel needed to exclude light under arbitrary laboratory

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-8 on Roofing, Waterproofing, and Bituminous Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D08.03 on Surfacing and Bituminous Materials for Membrane Waterproofing and Builtup Roofing.

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conditions. This test method need not be performed if the roofing membrane is not affected by light exposure.

## 5. Apparatus

- 5.1 Exposure Box,  $300\text{-mm}^2(12\text{-in.}^2) \pm 1 \%$  tray, 90 mm (3.6 in.) minimum deep with an opaque lid.
- 5.2 Light Source— 150-W floodlight with stand.
- 5.3 Counting Template—A clear plastic mask with 100-mm<sup>2</sup>(4-in.<sup>2</sup>) grid of lines 10 mm (0.4 in.) apart to result in 100 counting cells.
- 5.4 *Light Sensitive Paper*—Rapid printing opaque diazo papers for use in diazo blueline printing machines.
  - 5.5 Sample Splitter, riffle type.
- 5.6 Balance, 30-kg (66-lb) capacity, sensitive to  $3 \times 10^{-3}$  % of the capacity.
  - 5.7 Diazo Printing Machine.

### 6. Sampling

6.1 Follow the sampling recommendations of Practice D 75.

#### 7. Procedure

- 7.1 For Roofing Ballast—Fractionate the aggregate, dried to  $110^{\circ}\text{C}$  (230°F) to constant weight, using a sample splitter, until a 25-kg (55-lb) sample is obtained. Riffle out 2.3-kg (5.1-lb), 4.5-kg (9.9-lb), 6.8-kg (15.0-lb), and 9-kg (20.0-lb)  $\pm 1\,\%$  specimens in accordance with Practice C 702.
- 7.2 For Builtup Roofing Aggregate—Fractionate the dried aggregate sample, using the sample splitter, until a 6-kg (13.4-lb) sample is obtained. Riffle out 1.394-kg (3.073-lb), 1.858-kg (4.096-lb), and 2.323-kg (5.12-lb)  $\pm 1$  % specimens in accordance with Practice C 702. These specimens represent aggregate application rates of 15 kg/m<sup>2</sup>(3.1 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>).
- 7.3 Cut a sheet of light sensitive paper to cover the bottom of the exposure box. Place the paper in the box. Position the light source over the center of the box with 610 mm (24 in.) between the bottom of the bulb and the paper. Cover the paper uniformly with the test aggregate.
- 7.4 Turn the light source on for 10 min.
- 7.5 Remove the aggregate and develop the light sensitive paper in a "blue ray" or other appropriate printing machine.
- 7.6 Expose and record on light sensitive paper the light transmitted through the weighed aggregate specimens.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.02.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.03.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.04.